

CRIME
IN
SOUTH
CAROLINA
2008

Compiled and presented as a collaborative project between the State Law Enforcement Division and the South Carolina Department of Public Safety.

INTRODUCTION

The 2008 edition of *Crime in South Carolina* contains general information about crime trends, provides crime data at the county level for the most recent year available, compares national and state crime trends and provides descriptive information about crime. The intent of this publication is to provide statistical information about crime in the state in a simple and straightforward manner so that it can better inform policymakers, criminal justice practitioners and academicians as well as the general public.

The information presented in the tables, graphs and charts in this publication indicate volume, fluctuation and distribution of crime in South Carolina on the basis of incident reports submitted to the State Law Enforcement Division by state and local law enforcement agencies. These reports are edited and reviewed, corrected as needed and compiled to form the basis of the information presented in this report. It is important to note that the information in this report is only as complete as the information submitted to SLED. By their very nature, unreported crimes cannot be included. Additionally, edits, updates and corrections are made over a two-year period in order to provide agencies with the maximum window of opportunity to report as fully and accurately as possible. As a result, totals from a specific year can subsequently vary from previously published totals for that same year. Any data published here concerning figures for prior years supersede those published in previous reports. The sum of categories for some tables, charts or graphs may not total 100% due to rounding.

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to the sheriffs, chiefs of police, state and local law enforcement officers as well as the administrative staff whose hard work in gathering and submitting crime and arrest data to the South Carolina Uniform Crime Reporting Program made publication of this report possible. The report itself is the product of a collaborative relationship between the State Law Enforcement Division, Uniform Crime Reporting Program and the South Carolina Department of Public Safety, Office of Justice Programs Statistical Analysis Center.

DEDICATION

This report is dedicated to all law enforcement officers, and in particular to those who died in the line of duty serving the citizens of South Carolina.

The following officers died in the line of duty during 2008:

L/CPL James D. Haynes, South Carolina Highway Patrol, February 1, 2008.

Corporal William Howell II, Orangeburg County Sheriff Office, May 3, 2008.

Deputy Dennis C. Compton, Colleton County Sheriffs Office, August 6, 2008.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEX OFFENSES	3
Violent Crime.....	4
Murder.....	10
Rape	18
Robbery.....	26
Aggravated Assault.....	34
Property Crime.....	42
Breaking or Entering.....	48
Larceny	54
Motor Vehicle Theft	60
ARRESTS	68
Violent Crime.....	69
Property Crime.....	71
Simple Assault.....	75
Weapons.....	77
Drugs.....	79
Driving Under the Influence	81
Liquor Laws	83
Drunkenness.....	85
JUVENILE ARRESTS.....	89
Violent Crime.....	90
Murder.....	94
Rape	96
Robbery.....	98
Aggravated Assault.....	100
Property Crime.....	102
Breaking or Entering.....	106
Larceny	108
Motor Vehicle Theft	110

INDEX OFFENSES

There are seven Index I offenses: murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, breaking or entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft. These are typically categorized as violent (murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault) and property (breaking or entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft) and provide basic measures of crime. Throughout this report, crimes are usually presented either as the number of reported offenses, or as the rate of offenses per 10,000 unit of population. Because it takes into account population, the offense rate usually provides the most useful basis of comparison over time or among jurisdictions or other geographical groups. The formula for calculating an offense rate is as follows:

$$\text{Offense Rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Crimes} \times 10,000}{\text{Population}}$$

State and county population estimates used to calculate offense rates were provided by the South Carolina Budget and Control Board, Office of Research and Statistics.

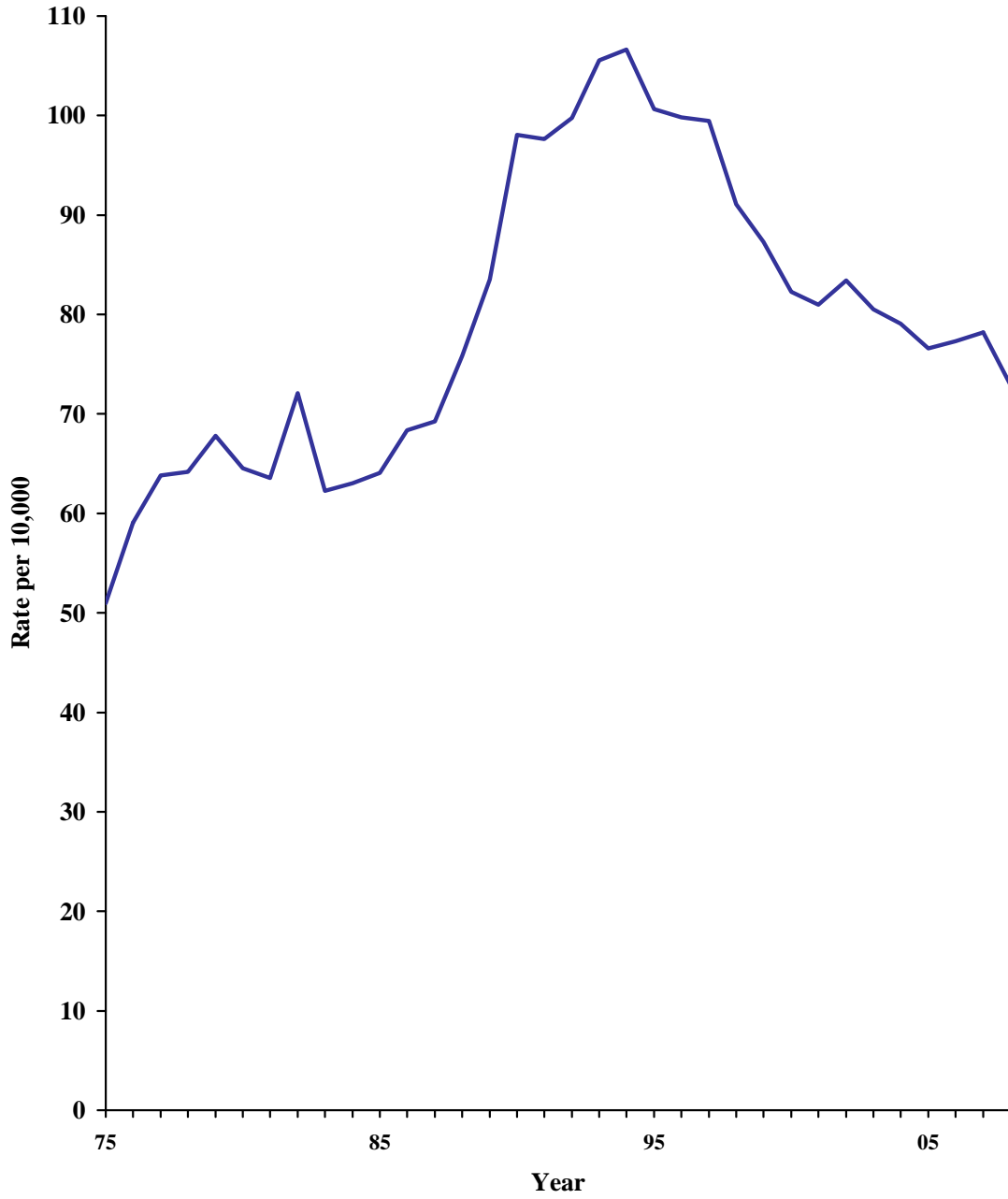
South Carolina's violent crime rate decreased 6.7% from 2007 to 2008. Since 1975 the violent crime rate has increased 42.9%.

VIOLENT CRIME: Violent crime consists of murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault, and involves the element of personal confrontation between the victim and offender.

VIOLENT CRIME

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	34,461	78.18
2008	32,669	72.93
% Change	-5.2%	-6.7%
10 Year		
1999	33,919	87.29
2008	32,669	72.93
% Change	-3.7%	-16.5%
20 Year		
1989	28,758	83.50
2008	32,669	72.93
% Change	+13.6%	-12.7%
Overall		
1975	14,372	51.00
2008	32,669	72.93
% Change	+127.3%	+43.0%

South Carolina Violent Crime Rate

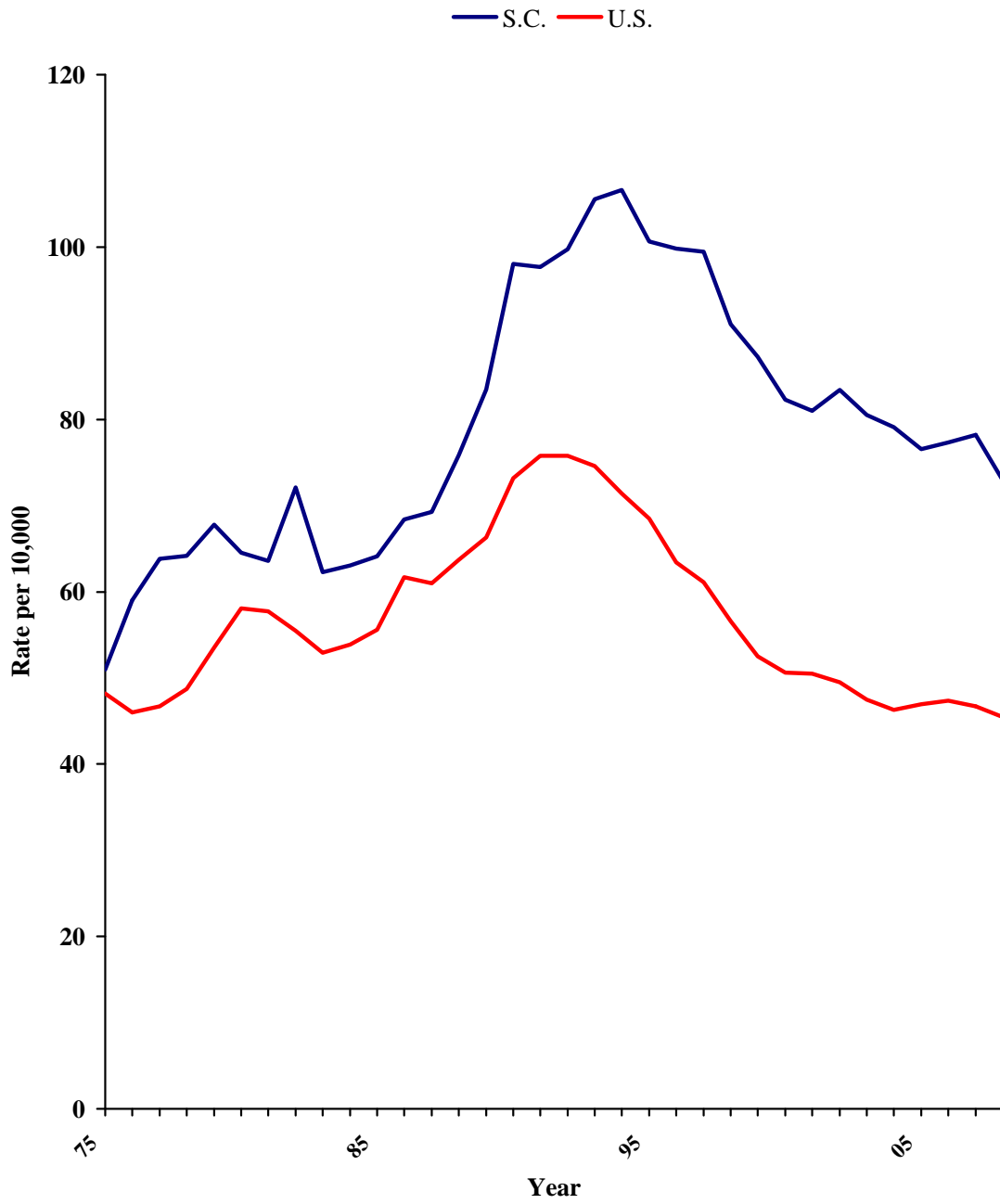


South Carolina's violent crime rate has exceeded the national rate since 1975.

STATE & U.S. VIOLENT CRIME RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	51.0	48.2
1976	59.0	46.0
1977	63.8	46.7
1978	64.2	48.7
1979	67.8	53.5
1980	64.5	58.1
1981	63.6	57.7
1982	72.1	55.5
1983	62.3	52.9
1984	63.1	53.9
1985	64.1	55.6
1986	68.3	61.7
1987	69.3	61.0
1988	75.8	63.7
1989	83.5	66.3
1990	98.0	73.2
1991	97.7	75.8
1992	99.7	75.8
1993	105.6	74.6
1994	106.6	71.4
1995	100.7	68.5
1996	99.8	63.4
1997	99.4	61.1
1998	91.1	56.6
1999	87.3	52.5
2000	82.3	50.6
2001	81.0	50.5
2002	83.4	49.5
2003	80.5	47.5
2004	79.1	46.3
2005	76.6	46.9
2006	76.9	47.4
2007	78.2	46.7
2008	72.9	45.5

State and National Violent Crime Rates



**VIOLENT CRIME BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	162	63.8	Greenwood	619	90.3
Aiken	700	45.4	Hampton	164	77.8
Allendale	73	69.9	Horry	2,173	84.4
Anderson	1,199	65.6	Jasper	209	93.6
Bamberg	107	69.9	Kershaw	302	51.3
Barnwell	213	93.1	Lancaster	494	65.1
Beaufort	965	64.2	Laurens	580	83.2
Berkeley	853	50.4	Lee	133	66.9
Calhoun	72	49.4	Lexington	1,090	43.9
Charleston	3,166	91.0	McCormick	81	80.3
Cherokee	263	48.4	Marion	325	96.0
Chester	367	112.5	Marlboro	369	128.6
Chesterfield	246	57.4	Newberry	132	34.9
Clarendon	284	85.7	Oconee	393	55.1
Colleton	428	109.7	Orangeburg	635	70.3
Darlington	727	108.5	Pickens	414	35.4
Dillon	526	171.3	Richland	3,606	99.1
Dorchester	608	47.8	Saluda	107	57.4
Edgefield	68	26.6	Spartanburg	1,829	65.1
Fairfield	266	113.5	Sumter	752	72.2
Florence	1,269	95.6	Union	230	83.1
Georgetown	490	80.7	Williamsburg	213	60.7
Greenville	3,166	72.3	York	1,601	73.6

