



2001 Fingertip Facts

January 1, 2001 through
December 31, 2001

Table of Contents

Who We Are	3
Mission Statement.....	4
Advisory Board	5
Board of Directors	5-6
Management	7
Number of Employees.....	7
Santee Cooper	
Regional Water System	8
Lake Information.....	8
Comparative Highlights	9
Santee Cooper Power:	
Where It Comes From	10-11
Generation and Purchases	12-13
Total Power Supply	12-13
Santee Cooper Power:	
Where It Goes	14
Energy Sales	14
Sales and System Peaks	15
Transmission and	
Distribution Statistics	15
System Map	16-17
Customers	18
GOFER	19
Glossary of Terms.....	20-29
Degree Day Data	22
Customer Service Locations	30
2002 Calendar	31

Front Cover: Santee Cooper became the first utility in South Carolina to provide Green Power to its customers. About 2 MW of electricity is generated using methane gas from a landfill.

Who We Are

Santee Cooper is the source of power for more than 1.6 million South Carolinians, providing direct service to almost 131,000 residential and commercial customers in Berkeley, Georgetown, and Horry counties. Santee Cooper is the primary source of power distributed by the state's 20 electric cooperatives to approximately 600,000 customers located in all of the state's 46 counties. Santee Cooper also supplies power to 32 large industrial facilities, the cities of Bamberg and Georgetown, and the Charleston Air Force Base.

Also, through the Santee Cooper Regional Water System, wholesale water is sold to the Lake Moultrie Water Agency. The agency then sells the water to four Lowcountry water systems which supply water to some 94,000 water users.

Santee Cooper is governed by a state-wide board of directors appointed by the governor and approved by the state Senate. There is a board member representing each congressional district and each of the three counties where Santee Cooper directly serves retail customers; one board member with previous electric cooperative experience; and a chairman appointed at large.

The mission
of Santee Cooper
is to be the state's
leading resource
for improving
the quality of life
for the people
of South Carolina.

To fulfill this mission,
Santee Cooper is committed to:

- being the lowest cost producer and distributor of reliable energy, water, and other essential services
- providing excellent customer service
- maintaining a quality work force through effective employee involvement and training
- operating according to the highest ethical standards
- protecting our environment
- being a leader in economic development

Advisory Board

James H. Hodges
Governor

James M. Miles
Secretary of State

Charles M. Condon
Attorney General

James A. Lander
Comptroller General

Grady L. Patterson Jr.
State Treasurer

Board of Directors

H. Donald McElveen
Chairman
Columbia, S.C.

J. Calhoun Land, IV
First Vice Chairman
Represents 6th Congressional District
Manning, S.C.

Julius Barnes
Second Vice Chairman
Represents Berkeley County
St. Stephen, S.C.

Patrick T. Allen

Represents the electric cooperatives
of South Carolina
Columbia, S.C.

Merl F. Code

Represents 4th Congressional District
Greenville, S.C.

Laura M. Fleming

Represents 5th Congressional District
Lancaster, S.C.

Frances B. Gilbert

Represents Horry County
Conway, S.C.

Willie E. Givens Jr.

Represents 1st Congressional District
Charleston, S.C.

John R. Jordan Jr.

Represents 2nd Congressional District
Columbia, S.C.

Joseph J. Turner Jr.

Represents 3rd Congressional District
Clemson, S.C.

J. Mike Wooten

Represents Georgetown County
Georgetown, S.C.

Management

John H. Tiencken Jr.	President and CEO*
Bill McCall	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer*
John S. West	Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer*

Senior Vice Presidents:

Terry L. Blackwell	Delivery
Lonnie N. Carter	Corporate Planning and Bulk Power*
Maxie C. Chaplin.....	Generation
Ben Cole	Community Development and Corporate Communications
Elaine G. Peterson	Administration and Finance*

Vice Presidents:

Zack W. Dusenbury	Marketing and Retail Services
Ronald H. Holmes	Human Resource Management
Byron C. Rodgers Jr.....	Engineering and Construction Services
R.M. Singletary	Fossil & Hydro Generation
Jerry L. Stafford	Corporate Communications
William R. Sutton.....	Planning and Power Supply

W. Glen Brown Jr.....	Corporate Secretary
Glenda W. Gillette	Controller
H. Roderick Murchison.....	Treasurer
Thomas L. Richardson	Auditor

*Member of executive management team.

