ScaVenger Hunt Grades 3-5

Directions: As you tour the Berkeley Museum try to answer these questions.

Lobby
1. Dirt, natural oils, and acids on your hands will damage artifacts in a museum. What can you do to help preserve these objects for future generations?

_________________________________________

2. The Lords Proprietors were the owners of the Carolina Colony, which included both North and South Carolina. King Charles II granted them land as a reward for their loyalty and support. How many Lords Proprietors were granted land? Clue: Count their signatures or flags on the walls.

_________________________________________

3. Whose portrait hangs in the lobby? Circle one:
   George Washington       Abraham Lincoln       Francis Marion

First Americans Exhibit
4. Name the two types of nuts that the Nutting stone was used to crack.

_________________________________________

5. Which of the following materials were used to make projectile points? Circle the correct answers:

   bone    shell    cardboard    woodpecker beaks    glass    turkey leg spurs
   stone    plastic    rubber    Garfish scales    antler    native copper
   paper

Early European Contact
6. Early colonists traded with the local Indians. Name 2 things the colonists traded to the Indians.

_________________________________________

7. Name 2 things the Indians traded to the colonists.

_________________________________________

8. Using the map, name 2 Indian tribes that lived in this area.

_________________________________________
Colonial Life Exhibit
9. In 1740, Eliza Lucas experimented with this plant on her father's plantations.

Revolutionary War Exhibit
10. Lake Moultrie is named after the American Brigadier General who defeated the British on Sullivan's Island. Who is he?

11. Name 2 things a soldier would carry in his haversack.

12. What was the nickname Brigadier General Francis Marion earned by "out-foxing" the British by hiding his troops in Lowcountry swamps and raiding enemy supply lines during the American Revolution?

Plantation Life Exhibit
13. In the 1800's porches were often used as work areas. Name 2 things found on the porch.

14. Name the machine Eli Whitney invented in 1793 that made cotton a cash crop for the Lowcountry planters.

15. Name the type of souvenirs Mr. Porcher brought back from Paris.

Slavery
16. Whose name is inscribed on the cypress wood grave marker from Hyde Park Plantation? Circle the correct answer.

Emily  Lucy  Susan  Lucia  Mary  Lucille

Civil War Exhibit
17. How many flags are displayed in this exhibit? ________

Early Medicine Exhibit
18. Name 2 of the early 20th century surgical instruments.
Maude Callen Exhibit
19. What was Maude Callen's profession/job? ________________________________

Santee Cooper Exhibit
20. Light up Moncks Corner, Pinopolis Dam, and Old Santee Canal on the map.

21. Listen to the telephone message. What is the good news?
_____________________________________

22. In the 1930's, there was virtually no electricity in rural areas of the state. In 1934, the South Carolina Public Service Authority was given the power to produce, distribute, and sell what type of power?
_____________________________________

Francis Marion National Forest Exhibit
23. In the early 1900's, many timber companies set up large logging camps in Berkeley County. Name some of the necessary buildings shown in this diorama.
____________________   _______________________   ___________________

24. In 1936, what president directed the Forest Service to purchase land that previous logging had left littered with tree limbs and debris? This land was used to create the Francis Marion National Forest. ___________________________

25. Rail and water transported logs. How many railroad cars filled with logs is the moving train pulling? ________

Bonus Question
1. The first Confederate semi-submersible torpedo boat was constructed here at Stony Landing Plantation in 1863. What was it named? ________________________________
SCAVENGER HUNT ANSWERS

Grades 3-5

Lobby
1. Do not touch them.
2. 8
3. Francis Marion

First Americans Exhibit
4. Hickory nuts and walnuts
5. bone, shell, woodpecker beaks, glass beads, turkey leg spurs, stone, Garfish scales, antler, native copper

Early European contact
6. bone, shell, woodpecker beaks, Garfish scales, stone, antler, Turkey leg spurs, native copper
7. blankets, woolen fabric, needles, scissors, glass beads, firearms, hoes, and clothing, deerskins, corn, pottery, baskets, and Indian slaves
8. Yemasee, Edisto, Stono, Kiawah, Cusabo, Sampit, Seewee, Coosaw, Wando, Eutaw, Chicora

Colonial Life Exhibit
9. Indigo

Revolutionary War Exhibit
10. William Moultrie
11. folding pocket knife, horn spoon, tin cup, wooden trencher bowl, tobacco tin and pipe, flint and steel kit, eyeglasses, Billy tin cup, lantern
12. Swamp Fox

Plantation Life Exhibit
13. butter churn, basket, hoe, rake, yoke, beaver trap, mortar and pestle
14. cotton gin
15. Italian plaster medallions

Slavery Exhibit
16. Lucia

Civil War Exhibit
17. 5

Early Medicine Exhibit
18. retractors, suture needles, towel clamps, large tubex syringe, medicine cup, bone screwdriver, cranial burr tool, curettes

Maude Cullen Exhibit
19. nurse/mid-wife

Santee Cooper Exhibit
20. The switch has been thrown and the first Santee Cooper power has been sent to Charleston
21. Electric Power

Francis Marion national Forest Exhibit
22. mess hail, blacksmith shop, doctor's office, and bunk houses
23. Roosevelt
24. 5

Bonus Question: C.S.S. David (was also known as the "Little David")