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 VIOLENT CRIME RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Dillon	526	171.3
Marlboro	369	128.6
Fairfield	266	113.5
Chester	367	112.5
Colleton	428	109.7
Darlington	727	108.5
Richland	3,606	99.1
Marion	325	96.0
Florence	1,269	95.6
Jasper	209	93.6
Barnwell	213	93.1
Charleston	3,166	91.0
Greenwood	619	90.3
Clarendon	284	85.7
Horry	2,173	84.4
Laurens	580	83.2
Union	230	83.1
Georgetown	490	80.7
McCormick	81	80.3
Hampton	164	77.8
York	1,601	73.6
Greenville	3,166	72.3
Sumter	752	72.2
Orangeburg	635	70.3
Bamberg	107	69.9
Allendale	73	69.9
Lee	133	66.9
Anderson	1,199	65.6
Spartanburg	1,829	65.1
Lancaster	494	65.1
Beaufort	965	64.2
Abbeville	162	63.8
Williamsburg	213	60.7
Chesterfield	246	57.4
Saluda	107	57.4
Oconee	393	55.1
Kershaw	302	51.3
Berkeley	853	50.4
Calhoun	72	49.4
Cherokee	263	48.4
Dorchester	608	47.8
Aiken	700	45.4
Lexington	1,090	43.9
Pickens	414	35.4
Newberry	132	34.9
Edgefield	68	26.6

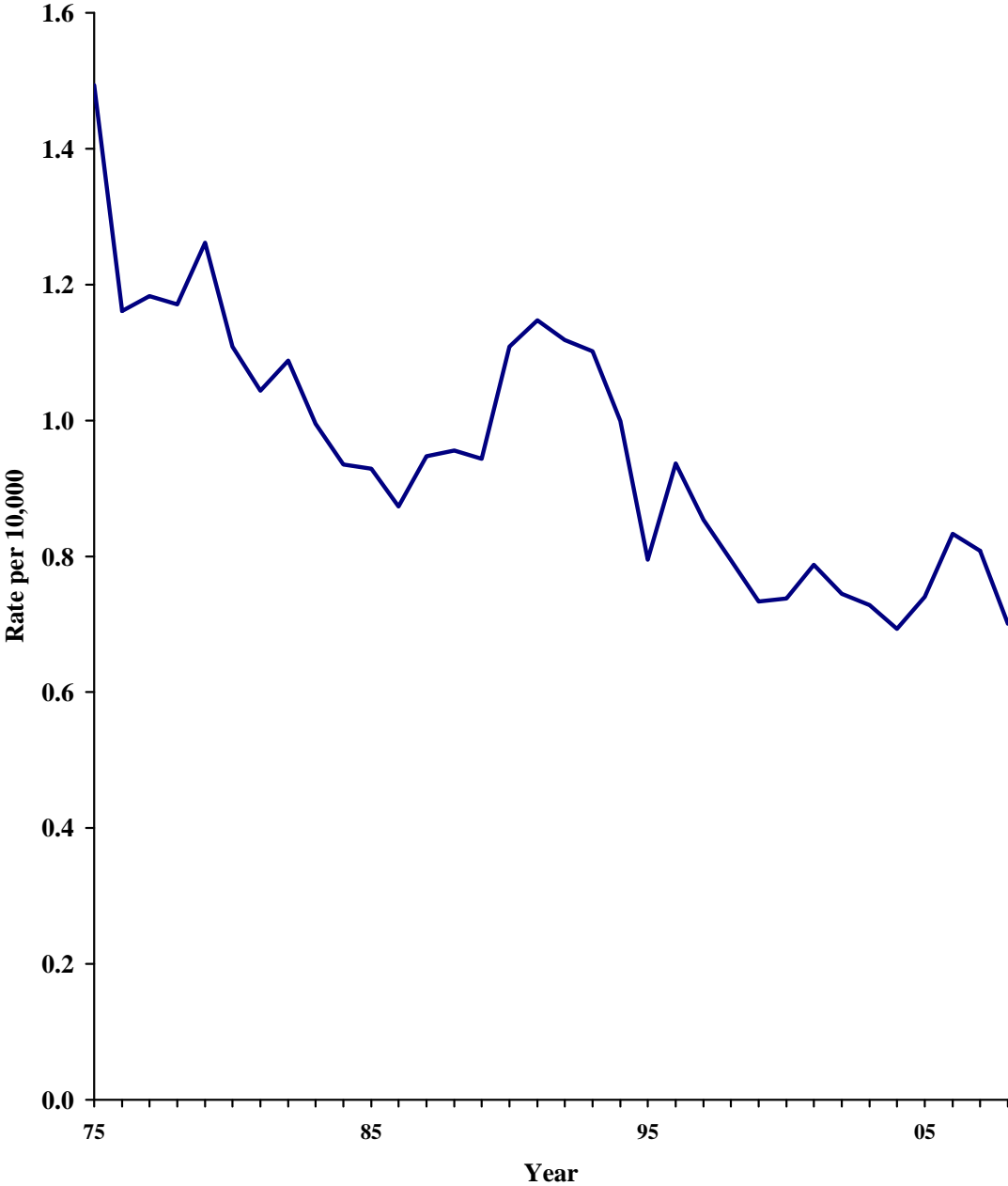
South Carolina's murder rate decreased 13.6% from 2007 to 2008. The state murder rate decreased 53% from 1975 through 2008.

MURDER: Murder is the willful killing of one person by another. The classification of this offense is based on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body. Deaths caused by negligence, suicide, accident or justifiable homicides are not included.

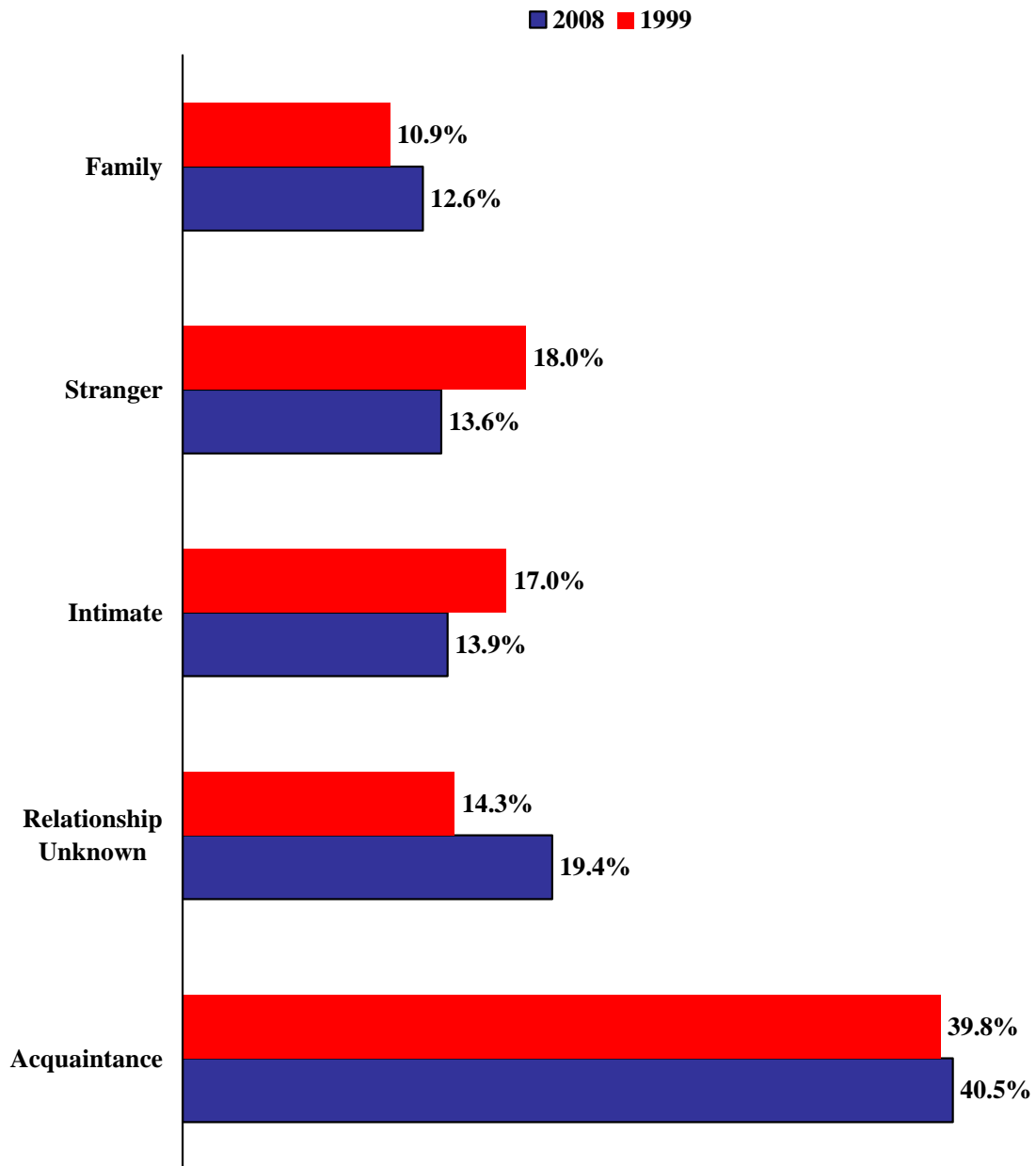
MURDER

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	356	0.81
2008	314	0.70
% Change	-11.8%	-13.6%
10 Year		
1999	285	0.73
2008	314	0.70
% Change	+10.2%	-4.1%
20 Year		
1989	325	0.94
2008	314	0.70
% Change	-3.4%	-25.5%
Overall		
1975	421	1.49
2008	314	0.70
% Change	-25.4%	-53.0%