Employees

Number of regular employees1,695
(as of January 1, 2002)

Santee Cooper Regional Water System

Date construction began: **February 1993**

Date construction completed: **September 1994**

Construction cost: **\$34.7 million**

Commercial operation began: **October 1, 1994**

Capacity of plant: **30 million gallons per day**

(Capacity has been demonstrated at 36 mgd. Additional pumping capacity will be added as needed to provide a firm capacity of 36 mgd.)

Miles of pipeline: **26 miles**

Size of elevated storage tank: **1 million gallons**

Size of ground storage: **5 million gallons**

Water supply: **Lake Moultrie**

Miles of intake pipeline in Lake Moultrie: **One-half mile**

Water sold to:

- City of Goose Creek
- Berkeley County Water & Sanitation Authority
- Moncks Corner Public Works Commission
- Summerville Commissioners of Public Works

Water users: **94,000**

Counties served: **Berkeley and Dorchester**

Lake Information

Lake Marion Lake Moultrie

Acres96,000.....60,000

Maximum elevation76.8 ft.75.5 ft.

Gallons of water in Lakes Marion
and Moultrie: **756 billion**

Length of dams and dikes: **41 miles**

Length of Tailrace Canal: **4 miles**

Length of Diversion Canal: **6.5 miles**

Pinopolis Lock: **75 ft. deep, 180 ft. long, 60 ft. wide**

Comparative Highlights

	2001	2000	Percent Increase
Power			
Generated (GWH)	21,060	21,653	(2.7)
Purchases, Net			
Interchange, Etc. (GWH)	1,445	170	750.0
Territorial Energy			
Requirements (GWH)	22,505	21,822	3.1
Territorial Peak			
Demand (MW)	4,803	3,876	23.9
Operating Revenue			
(thousands of dollars) \$	973,039	\$862,415	12.8

Sources of Income – 2001

Percent

Wholesale	50
Military and Large Industrial	26
Residential, Commercial, Small Industrial, and Other	21
Other Income	2
Other Electric Revenue	1
Water Sales	0
	100

Distribution of Income – 2001

Percent

Operating Expenses (except depreciation)*	63
Debt Service	25
Additions to Plant, Inventories, Etc	11
Taxes*	1
	100

*Does not include payments made from Special Reserve Fund

Santee Cooper Power

Generating Facilities	Location	Generating Capability	Fuel	Began Commercial Operation
Jefferies Hydro Units 1, 2, 3, 4, & 6	Moncks Corner	128 MW	Hydro	1942
Santee Spillway	Pineville	2 MW	Hydro	1950
Jefferies Station Units 1 and 2	Moncks Corner	92 MW	Oil	1954
Units 3 and 4	Moncks Corner	306 MW	Coal	1970
Grainger Station Units 1 and 2	Conway	170 MW	Coal	1966
Myrtle Beach Combustion Turbines Units 1 and 2	Myrtle Beach	20 MW	Oil	1962
Units 3 and 4	Myrtle Beach	40 MW	Oil	1972
Unit 5	Myrtle Beach	30 MW	Oil	1976
Hilton Head Combustion Turbines Unit 1	Hilton Head	20 MW	Oil	1973
Unit 2	Hilton Head	20 MW	Oil	1974
Unit 3	Hilton Head	57 MW	Oil	1976
Winyah Station Unit 1	Georgetown	295 MW	Coal	1975
Unit 2	Georgetown	295 MW	Coal	1977
Unit 3	Georgetown	295 MW	Coal	1980
Unit 4	Georgetown	270 MW	Coal	1981
V.C. Summer Nuclear Station*	Jenkinsville	318 MW	Nuclear	1983
Cross Station Unit 1	Cross	620 MW	Coal	1995
Unit 2	Cross	540 MW	Coal	1983
Horry County Landfill Gas Station	Conway	2 MW	Landfill methane gas	2001
Rainey Station Combined Cycle	Iva	500 MW	Natural gas	January 2002
Combustion Turbine 2a	Iva	150 MW	Natural gas	March 2002
Combustion Turbine 2b	Iva	150 MW	Natural gas	May 2002

*Santee Cooper's one-third ownership share.

