South Carolina's Total Annual Economic Benefits from Aviation

South Carolina also realizes additional tax benefits from aviation. When taxes on fuel, personal property, and income are considered, airports, airfields, aviation related activities and those employed by aviation contribute at least $73.6 million to the tax base of the state. Fuel taxes and property taxes alone account for an estimated $1.89 billion in annual tax receipts for the state and its counties. From a state perspective, it is projected that approximately 12 percent of the taxes being collected from aviation fuel and property taxes will be returned to the state’s aviation fund.

A first class airport system is essential to South Carolina. A strategic program to invest in, maintain, and grow commercial and general aviation airports is critical to South Carolina’s economic future.

Aviation Benefits Everyone

South Carolina is served by a diversified system of airports. The state’s 6 commercial service and 54 general aviation airports are essential underpinnings to South Carolina’s diversified business base, its growing population, and its burgeoning tourism industry. In addition, South Carolina is home to four busy military airports. Commercial aviation includes all scheduled airline flights, charter flights, and flights flown by air cargo companies. All other flights by civilian aircraft are classified as general aviation. Operations by military aircraft constitute the remainder of the state’s annual aviation activity.

The state’s 6 commercial service and 54 general aviation airports is critical to South Carolina’s economy and aviation. The state’s system of airports is essential to its economic health and future. Airports support the state’s economy and are also economic generators. Residents, businesses, and visitors rely on the airport system to support health, welfare, and safety needs. South Carolina’s military airfields are also important to our national security.

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A methodology approved by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) was used to calculate the economic impacts associated with South Carolina’s civilian airport system and its four military airfields. Airport related economic impacts were identified for three categories: direct, indirect, and multiplier.

Direct impacts are those associated with on-airport employers, business, and tenants. Direct impacts occur as a result of the provision of aviation services. Indirect impacts are those tied to spending by visitors who arrive in South Carolina through one of the public commercial or general aviation airports. As direct and indirect impacts are released into the local, regional, and statewide economies, additional multiplier impacts are created. The economic impacts created by the multiplier effect re-circulate until the benefits ultimately leak outside South Carolina. Multipliers that are specific to South Carolina were identified for three categories: direct, indirect, and multiplier.

South Carolina Downtown Memorial Airport was one of the first airports established in South Carolina and the first to be established in the Piedmont area. Today, the general aviation airport is owned and operated by the City of Spartanburg. The Upstate airport is conveniently located three miles from the city center, between Interstate 26 and US221 on Southpoint Road (SC295). Spartanburg Downtown Memorial Airport has one asphalt runway, Runway 5/23, measuring 5,202 feet long by 100 feet wide.

The airport generates $6.2 million in direct output, of which $2.1 million is paid to approximately 47 direct full-time jobs. Additionally, 42,500 general aviation visitors arrive at the airport each year, generating another $2.7 million in indirect aviation-related output. Including the multiplier effect, the airport tenants and visitors at Spartanburg Downtown Memorial generate $15.4 million in total economic output, of which $5.2 million in payroll is paid to 190 full-time equivalent jobs.

Regular airport activities include a law enforcement flight department, a Civil Air Patrol Squadron, medical transportation, aerial photography/surveying, traffic/news/airport reporting, flight training, aircraft maintenance, and recreational flying, and various services related to the health, welfare, and safety of the community. The airport is frequently used to support local and regional business-related activities, as it is home to an increasing number of corporate flight departments.

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Payroll/Earnings
Aviation in South Carolina supports an estimated 65,533 jobs. All of these jobs have annual salaries that contribute to the payroll/earnings benefits. It is estimated that on an annual basis, public commercial service and general aviation airports and the four military airfields are responsible for $1.9 billion in payroll/earnings benefits.

Annual Economic Activity/Output
Airports, the military airfields and related aviation activities all require the purchase of goods and services. Expenditures in this category are in addition to those identified in the earnings or payroll category. These impacts are expressed as total annual economic activity or output. For South Carolina, this annual benefit is estimated at $4.3 billion.