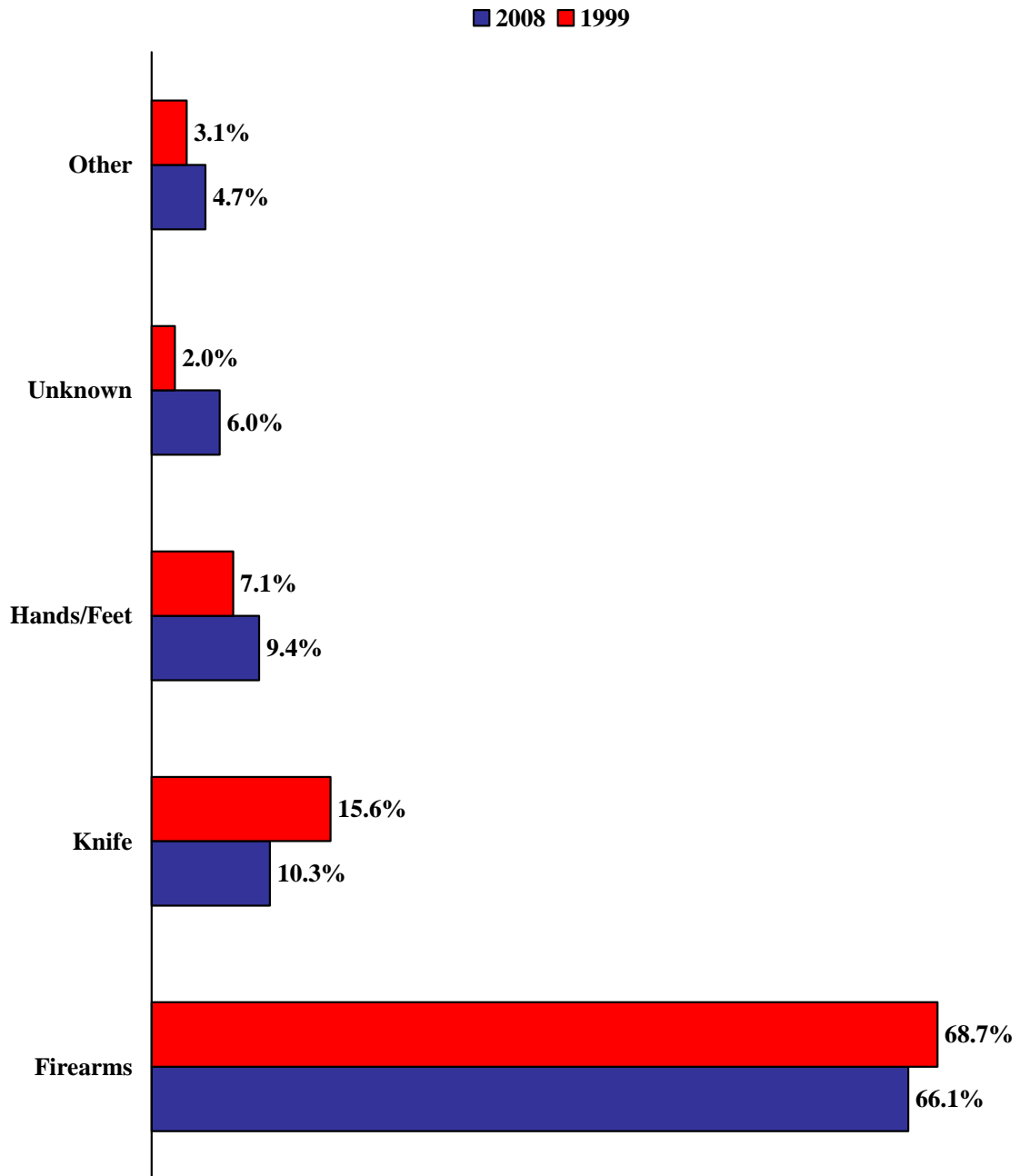
South Carolina Murder Rate



Relationship of Murder Victims to Offenders in South Carolina



South Carolina Murder Weapons

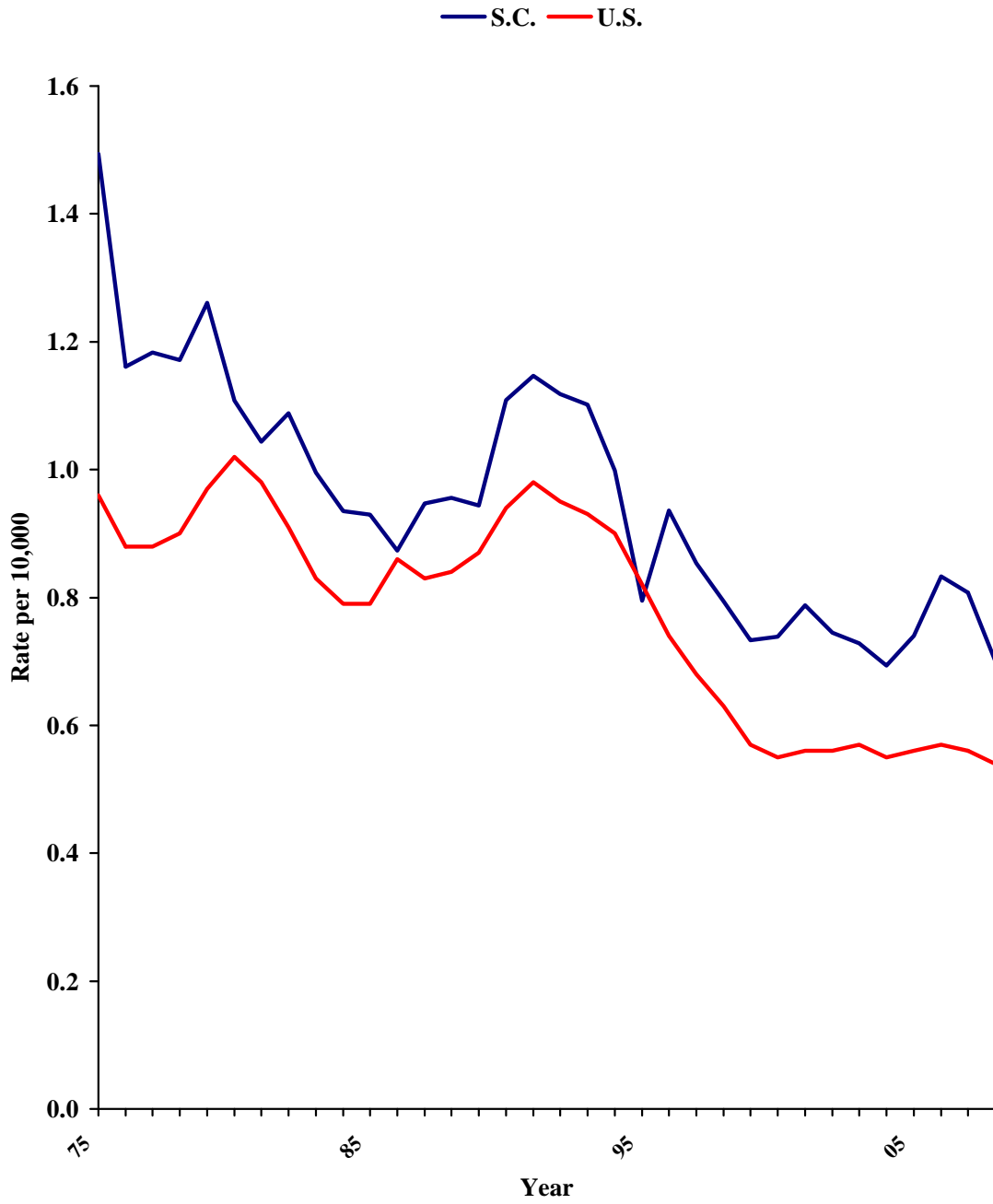


South Carolina's murder rate has exceeded the national murder rate every year except 1995.

STATE & U.S. MURDER RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	1.49	0.96
1976	1.16	0.88
1977	1.18	0.88
1978	1.17	0.90
1979	1.26	0.97
1980	1.11	1.02
1981	1.04	0.98
1982	1.09	0.91
1983	1.00	0.83
1984	0.94	0.79
1985	0.93	0.79
1986	0.87	0.86
1987	0.95	0.83
1988	0.96	0.84
1989	0.94	0.87
1990	1.11	0.94
1991	1.15	0.98
1992	1.12	0.95
1993	1.10	0.93
1994	1.00	0.90
1995	0.79	0.82
1996	0.94	0.74
1997	0.85	0.68
1998	0.79	0.63
1999	0.73	0.57
2000	0.74	0.55
2001	0.79	0.56
2002	0.75	0.56
2003	0.73	0.57
2004	0.69	0.55
2005	0.74	0.56
2006	0.83	0.57
2007	0.81	0.56
2008	0.70	0.54

State and National Murder Rates



**MURDER BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	1	0.39	Greenwood	2	0.29
Aiken	9	0.58	Hampton	3	1.42
Allendale	0	0.00	Horry	18	0.70
Anderson	17	0.93	Jasper	7	3.13
Bamberg	2	1.31	Kershaw	2	0.34
Barnwell	0	0.00	Lancaster	5	0.66
Beaufort	6	0.40	Laurens	2	0.29
Berkeley	8	0.47	Lee	3	1.51
Calhoun	0	0.00	Lexington	9	0.36
Charleston	34	0.98	McCormick	1	0.99
Cherokee	4	0.74	Marion	3	0.89
Chester	4	1.23	Marlboro	7	2.44
Chesterfield	0	0.00	Newberry	0	0.00
Clarendon	1	0.30	Oconee	3	0.42
Colleton	4	1.03	Orangeburg	9	1.00
Darlington	8	1.19	Pickens	0	0.00
Dillon	2	0.65	Richland	27	0.74
Dorchester	6	0.47	Saluda	0	0.00
Edgefield	1	0.39	Spartanburg	19	0.68
Fairfield	3	1.28	Sumter	15	1.44
Florence	13	0.98	Union	4	1.45
Georgetown	5	0.82	Williamsburg	5	1.42
Greenville	31	0.71	York	11	0.51

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 MURDER RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Jasper	7	3.13
Marlboro	7	2.44
Lee	3	1.51
Union	4	1.45
Sumter	15	1.44
Hampton	3	1.42
Williamsburg	5	1.42
Bamberg	2	1.31
Fairfield	3	1.28
Chester	4	1.23
Darlington	8	1.19
Colleton	4	1.03
Orangeburg	9	1.00
McCormick	1	0.99
Charleston	34	0.98
Florence	13	0.98
Anderson	17	0.93
Marion	3	0.89
Georgetown	5	0.82
Cherokee	4	0.74
Richland	27	0.74
Greenville	31	0.71
Horry	18	0.70
Spartanburg	19	0.68
Lancaster	5	0.66
Dillon	2	0.65
Aiken	9	0.58
York	11	0.51
Berkeley	8	0.47
Dorchester	6	0.47
Oconee	3	0.42
Beaufort	6	0.40
Abbeville	1	0.39
Edgefield	1	0.39
Lexington	9	0.36
Kershaw	2	0.34
Clarendon	1	0.30
Greenwood	2	0.29
Laurens	2	0.29
Allendale	0	0.00
Barnwell	0	0.00
Calhoun	0	0.00
Chesterfield	0	0.00
Newberry	0	0.00
Pickens	0	0.00
Saluda	0	0.00

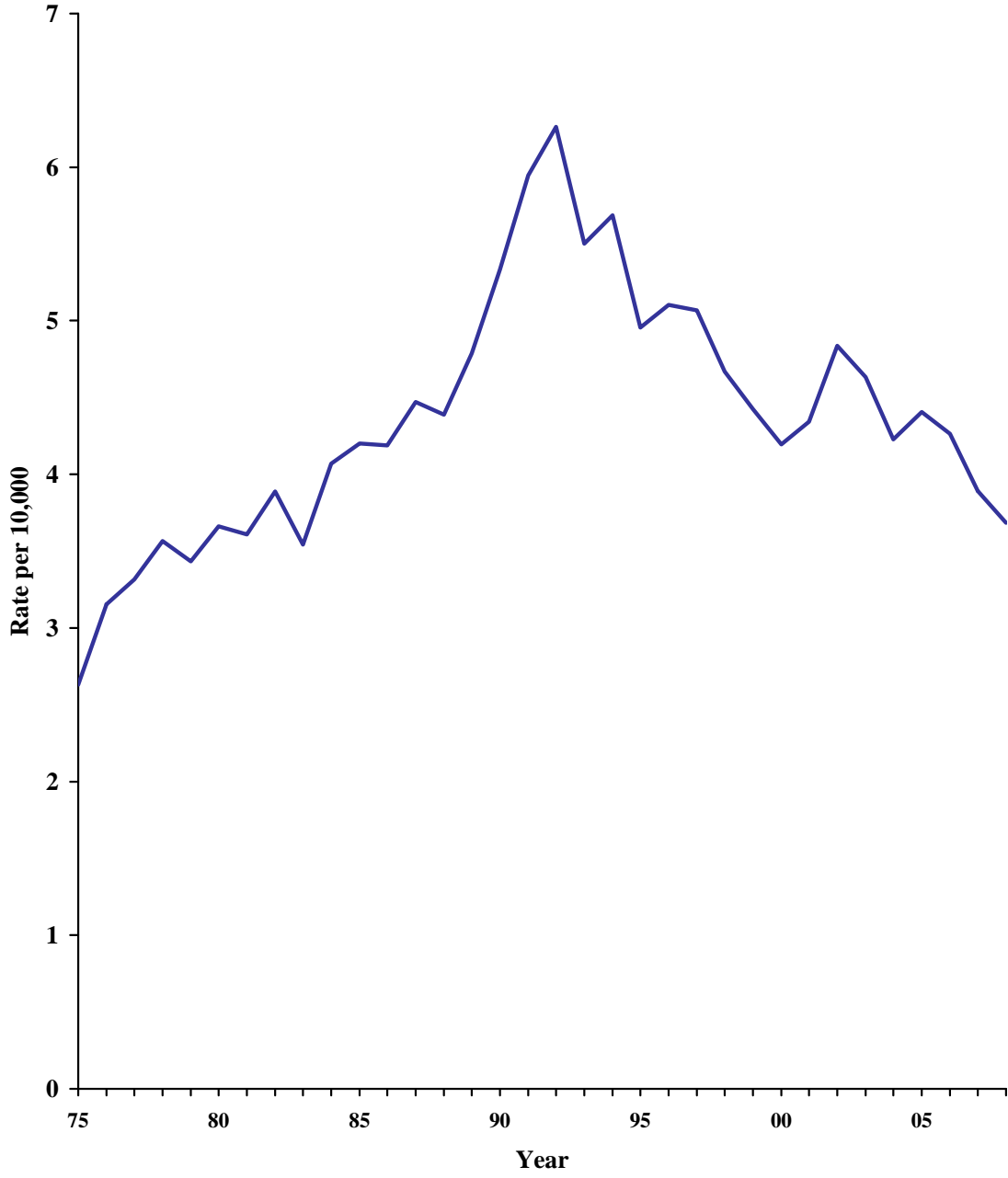
South Carolina's rape rate decreased 5.1% from 2007 to 2008. From 1975 to 2008, the rape rate increased 40.3%.

RAPE: Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and against their will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are also included; however statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are excluded.

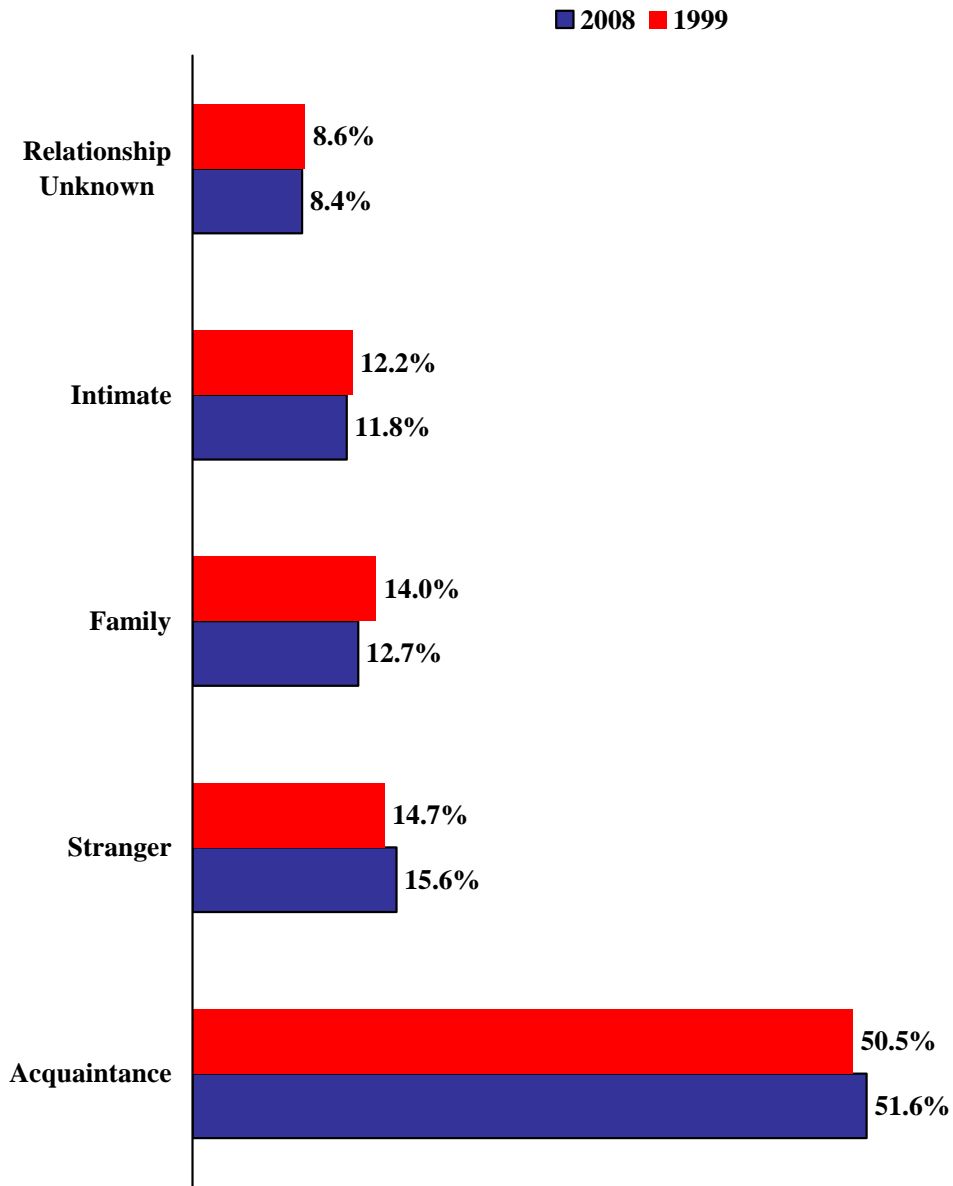
RAPE

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	1,715	3.89
2008	1,651	3.69
% Change	-3.7%	-5.1%
10 Year		
1999	1,720	4.43
2008	1,651	3.69
% Change	-4.0%	-16.7%
20 Year		
1989	1,649	4.79
2008	1,651	3.69
% Change	+0.1%	-23.0%
Overall		
1975	741	2.63
2008	1,651	3.69
% Change	+122.8%	+40.3%