Generation and Purchases

(Net Megawatt-hours in Thousands)

Year	Hydro Generation	Oil Generation	Coal Generation
2001	220	43	18,365
2000	301	73	19,133
1999	304	104	17,061
1998	571	84	15,849
1997	520	22	15,379
1996	522	14	14,488
1995	595	25	12,757
1994	527	13	12,520
1993	508	33	11,941
1992	556	7	10,836

Nuclear Generation	Combustion Turbine Generation	Purchases	Landfill Methane Gas
2,243	12	1,614	4
2,113	33	963	0
2,450	46	662	0
2,723	41	405	0
2,412	7	357	0
2,375	3	418	0
2,515	6	248	0
1,476	10	238	0
2,030	4	152	0
2,499	0	155	0

Total Power Supply

(Percentage)

	Hydro	Oil	Coal	Nuclear	Combustion Turbine	Purchases	Methane Gas
2001	0.98	0.19	81.62	9.97	0.05	7.17	0.02
2000	1.30	0.35	84.60	9.30	0.15	4.30	*
1999	1.48	0.51	82.70	11.88	0.22	3.21	*
1998	2.90	0.43	80.56	13.84	0.21	2.06	*
1997	2.78	0.12	82.25	12.90	0.04	1.91	*
1996	2.93	0.08	81.30	13.32	0.02	2.35	*
1995	3.68	0.15	79.01	15.58	0.04	1.54	*
1994	3.57	0.09	84.68	9.98	0.07	1.61	*
1993	3.46	0.22	81.41	13.84	0.03	1.04	*
1992	3.96	0.05	77.11	17.78	0.00	1.10	*

*Not Applicable

Santee Cooper Power

2001 Energy Sales

Customer Type	Gigawatt-hour Total	Number of Customers
Wholesale	11,709	6
Military and Large Industrial	7,601	33*
Residential, Commercial, Small Industrial, and Other	3,090	130,897
Total	22,400	130,933

* The number of facilities served by Santee Cooper under the Large Light & Power category has not decreased; however, one facility previously served under three service agreements is now served under one service agreement.

2001 Energy Sales (% Kilowatt-hours)



Sales & System Peak Loads

Year	Sales* (GWH)	System Peak (MW)
2001	22,400	4,803
2000	22,139	3,876
1999	20,281	3,729
1998	19,466	3,523
1997	18,437	3,336
1996	17,549	3,441
1995	16,022	3,102
1994	14,725	2,931
1993	14,430	2,655
1992	14,033	2,620

*Sales prior to 1994 are exclusive of sales to other utilities.

Transmission and Distribution

Miles of Transmission Lines	4,386
Miles of Distribution Lines	2,173
Transmission Substations	78
Central Electric Power System Delivery Points	317
Interconnections with Other Utilities	15
Municipal Customers	2

Customers

Wholesale Distribution

Cooperatives

- Aiken Electric Cooperative
- Berkeley Electric Cooperative
- Black River Electric Cooperative
- Blue Ridge Electric Cooperative
- Broad River Electric Cooperative
- Coastal Electric Cooperative
- Edisto Electric Cooperative
- Fairfield Electric Cooperative
- Horry Electric Cooperative
- Laurens Electric Cooperative
- Little River Electric Cooperative
- Lynches River Electric Cooperative
- Marlboro Electric Cooperative
- Mid-Carolina Electric Cooperative
- Newberry Electric Cooperative
- Palmetto Electric Cooperative
- Pee Dee Electric Cooperative
- Santee Electric Cooperative
- Tri-County Electric Cooperative
- York Electric Cooperative

Municipal Customers

- Bamberg
- Georgetown

Retail Customers Served Directly

Santee Cooper owns distribution facilities in two non-contiguous areas covering portions of Berkeley, Georgetown, and Horry counties. These service areas include 2,173 miles of distribution lines.

Large Industrial Customers

Santee Cooper directly serves the Charleston Air Force Base and 32 large industrial facilities.

Give Oil For Energy Recovery (GOFER)

	2001	2000	1999
No. of collection sites in S.C.	545	523	518
No. of gallons collected* 882,854	867,359	828,130	
No. of KWH conversion	9,461,370	9,295,346	8,874,934

*Do-it-yourself oil collections only.

Counties served: All 46 counties in South Carolina have GOFER collection sites.