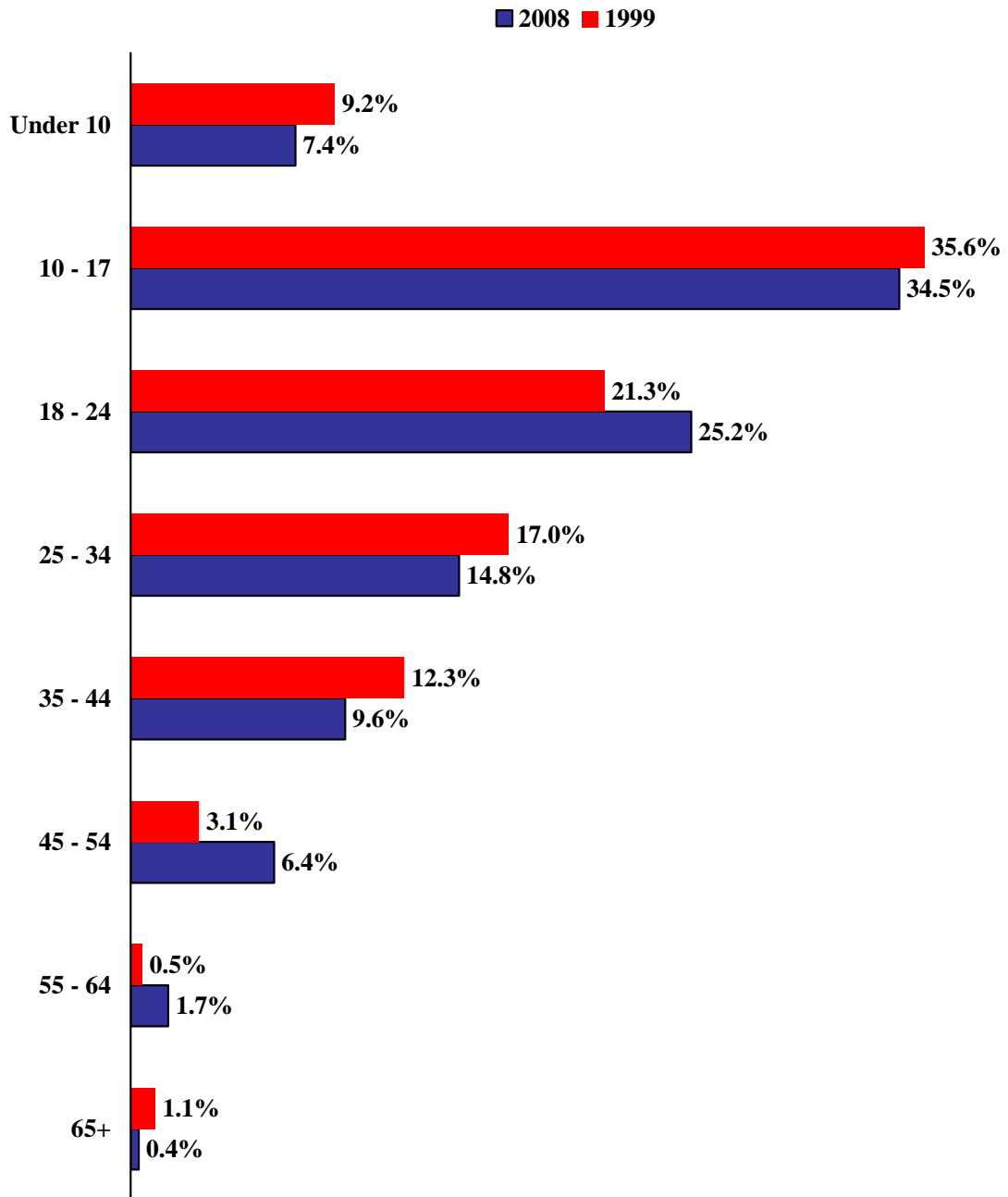
South Carolina Rape Rate



Relationship of Rape Victims to Offenders in South Carolina



South Carolina Rape Victims by Age

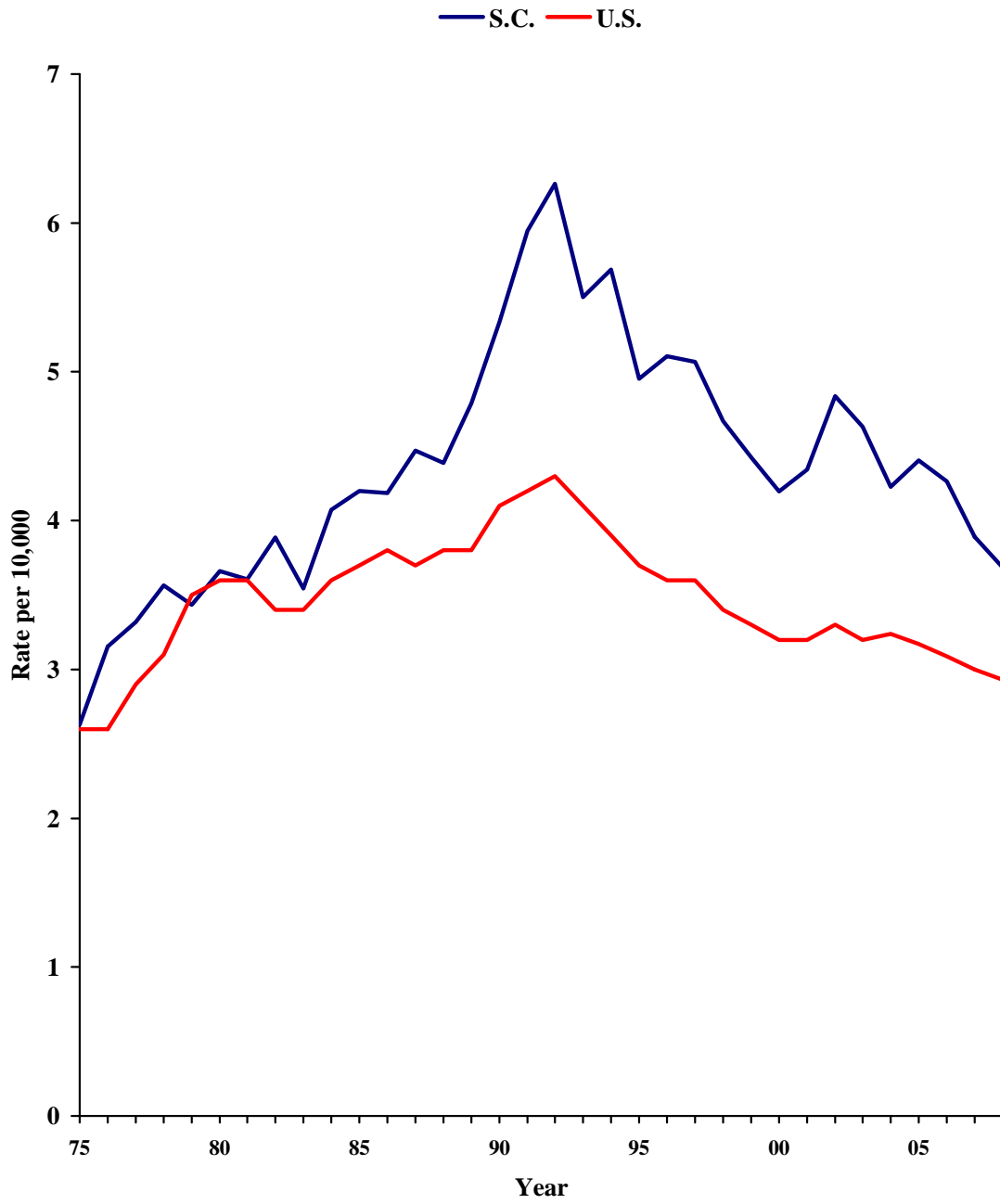


South Carolina's rape rate has exceeded the national rate since 1982.

STATE & U.S. RAPE RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	2.6	2.6
1976	3.2	2.6
1977	3.3	2.9
1978	3.6	3.1
1979	3.4	3.5
1980	3.7	3.6
1981	3.6	3.6
1982	3.9	3.4
1983	3.5	3.4
1984	4.1	3.6
1985	4.2	3.7
1986	4.2	3.8
1987	4.5	3.7
1988	4.4	3.8
1989	4.8	3.8
1990	5.3	4.1
1991	5.9	4.2
1992	6.3	4.3
1993	5.5	4.1
1994	5.7	3.9
1995	5.0	3.7
1996	5.1	3.6
1997	5.1	3.6
1998	4.7	3.4
1999	4.4	3.3
2000	4.2	3.2
2001	4.3	3.2
2002	4.8	3.3
2003	4.6	3.2
2004	4.2	3.2
2005	4.4	3.2
2006	4.2	3.1
2007	3.9	3.0
2008	3.7	2.9

State and National Rape Rates



**RAPE BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	11	4.3	Greenwood	22	3.2
Aiken	72	4.7	Hampton	6	2.8
Allendale	2	1.9	Horry	99	3.8
Anderson	56	3.1	Jasper	16	7.2
Bamberg	4	2.6	Kershaw	13	2.2
Barnwell	4	1.7	Lancaster	34	4.5
Beaufort	32	2.1	Laurens	32	4.6
Berkeley	57	3.4	Lee	9	4.5
Calhoun	4	2.7	Lexington	67	2.7
Charleston	184	5.3	McCormick	7	6.9
Cherokee	8	1.5	Marion	5	1.5
Chester	14	4.3	Marlboro	10	3.5
Chesterfield	11	2.6	Newberry	9	2.4
Clarendon	18	5.4	Oconee	31	4.3
Colleton	17	4.4	Orangeburg	44	4.9
Darlington	28	4.2	Pickens	41	3.5
Dillon	13	4.2	Richland	136	3.7
Dorchester	19	1.5	Saluda	13	7.0
Edgefield	8	3.1	Spartanburg	123	4.4
Fairfield	16	6.8	Sumter	23	2.2
Florence	63	4.7	Union	6	2.2
Georgetown	24	4.0	Williamsburg	7	2.0
Greenville	131	3.0	York	102	4.7

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 RAPE RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Jasper	16	7.2
Saluda	13	7.0
McCormick	7	6.9
Fairfield	16	6.8
Clarendon	18	5.4
Charleston	184	5.3
Orangeburg	44	4.9
Florence	63	4.7
York	102	4.7
Aiken	72	4.7
Laurens	32	4.6
Lee	9	4.5
Lancaster	34	4.5
Spartanburg	123	4.4
Colleton	17	4.4
Oconee	31	4.3
Abbeville	11	4.3
Chester	14	4.3
Dillon	13	4.2
Darlington	28	4.2
Georgetown	24	4.0
Horry	99	3.8
Richland	136	3.7
Pickens	41	3.5
Marlboro	10	3.5
Berkeley	57	3.4
Greenwood	22	3.2
Edgefield	8	3.1
Anderson	56	3.1
Greenville	131	3.0
Hampton	6	2.8
Calhoun	4	2.7
Lexington	67	2.7
Bamberg	4	2.6
Chesterfield	11	2.6
Newberry	9	2.4
Sumter	23	2.2
Kershaw	13	2.2
Union	6	2.2
Beaufort	32	2.1
Williamsburg	7	2.0
Allendale	2	1.9
Barnwell	4	1.7
Dorchester	19	1.5
Marion	5	1.5
Cherokee	8	1.5

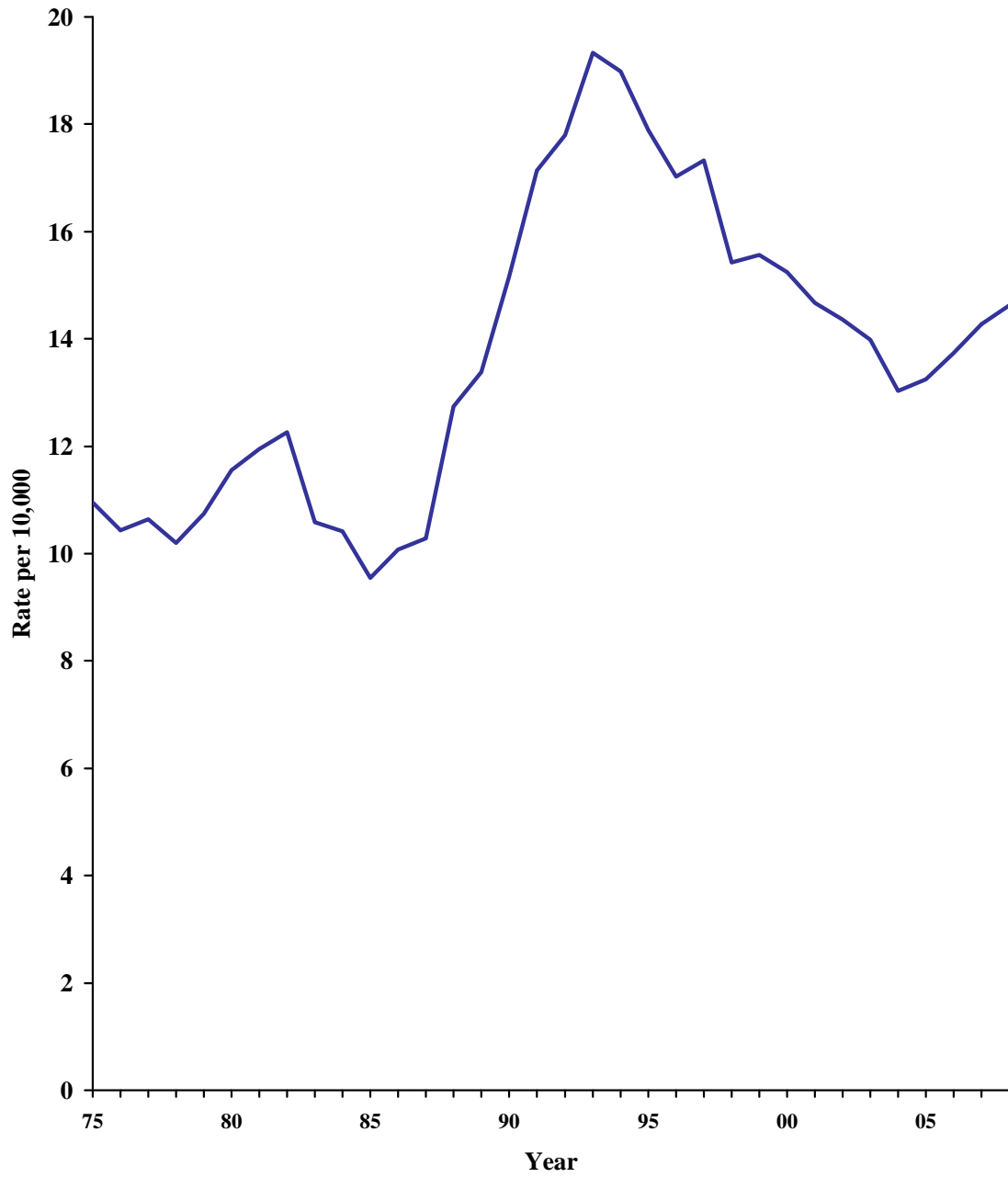
South Carolina's robbery rate increased 2.4% from 2007 to 2008. Since 1975 the robbery rate has increased 33.5%.