County	Sites	County	Sites	County	Sites
Abbeville.....	11	Darlington	13	Lee	2
Aiken.....	16	Dillon	11	Lexington	14
Allendale.....	6	Dorchester	12	Marion	7
Anderson	17	Edgefield.....	9	Marlboro.....	10
Bamberg	6	Fairfield	9	McCormick.....	4
Barnwell	10	Florence	17	Newberry	12
Beaufort	11	Georgetown ..	15	Oconee.....	15
Berkeley	15	Greenwood	9	Orangeburg ..	24
Calhoun	10	Hampton	10	Pickens	12
Charleston	9	Horry	23	Richland	14
Cherokee	14	Jasper	6	Saluda.....	7
Chester	11	Kershaw	10	Spartanburg ..	20
Chesterfield.....	9	Lancaster	12	Sumter	13
Clarendon.....	16	Laurens	10	Union	7
Colleton	10			Williamsburg ..	21
				York	17

Glossary of Terms

Alternating Current (AC) - Electricity that flows alternately in one direction, then in the other at a specified frequency. That frequency standard in the U.S. is 60 cycles per second.

Ampere - The unit of measurement of electrical current flow. It is based upon the quantity of electrons flowing through a conductor past a given point in one second.

Bonds - An interest-bearing promise to pay a specified sum of money, the principal amount, due on a specific date.

BTU (British Thermal Unit) - The standard unit for measuring quantity of heat energy, such as the heat content of fuel. It is the amount of heat energy necessary to raise the temperature of one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit.

Capacity - The load for which a generating unit, generating station, or other electrical apparatus is rated.

Circuit - A conductor or a system of conductors through which an electric current flows.

Coal - America's most abundant fossil fuel resource. Of Santee Cooper's 2001 total power supply, 81.6 percent was provided by coal-fired generation.

Combustion Turbine - Basically, a jet-type turbine engine which burns gas or oil and propels a generator to produce electricity.

Co-ops (Electric Membership Cooperatives) - Originated in the 1930s as "cooperatives," co-ops are member-owned electric systems located originally in rural areas.

Cost of Service - Basis upon which rates for all customer classes are classified by Santee Cooper so that each customer group is charged for power according to what it costs to serve that group.

DOE - Department of Energy.

Degree Day - A degree day is a tool for comparing heating or cooling energy use to variations in weather. The concept of degree days assumes that at 65 degrees Fahrenheit a home will need neither heating nor cooling. It is also assumed, therefore, that when outside temperature rises above or falls below 65 degrees, energy will be needed to cool or heat the home.

For example, if on a particular day the average temperature is 80 degrees Fahrenheit, that day will have 15 cooling degree days. ($80-65 = 15$). Conversely, if the average temperature that day is 45 degrees Fahrenheit, it will have 20 heating degree days. ($65-45 = 20$). Degree days are also cumulative so that the number of heating and cooling degree days for one year is the sum of the degree days for each day of that year.

Because energy use is reasonably constant for a given number of degree days, degree days can be used to estimate a building's heating and cooling requirements. Therefore, comparing the number of degree days from one month to another may give an indication of the amount of energy a family will have to purchase to heat and cool its home.

The chart on the following page compares degree day information for 2000 and 2001. It gives you a good idea of how hot or cold it's been.

Degree Day Information Recorded In Santee Cooper Service Area

Month	Heating Degree Days		Cooling Degree Days	
	'01	'00	'01	'00
January	600	597	0	1
February	345	407	8	0
March	304	211	4	5
April	129	123	85	27
May	0	5	190	276
June	0	0	394	387
July	0	0	428	459
August	0	0	455	436
September	13	2	240	284
October	113	108	74	58
November	152	354	16	9
December	342	731	0	0
TOTAL	2,001	2,538	1,894	1,942

Demand - The rate at which electric energy is delivered expressed in kilowatts, megawatts, or other suitable units at a given instant.

Demand Charge - The specified charge to be billed on the basis of demand, under an applicable rate schedule or contract. Demand charges are designed to recover fixed costs of service.

Direct Current (DC) - Electricity that flows continuously in one direction.

Distribution - The process of delivering electricity from convenient points on the transmission or bulk power system to the consumers.

Economic Rule Curve - The elevation above mean sea level at which Santee Cooper seeks to maintain Lake Marion on a year-round basis. From the maximum of about 75.8 feet in June, the levels are lowered gradually to approximately 72.2 feet in January. This provides a "pocket" to accommodate the heavy inflows from the 15,000 square-mile watershed which occur every spring. This rule curve has been established as the ideal elevation for the most economical use of lake water.

EDIS - The Electric Distribution Information System is a computerized mapping system which identifies all resources which are part of Santee Cooper's distribution network.

Electric Heat Pump - A year-round air-conditioning and heating system which utilizes the refrigerant cycle to provide heating as well as cooling. During the cooling cycle, it operates as a conventional air-conditioning system to remove heat from the cooled area. During the heating season, it automatically reverses the cycle to extract heat from outdoor air and transfer it to the heated area.

Energy Management - The technology involving the analysis of energy use resulting in appropriate techniques and methods to ensure more efficient utilization of energy resources.

FERC - Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. This agency has regulatory authority over the safety of Santee Cooper's dams and dikes.

FIS - The Financial Information System is a computerized system designed to link resources used in Accounts Payable, Budgeting, Asset Accounting, General Ledger, Inventory, Project Accounting, and Purchasing.

Fission - The nuclear reaction whereby the nucleus of an appropriate type atom, after capturing a neutron, splits into two or more nuclei of lighter elements, with the resulting release of substantial amounts of energy.

Fossil Fuel - Fuels used in generation as coal, oil, and natural gases, which are also called conventional fuels.

Fuel Adjustment - An adjustment of the amount of the monthly power bill based upon variances in the cost of fuel used in generation from a specified base amount per unit.

Fusion - The nuclear reaction which occurs when two lighter nuclei combine to form a heavier nucleus with the resulting release of energy.

Gigawatt - One million kilowatts or one billion watts.

Good Cents Programs - Santee Cooper customer service programs designed to encourage the efficient use of energy. These include an energy-efficient home program, a low-interest loan program for residential customers adding conservation measures to their homes, and a heating and cooling equipment load calculation service. A Good Cents program is also available for commercial customers.

Hydro - A term used to identify a type of generating station in which turbine generators are driven by water power.

Interchange - Power delivered to or received by one electric utility system from another through an interconnection or "tie." Santee Cooper has ties with Carolina Power & Light, Duke, SEPA, and Southern Company.

Kilowatt (KW) - 1,000 watts.

Kilowatt-hour (KWH) - The basic unit of electric energy equal to one kilowatt (1,000 watts) of power flowing through an electric circuit steadily for one hour.

Load - The amount of electric power delivered or required at any specified point or points on a system.

Load Factor - The percentage ratio of the average load in kilowatts supplied during a designated period to the peak or maximum load in kilowatts occurring in that period.

Load Management Program - A program in which a utility seeks to control its customers' use of electricity or "loads" during peak periods so as to reduce the system's total demand at a time of maximum usage.

Lumen - A unit of light, roughly equivalent to the light of one candle.

Megawatt (MW) - One million watts or 1,000 kilowatts.

NRC (Nuclear Regulatory Commission) - The federal agency responsible for the licensing and safety of nuclear power plants.

Nuclear Energy - Energy produced in the form of heat during the fission process in a nuclear reactor. When released in sufficient and controlled quantity, this heat energy may be used to produce steam to drive a turbine generator to produce electricity.

O&M - Operation and Maintenance expenses.

Ohm - The unit of measurement of electrical resistance. It is that resistance through which a difference of potential, or electromotive force of one volt, will produce a current of one ampere.

On-Line - Refers to the starting operation time of a new generating facility or to anytime units are started up after being shut down; i.e. repairs, annual inspection.

Peak Demand - The maximum amount of electricity used by a utility customer at any time during the year. The peak is used to measure the amount of electric generating capacity that is required to meet that maximum demand.

Peaking - Generating capability normally designed for use during the maximum load period.

Pooling - An arrangement between utilities so that, in meeting their combined loads, the most economic and efficient use can be made of their combined power supplies.

Precipitator (Electrostatic Precipitator) - Device that removes fly ash from flue gases.

Reinvested Earnings - Net revenues available for reinvestment in the business.

Residential Rates - R6: Residential Standard (RS-96): This rate is Santee Cooper's standard rate for providing electric service to residential customers. R5: Residential Standard Plus (RE-96): This rate is for all electric customers whose normalized energy usage for the billing months occurring in July, August, and September is less than or equal to 140 percent of their normalized energy usage during the billing months of January, February, and March. Accounts are automatically reviewed in May and November. R2: Standard: This Rate is applicable to customers whose home meets the Good Cents New Home Program qualifications. R8: Residential Demand (RD-96): This rate is applicable to customers meeting the availability requirements of the RS-96 rate AND who are reasonably expected to have an annual load factor of less than 35 percent for any consecutive 12-month period. Customers having tankless water heaters or other resistance loads may be placed on this rate at Santee Cooper's discretion.