ROBBERY: Robbery is the taking or attempted taking of anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or the threat of force, by violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

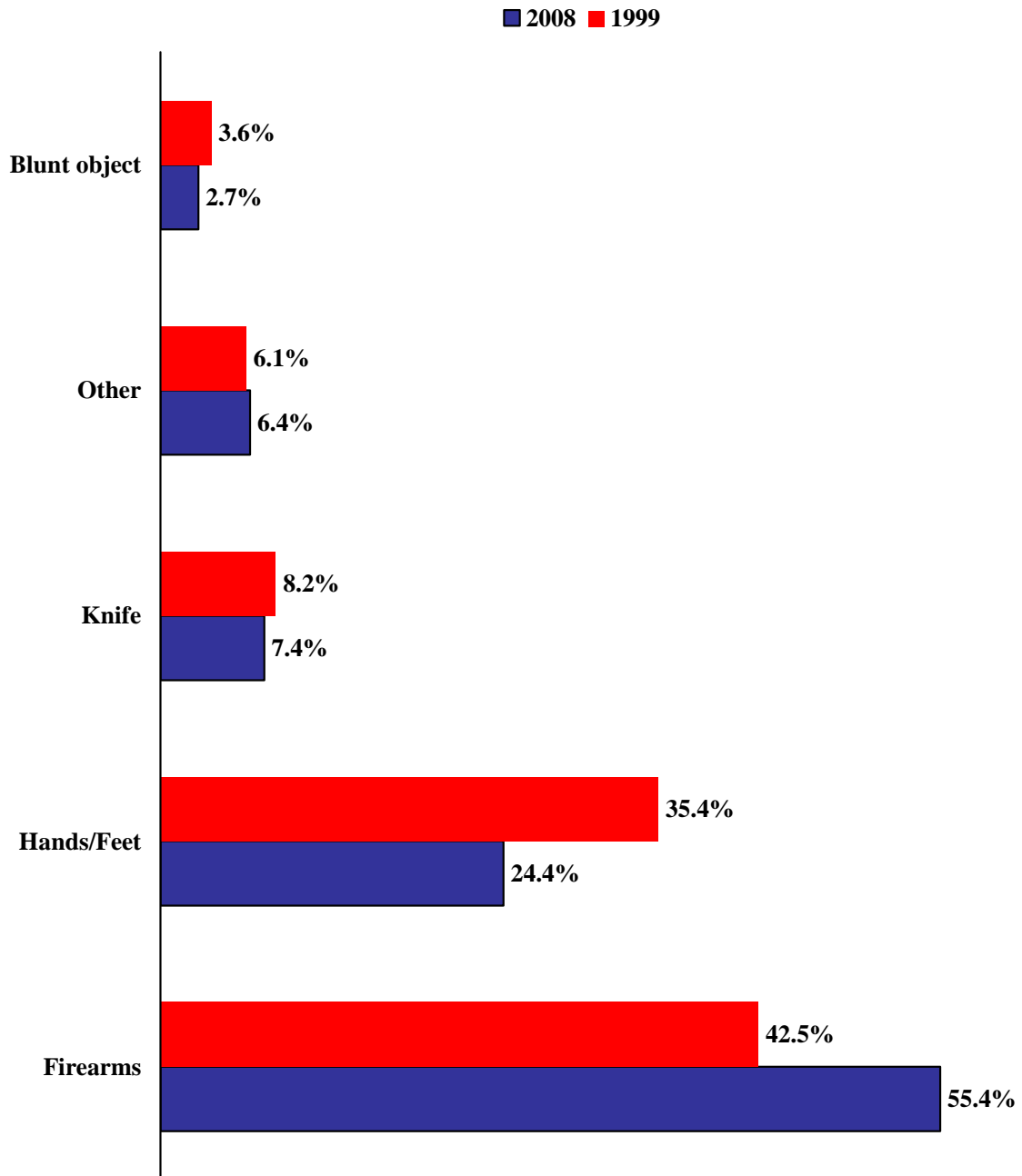
ROBBERY

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	6,294	14.28
2008	6,549	14.62
% Change	+4.1%	+2.4%
10 Year		
1999	6,049	15.57
2008	6,549	14.62
% Change	+8.3%	-6.1%
20 Year		
1989	4,608	13.38
2008	6,549	14.62
% Change	+42.1%	+9.3%
Overall		
1975	3,087	10.95
2008	6,549	14.62
% Change	+112.1%	+33.5%

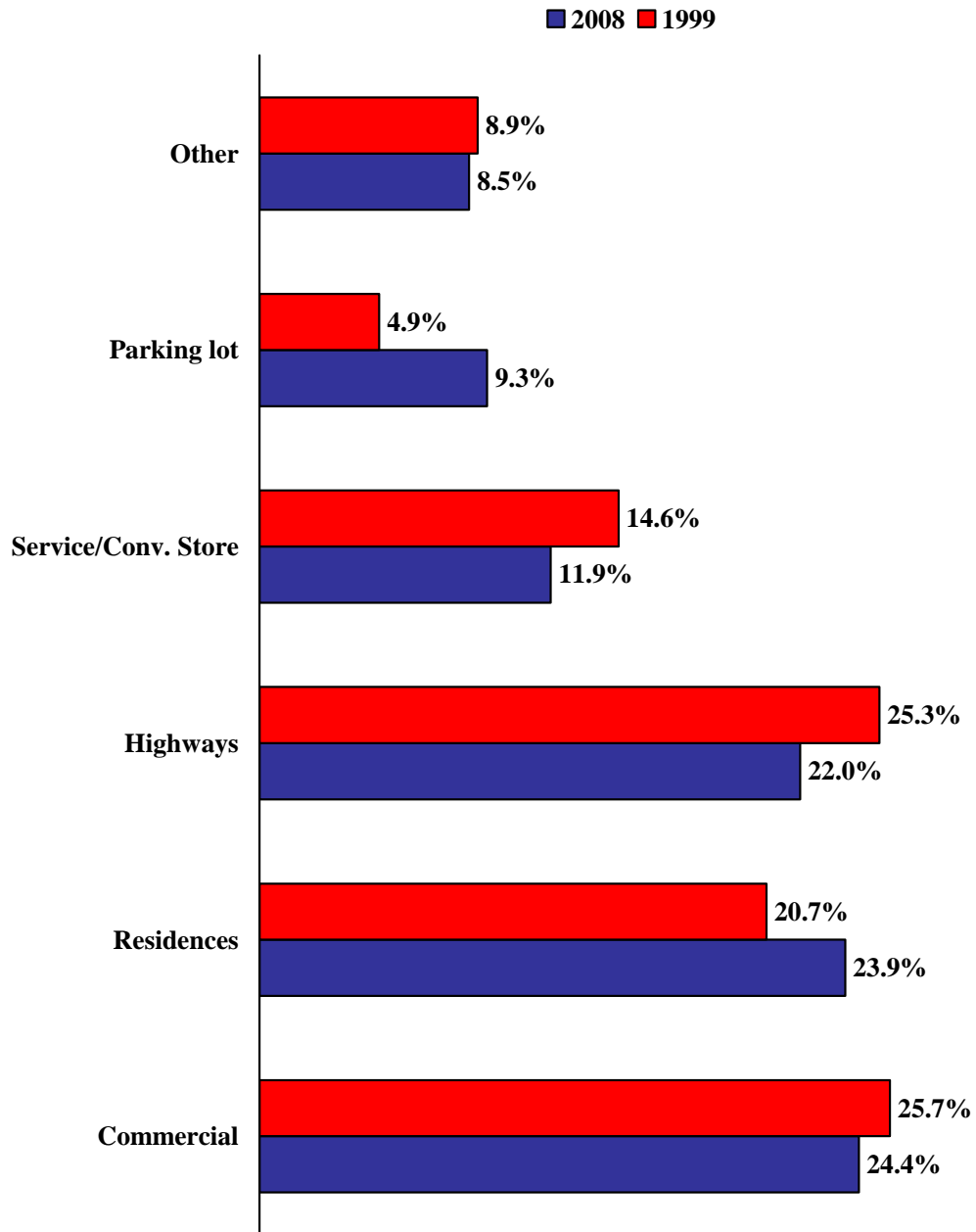
South Carolina Robbery Rate



Weapon Use in South Carolina Robberies



South Carolina Robberies by Location

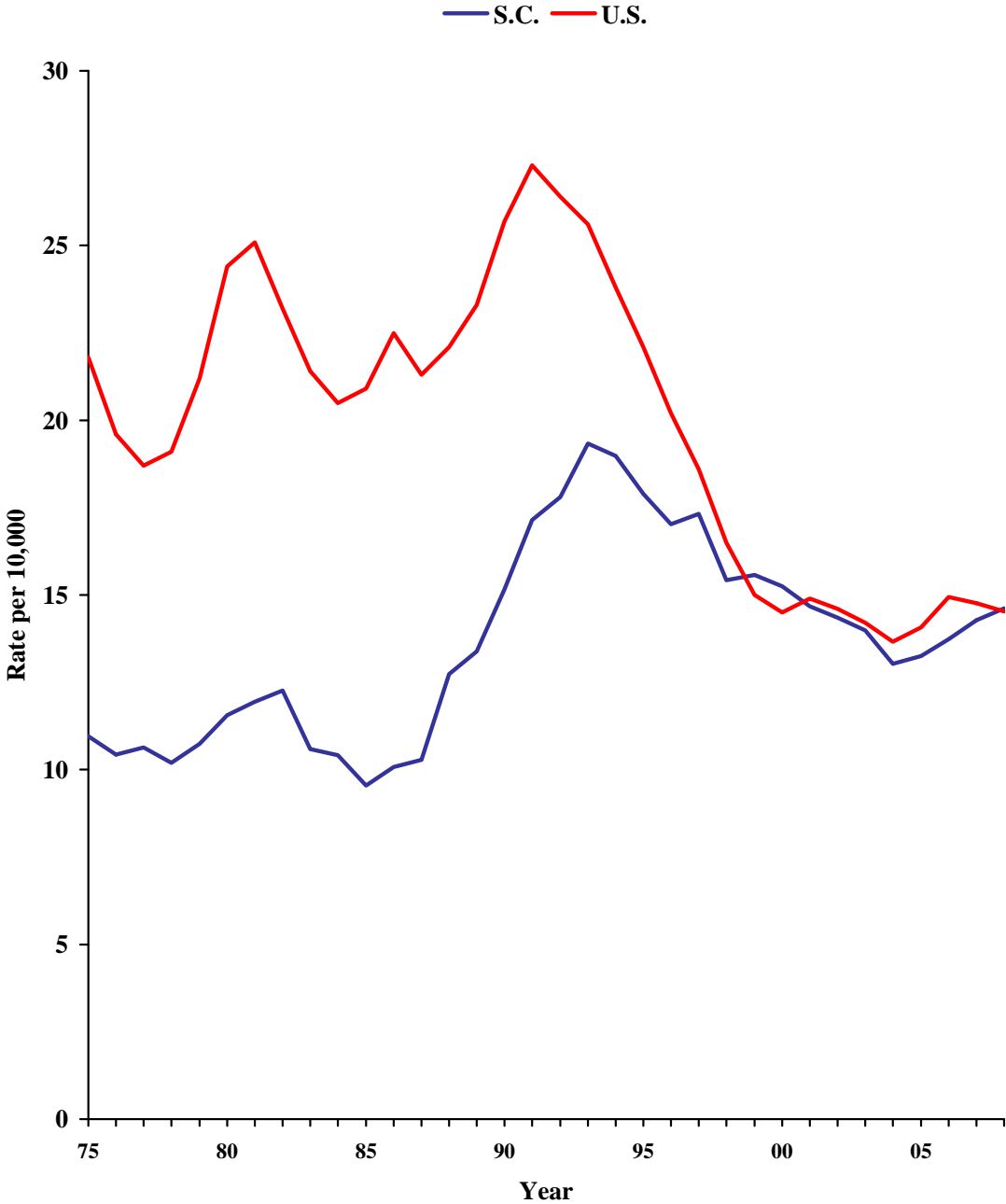


The state robbery rate in 2008 exceeded the national robbery rate for the first time since 2000.

STATE & U.S. ROBBERY RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	11.0	21.8
1976	10.4	19.6
1977	10.6	18.7
1978	10.2	19.1
1979	10.7	21.2
1980	11.6	24.4
1981	11.9	25.1
1982	12.3	23.2
1983	10.6	21.4
1984	10.4	20.5
1985	9.5	20.9
1986	10.1	22.5
1987	10.3	21.3
1988	12.7	22.1
1989	13.4	23.3
1990	15.2	25.7
1991	17.1	27.3
1992	17.8	26.4
1993	19.3	25.6
1994	19.0	23.8
1995	17.9	22.1
1996	17.0	20.2
1997	17.3	18.6
1998	15.4	16.5
1999	15.6	15.0
2000	15.2	14.5
2001	14.7	14.9
2002	14.4	14.6
2003	14.0	14.2
2004	13.0	13.7
2005	13.3	14.1
2006	13.7	14.9
2007	14.3	14.8
2008	14.6	14.5

State and National Robbery Rates



**ROBBERY BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	6	2.4	Greenwood	48	7.0
Aiken	192	12.5	Hampton	15	7.1
Allendale	12	11.5	Horry	467	18.1
Anderson	202	11.0	Jasper	52	23.3
Bamberg	17	11.1	Kershaw	34	5.8
Barnwell	33	14.4	Lancaster	64	8.4
Beaufort	192	12.8	Laurens	82	11.8
Berkeley	169	10.0	Lee	10	5.0
Calhoun	7	4.8	Lexington	232	9.3
Charleston	1,018	29.2	McCormick	3	3.0
Cherokee	55	10.1	Marion	47	13.9
Chester	72	22.1	Marlboro	37	12.9
Chesterfield	20	4.7	Newberry	18	4.8
Clarendon	55	16.6	Oconee	28	3.9
Colleton	81	20.8	Orangeburg	144	15.9
Darlington	84	12.5	Pickens	40	3.4
Dillon	80	26.1	Richland	864	23.7
Dorchester	156	12.3	Saluda	9	4.8
Edgefield	9	3.5	Spartanburg	417	14.9
Fairfield	18	7.7	Sumter	165	15.8
Florence	253	19.1	Union	26	9.4
Georgetown	51	8.4	Williamsburg	55	15.7
Greenville	723	16.5	York	187	8.6

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 ROBBERY RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Charleston	1,018	29.2
Dillon	80	26.1
Richland	864	23.7
Jasper	52	23.3
Chester	72	22.1
Colleton	81	20.8
Florence	253	19.1
Horry	467	18.1
Clarendon	55	16.6
Greenville	723	16.5
Orangeburg	144	15.9
Sumter	165	15.8
Williamsburg	55	15.7
Spartanburg	417	14.9
Barnwell	33	14.4
Marion	47	13.9
Marlboro	37	12.9
Beaufort	192	12.8
Aiken	192	12.5
Darlington	84	12.5
Dorchester	156	12.3
Laurens	82	11.8
Allendale	12	11.5
Bamberg	17	11.1
Anderson	202	11.0
Cherokee	55	10.1
Berkeley	169	10.0
Union	26	9.4
Lexington	232	9.3
York	187	8.6
Georgetown	51	8.4
Lancaster	64	8.4
Fairfield	18	7.7
Hampton	15	7.1
Greenwood	48	7.0
Kershaw	34	5.8
Lee	10	5.0
Calhoun	7	4.8
Newberry	18	4.8
Saluda	9	4.8
Chesterfield	20	4.7
Oconee	28	3.9
Edgefield	9	3.5
Pickens	40	3.4
McCormick	3	3.0
Abbeville	6	2.4

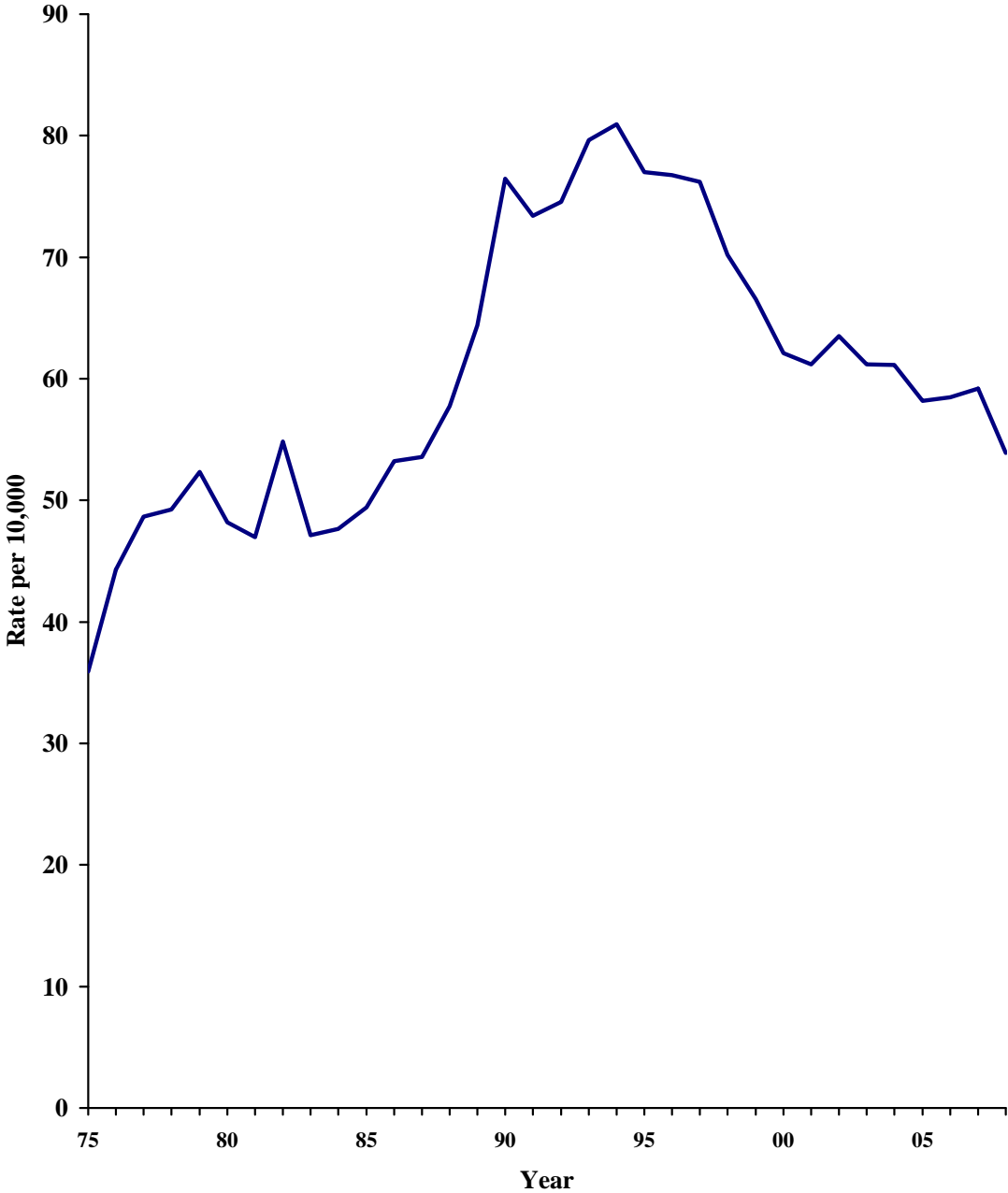
South Carolina's aggravated assault rate decreased 8.9% from 2007 to 2008, but has increased 50.1% from 1975 to 2008.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury. This assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Attempts are also included.

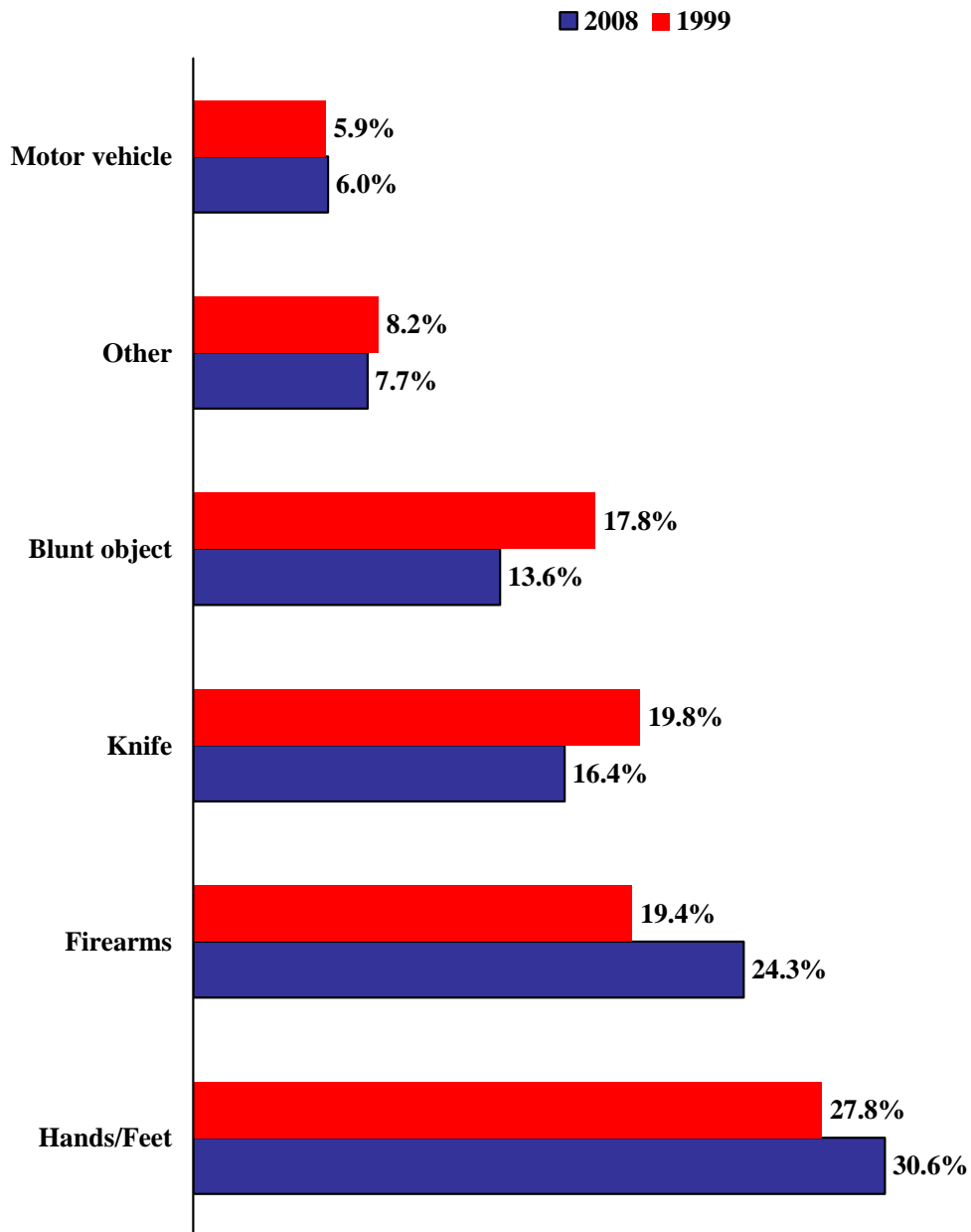
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	26,096	59.20
2008	24,155	53.92
% Change	-7.4%	-8.9%
10 Year		
1999	25,865	66.56
2008	24,155	53.92
% Change	-6.6%	-19.0%
20 Year		
1989	22,176	64.39
2008	24,155	53.92
% Change	+8.9%	-16.3%
Overall		
1975	10,123	35.92
2008	24,155	53.92
% Change	+138.6%	+50.1%