Resistance Value (R) - The ability of a material to resist the flow of heat. The higher the "R" value, the better the insulator.

Revenue Bond - A bond payable solely from net or gross non-tax revenues derived from the operation and charges paid by users of the system.

SEPA (Southeastern Power Administration) - The government marketing agency for numerous federally owned hydroelectric projects in the Southeast, under the Federal Flood Control Act of 1944. (Pronounced "SEE-pa.")

Service Area - Territory in which a utility system is required or has the right to supply electric service to customers.

SO2 Scrubber - A pollution-control device which removes sulfur dioxide from the stack gases emitted by coal-fired generating plants. Santee Cooper installed the first SO2 scrubbers in the Southeast at the Winyah Station in 1977.

Substation - An assemblage of equipment for the purpose of switching and/or changing or regulating the voltage of electricity.

TEFIS - The Transmission Electric Facilities Information System is a computerized mapping system which identifies all resources which are part of Santee Cooper's transmission network.

Time-of-Use Rate - This rate is offered to customers on a voluntary basis as a pilot program and is limited to the first 300 customers requesting service during the pilot program. Charges for this rate vary according to the time of day, day of the week, and season that energy is used in order to encourage a shift of electrical usage from on-peak to off-peak hours.

Transformer - An electromagnetic device that changes the voltage of alternating current electricity.

Transmission - The process of transporting electricity in bulk from a source of generation to a distribution system or large power consumers.

Volt - The unit of electrical pressure analogous to water pressure in pounds per square inch. It is the electromotive force which, if steadily applied to a circuit having a resistance of one ohm, will produce a current of one ampere.

Watt - The electrical unit of power or rate of doing work. It is the rate of energy transfer equivalent to one ampere flowing under a pressure of one volt.

Wheeling - The transmission of power over lines owned by one utility on behalf of another utility.

WMIS - The Work Management Information System is a computerized system designed to improve the efficiency of operations in Transmission, Distribution, and General Construction through automation.

Santee Cooper Locations

Santee Cooper Headquarters*

One Riverwood Drive
Moncks Corner (29461)
(843) 761-8000

Retail Operations

305A Gardner Lacy Road
Myrtle Beach (29579)
(843) 347-3399

Conway*

100 Elm Street
Conway, SC 29526
(843) 248-5755

Garden City/ Murrells Inlet*

900 Inlet Square Drive
Murrells Inlet, SC 29576
(843) 651-1598

Loris*

3701 Walnut Street
Loris, SC 29569
(843) 756-5541

Myrtle Beach*

1703 Oak Street
Myrtle Beach, SC 29577
(843) 448-2411

North Myrtle Beach*

1000 2nd Ave., North
N. Myrtle Beach, SC 29582
(843) 249-3505

Pawleys Island*

126 Tiller Road
Pawleys Island, SC 29585
(843) 237-9222

St. Stephen*

1172 Main St.
St. Stephen, SC 29479
(843) 567-3346

* Customer Service Office

2002

January							February							March						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
				1	2	3														
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	3	4	5	6	7	8	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	10	11	12	13	14	15	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	17	18	19	20	21	22	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
27	28	29	30	31			24	25	26	27	28		24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
April							May							June						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	5	6	7	8	9	10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	12	13	14	15	16	17	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	19	20	21	22	23	24	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
28	29	30					26	27	28	29	30	31	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
July							August							September						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4	5	6	7	8	9	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	11	12	13	14	15	16	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	18	19	20	21	22	23	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30	29	30						
October							November							December						
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	3	4	5	6	7	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	10	11	12	13	14	15	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	17	18	19	20	21	22	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
27	28	29	30	31			24	25	26	27	28	29	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	

Holidays

Pay Days

President's Day is a "floating" holiday
that can be observed anytime during the calendar year.



P.O. Box 2946101
Moncks Corner, SC 29461-6101

One Riverwood Drive
Moncks Corner, SC 29461-2901

(843) 761-8000
www.santecooper.com

For additional information,
call Corporate Communications
at (843) 761-4197.