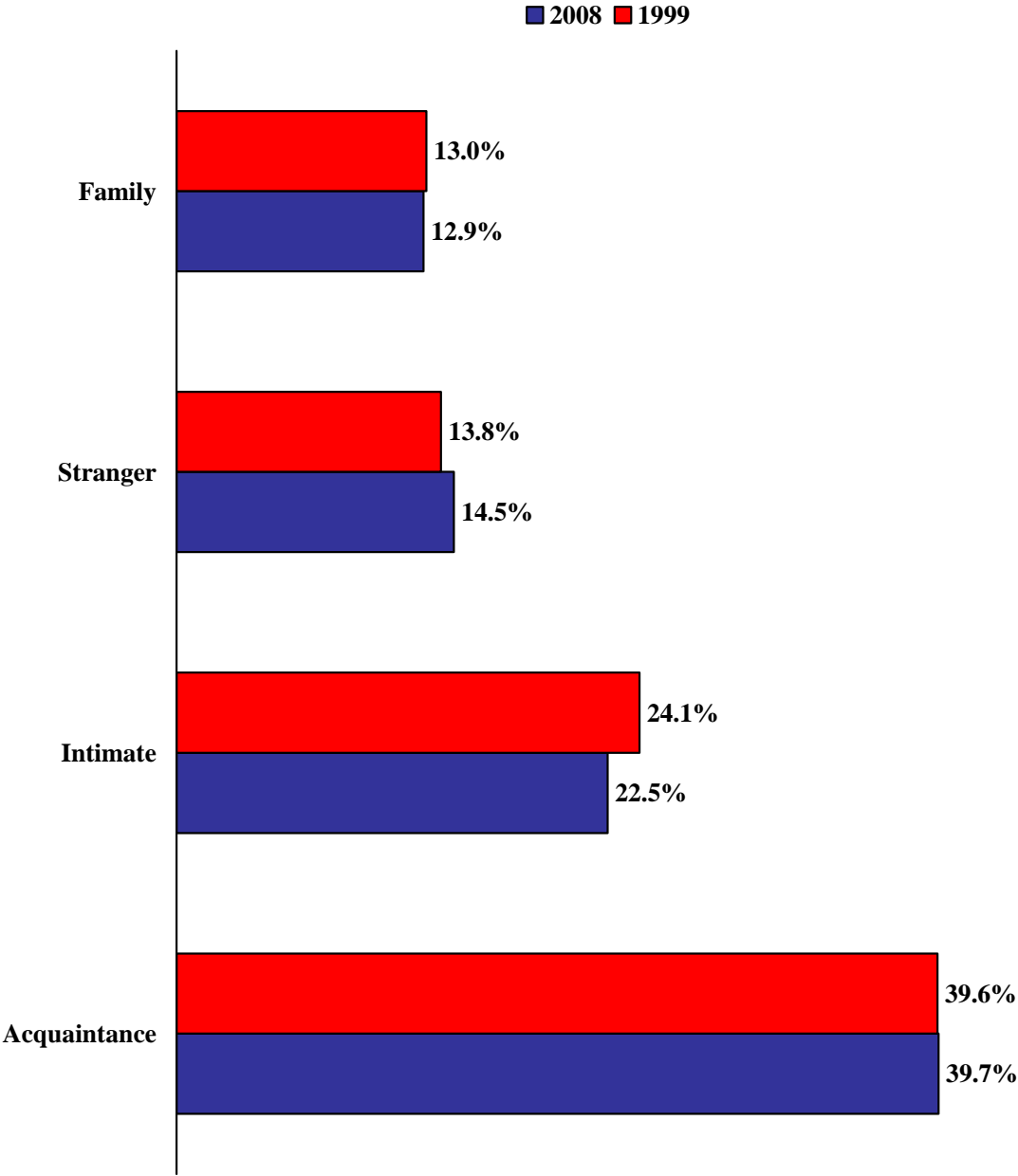
South Carolina Aggravated Assault Rate



Weapon Use in South Carolina Aggravated Assaults



Relationship of Victims to Offenders in South Carolina Aggravated Assaults

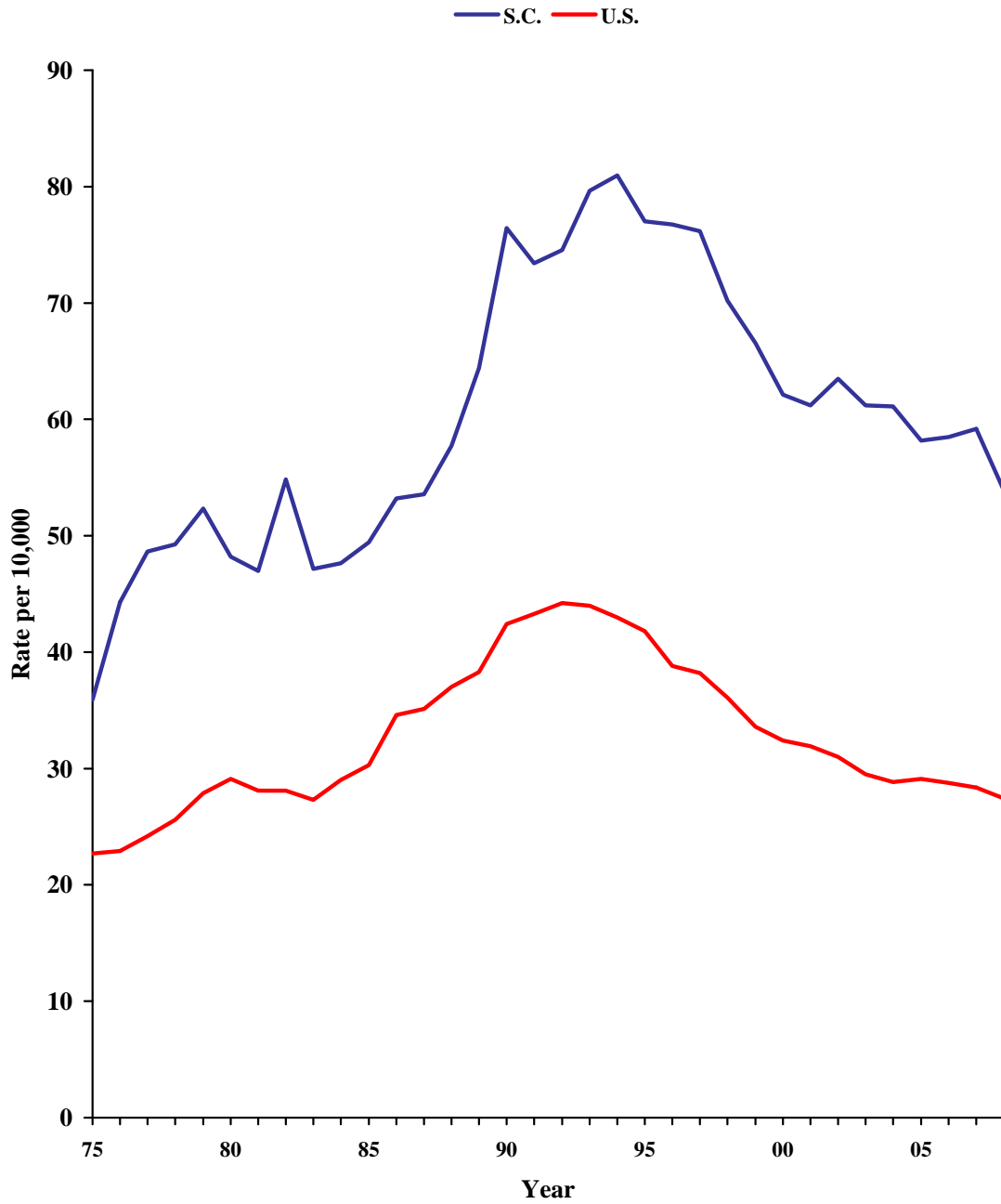


South Carolina's aggravated assault rate has exceeded the national rate since 1975.

STATE & U.S. AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	35.9	22.7
1976	44.3	22.9
1977	48.7	24.2
1978	49.3	25.6
1979	52.3	27.9
1980	48.2	29.1
1981	47.0	28.1
1982	54.9	28.1
1983	47.1	27.3
1984	47.6	29.0
1985	49.4	30.3
1986	53.2	34.6
1987	53.6	35.1
1988	57.8	37.0
1989	64.4	38.3
1990	76.5	42.4
1991	73.4	43.3
1992	74.6	44.2
1993	79.6	44.0
1994	81.0	43.0
1995	77.0	41.8
1996	76.7	38.8
1997	76.2	38.2
1998	70.2	36.1
1999	66.6	33.6
2000	62.1	32.4
2001	61.2	31.9
2002	63.5	31.0
2003	61.2	29.5
2004	61.1	28.9
2005	58.2	29.1
2006	58.2	28.8
2007	59.2	28.4
2008	53.9	27.5

State and National Aggravated Assault Rates



**AGGRAVATED ASSAULT BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	144	56.7	Greenwood	547	79.8
Aiken	427	27.7	Hampton	140	66.4
Allendale	59	56.5	Horry	1,589	61.7
Anderson	924	50.5	Jasper	134	60.0
Bamberg	84	54.9	Kershaw	253	43.0
Barnwell	176	76.9	Lancaster	391	51.5
Beaufort	735	48.9	Laurens	464	66.6
Berkeley	619	36.6	Lee	111	55.8
Calhoun	61	41.8	Lexington	782	31.5
Charleston	1,930	55.5	McCormick	70	69.4
Cherokee	196	36.0	Marion	270	79.8
Chester	277	84.9	Marlboro	315	109.7
Chesterfield	215	50.1	Newberry	105	27.8
Clarendon	210	63.4	Oconee	331	46.4
Colleton	326	83.5	Orangeburg	438	48.5
Darlington	607	90.6	Pickens	333	28.5
Dillon	431	140.4	Richland	2,579	70.9
Dorchester	427	33.6	Saluda	85	45.6
Edgefield	50	19.6	Spartanburg	1,270	45.2
Fairfield	229	97.7	Sumter	549	52.7
Florence	940	70.8	Union	194	70.1
Georgetown	410	67.5	Williamsburg	146	41.6
Greenville	2,281	52.1	York	1,301	59.8

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Dillon	431	140.4
Marlboro	315	109.7
Fairfield	229	97.7
Darlington	607	90.6
Chester	277	84.9
Colleton	326	83.5
Greenwood	547	79.8
Marion	270	79.8
Barnwell	176	76.9
Richland	2,579	70.9
Florence	940	70.8
Union	194	70.1
McCormick	70	69.4
Georgetown	410	67.5
Laurens	464	66.6
Hampton	140	66.4
Clarendon	210	63.4
Horry	1,589	61.7
Jasper	134	60.0
York	1,301	59.8
Abbeville	144	56.7
Allendale	59	56.5
Lee	111	55.8
Charleston	1,930	55.5
Bamberg	84	54.9
Sumter	549	52.7
Greenville	2,281	52.1
Lancaster	391	51.5
Anderson	924	50.5
Chesterfield	215	50.1
Beaufort	735	48.9
Orangeburg	438	48.5
Oconee	331	46.4
Saluda	85	45.6
Spartanburg	1,270	45.2
Kershaw	253	43.0
Calhoun	61	41.8
Williamsburg	146	41.6
Berkeley	619	36.6
Cherokee	196	36.0
Dorchester	427	33.6
Lexington	782	31.5
Pickens	333	28.5
Newberry	105	27.8
Aiken	427	27.7
Edgefield	50	19.6

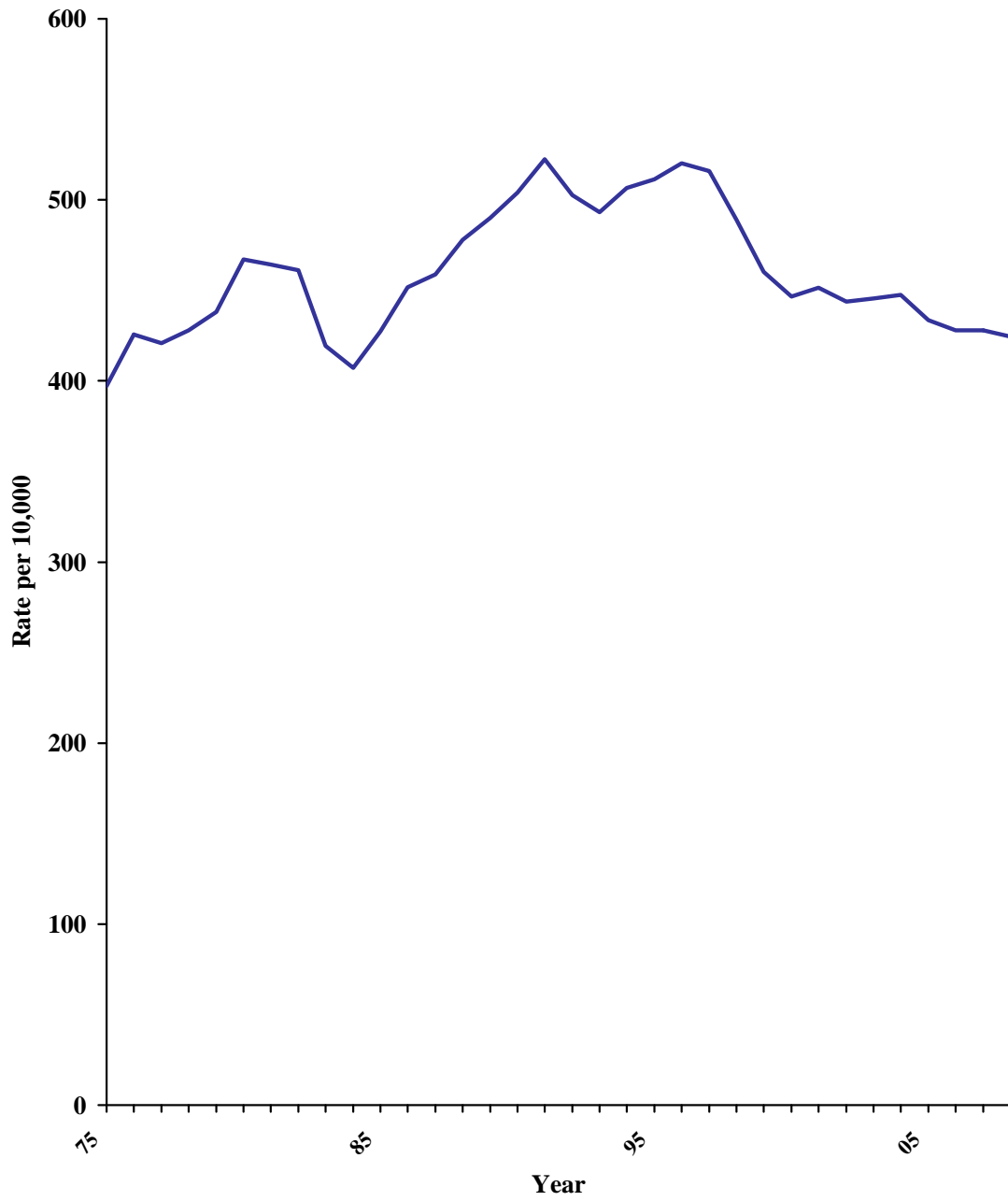
South Carolina's property crime rate decreased less than 1% from 2007 to 2008. From 1975 to 2008, the property crime rate increased 6.9%.

PROPERTY CRIME: Property crimes include the offenses of breaking or entering, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

PROPERTY CRIME

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	188,671	428.02
2008	190,220	424.62
% Change	+0.8%	-0.8%
10 Year		
1999	178,815	460.15
2008	190,220	424.62
% Change	+6.4%	-7.7%
20 Year		
1989	168,760	490.01
2008	190,220	424.62
% Change	+12.7%	-13.3%
Overall		
1975	111,963	397.27
2008	190,220	424.62
% Change	+69.9%	+6.9%

South Carolina Property Crime Rate

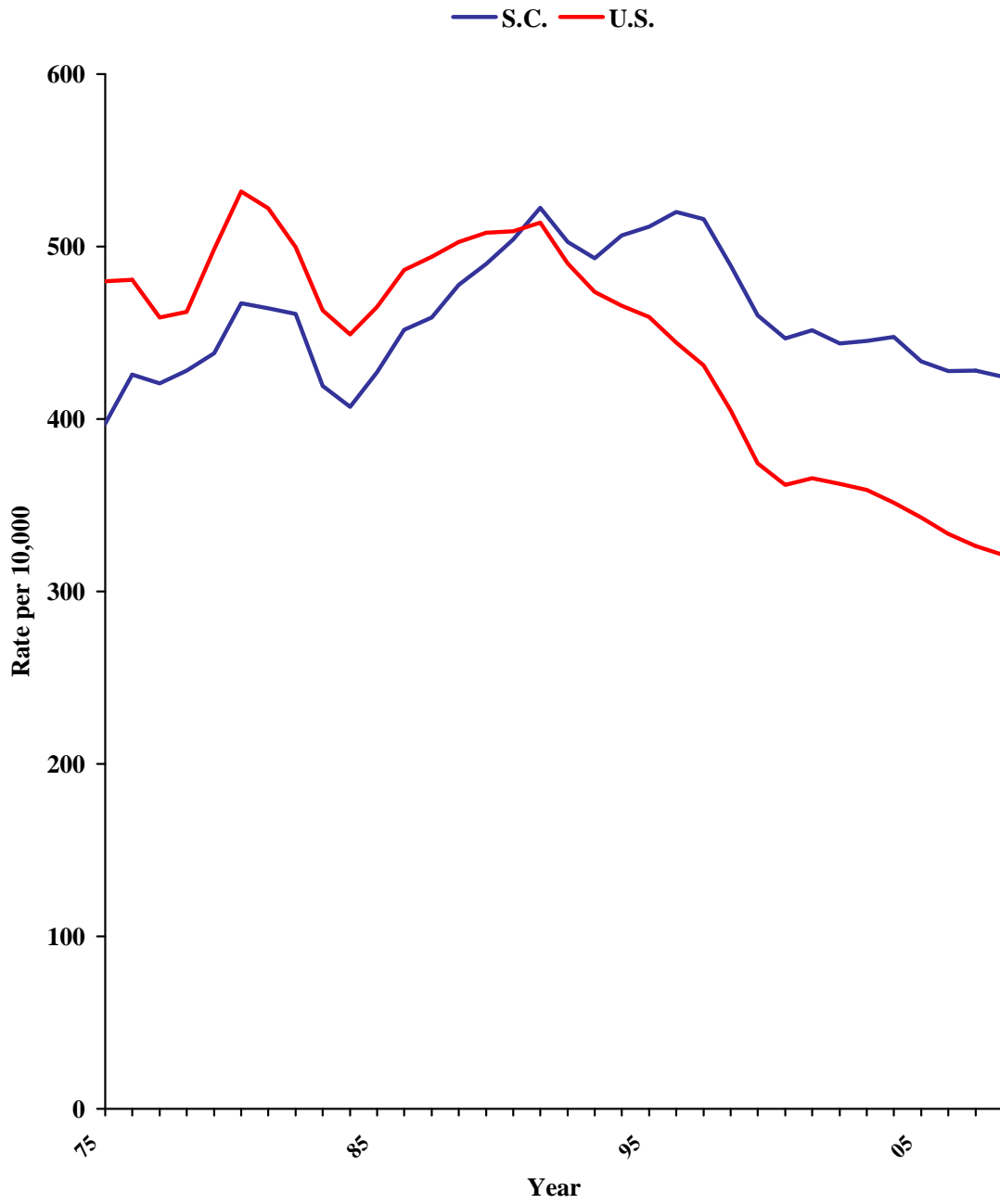


The state's property crime rate has exceeded the national rate since 1991.

STATE & U.S. PROPERTY CRIME RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	397.3	480.0
1976	425.7	480.7
1977	420.8	458.8
1978	428.0	462.2
1979	438.1	498.6
1980	467.1	531.9
1981	464.3	522.3
1982	461.1	499.8
1983	419.3	463.0
1984	407.1	449.2
1985	427.2	465.1
1986	451.8	486.3
1987	459.0	494.0
1988	477.9	502.7
1989	490.0	508.1
1990	504.0	508.9
1991	522.4	514.0
1992	502.7	490.3
1993	493.3	473.7
1994	506.6	465.8
1995	511.4	459.1
1996	520.3	444.5
1997	515.9	431.2
1998	489.1	404.9
1999	460.2	374.2
2000	446.7	361.8
2001	451.5	365.8
2002	443.7	362.4
2003	445.4	358.8
2004	447.6	351.4
2005	433.5	343.0
2006	423.6	333.5
2007	428.0	326.4
2008	424.6	321.3

State and National Property Crime Rates



**PROPERTY CRIME BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	593	233.4	Greenwood	3,580	522.3
Aiken	6,125	397.5	Hampton	606	287.5
Allendale	303	290.0	Horry	16,820	653.5
Anderson	9,315	509.5	Jasper	1,205	539.6
Bamberg	575	375.6	Kershaw	1,894	321.6
Barnwell	1,050	459.1	Lancaster	2,729	359.5
Beaufort	5,775	383.9	Laurens	2,724	390.9
Berkeley	5,477	323.5	Lee	817	410.7
Calhoun	459	314.8	Lexington	7,896	317.7
Charleston	16,404	471.3	McCormick	168	166.5
Cherokee	2,374	436.4	Marion	2,035	601.3
Chester	1,516	464.8	Marlboro	1,409	490.9
Chesterfield	1,568	365.7	Newberry	1,022	270.2
Clarendon	1,470	443.5	Oconee	2,119	297.3
Colleton	2,099	537.9	Orangeburg	5,301	586.8
Darlington	3,867	576.9	Pickens	3,754	321.1
Dillon	2,001	651.8	Richland	17,879	491.2
Dorchester	3,948	310.5	Saluda	312	167.5
Edgefield	596	233.3	Spartanburg	11,726	417.7
Fairfield	877	374.2	Sumter	3,688	354.1
Florence	6,919	521.0	Union	896	323.8
Georgetown	2,730	449.5	Williamsburg	1,301	370.8
Greenville	17,127	390.9	York	7,171	329.8

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 PROPERTY CRIME RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Horry	16,820	653.5
Dillon	2,001	651.8
Marion	2,035	601.3
Orangeburg	5,301	586.8
Darlington	3,867	576.9
Jasper	1,205	539.6
Colleton	2,099	537.9
Greenwood	3,580	522.3
Florence	6,919	521.0
Anderson	9,315	509.5
Richland	17,879	491.2
Marlboro	1,409	490.9
Charleston	16,404	471.3
Chester	1,516	464.8
Barnwell	1,050	459.1
Georgetown	2,730	449.5
Clarendon	1,470	443.5
Cherokee	2,374	436.4
Spartanburg	11,726	417.7
Lee	817	410.7
Aiken	6,125	397.5
Laurens	2,724	390.9
Greenville	17,127	390.9
Beaufort	5,775	383.9
Bamberg	575	375.6
Fairfield	877	374.2
Williamsburg	1,301	370.8
Chesterfield	1,568	365.7
Lancaster	2,729	359.5
Sumter	3,688	354.1
York	7,171	329.8
Union	896	323.8
Berkeley	5,477	323.5
Kershaw	1,894	321.6
Pickens	3,754	321.1
Lexington	7,896	317.7
Calhoun	459	314.8
Dorchester	3,948	310.5
Oconee	2,119	297.3
Allendale	303	290.0
Hampton	606	287.5
Newberry	1,022	270.2
Abbeville	593	233.4
Edgefield	596	233.3
Saluda	312	167.5
McCormick	168	166.5

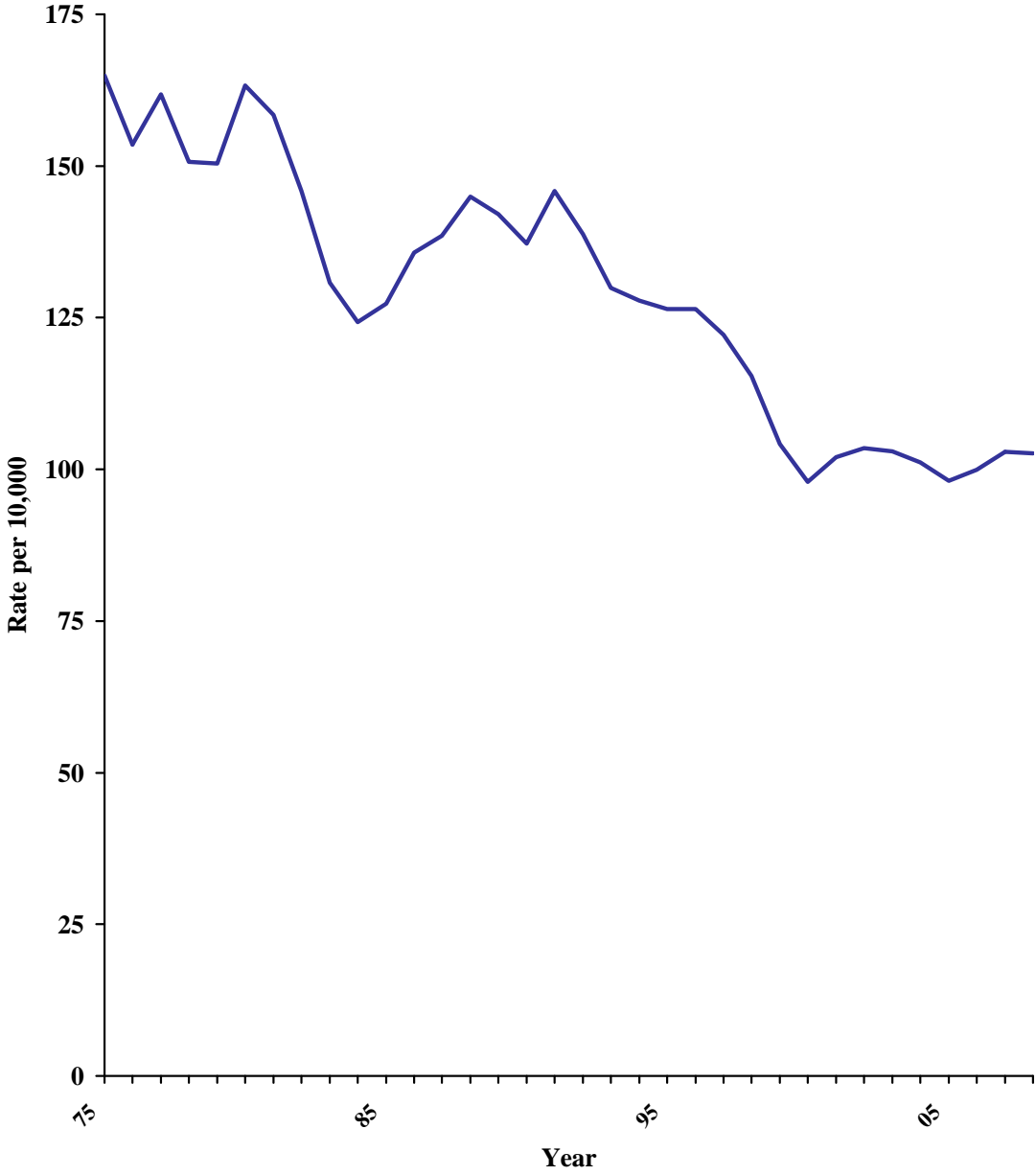
South Carolina's breaking or entering rate decreased less than 1% from 2007 to 2008. Since 1975, the breaking or entering rate has decreased 37.8%.

BREAKING OR ENTERING: Breaking or entering is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as breaking or entering.

BREAKING OR ENTERING

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	45,340	102.86
2008	45,967	102.61
% Change	+1.4%	-0.2%
10 Year		
1999	40,475	104.16
2008	45,967	102.61
% Change	+13.6%	-1.5%
20 Year		
1989	48,922	142.05
2008	45,967	102.61
% Change	-6.0%	-27.8%
Overall		
1975	46,476	164.91
2008	45,967	102.61
% Change	-1.1%	-37.8%

South Carolina Breaking or Entering Rate

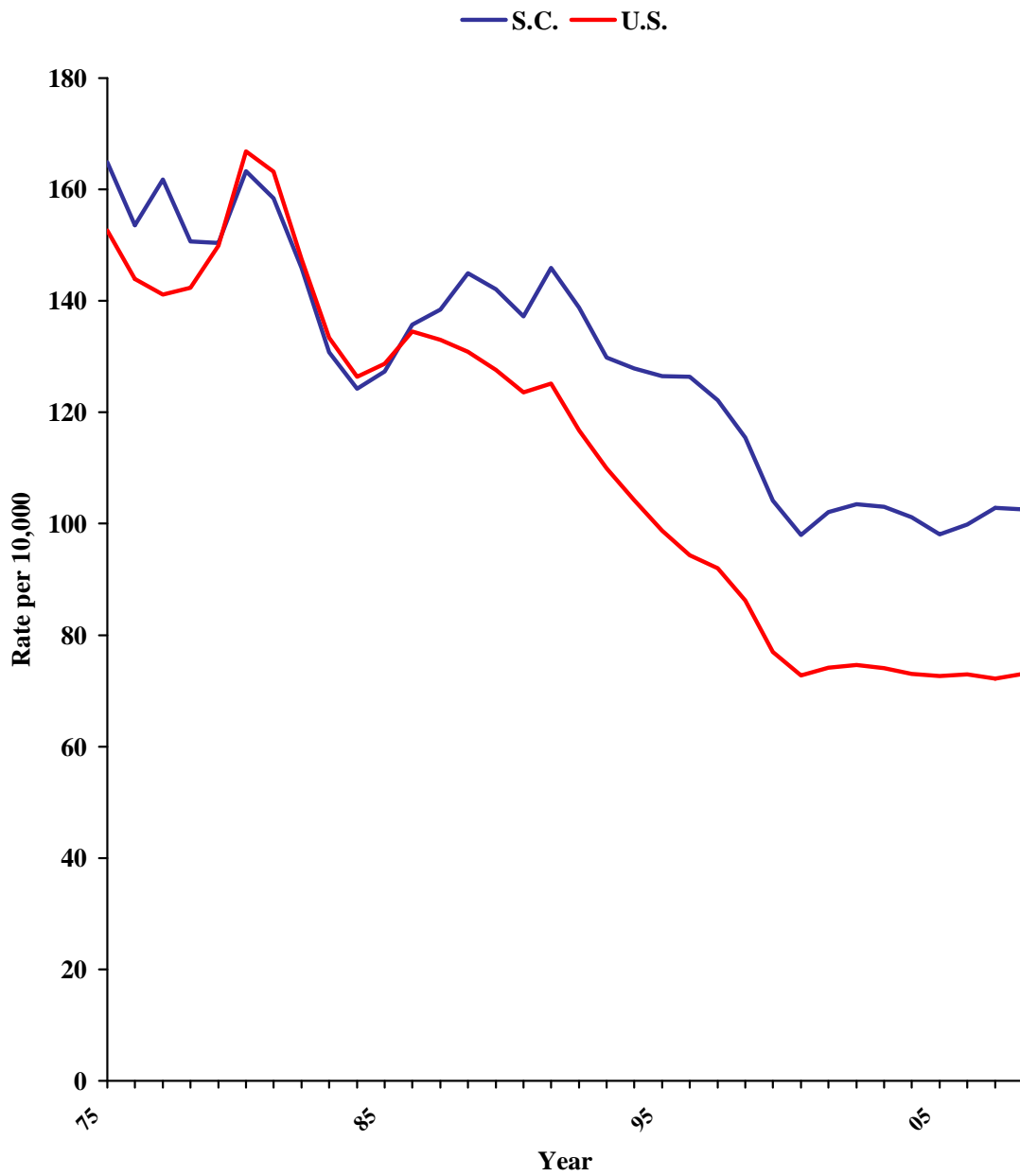


South Carolina's breaking or entering rate has exceeded the national rate since 1986.

STATE & U.S. BREAKING/ENTERING RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	164.9	152.6
1976	153.6	143.9
1977	161.8	141.1
1978	150.6	142.4
1979	150.4	149.9
1980	163.2	166.8
1981	158.4	163.2
1982	145.9	147.5
1983	130.7	133.4
1984	124.2	126.4
1985	127.3	128.7
1986	135.7	134.5
1987	138.5	133.0
1988	144.9	130.9
1989	142.0	127.6
1990	137.2	123.6
1991	145.9	125.2
1992	138.8	116.8
1993	129.9	109.9
1994	127.9	104.2
1995	126.5	98.7
1996	126.4	94.3
1997	122.2	92.0
1998	115.4	86.2
1999	104.2	77.0
2000	98.0	72.8
2001	102.1	74.2
2002	103.5	74.6
2003	103.0	74.1
2004	101.1	73.0
2005	98.1	72.7
2006	97.9	72.9
2007	102.9	72.3
2008	102.6	73.1

State and National Breaking or Entering Rates



**BREAKING & ENTERING BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	113	44.5	Greenwood	754	110.0
Aiken	1,545	100.3	Hampton	208	98.7
Allendale	122	116.8	Horry	3,586	139.3
Anderson	2,516	137.6	Jasper	265	118.7
Bamberg	174	113.7	Kershaw	527	89.5
Barnwell	307	134.2	Lancaster	922	121.5
Beaufort	1,515	100.7	Laurens	770	110.5
Berkeley	1,437	84.9	Lee	216	108.6
Calhoun	118	80.9	Lexington	1,553	62.5
Charleston	3,112	89.4	McCormick	37	36.7
Cherokee	652	119.9	Marion	614	181.4
Chester	483	148.1	Marlboro	381	132.7
Chesterfield	343	80.0	Newberry	161	42.6
Clarendon	355	107.1	Oconee	596	83.6
Colleton	474	121.5	Orangeburg	1,752	193.9
Darlington	1,162	173.4	Pickens	765	65.4
Dillon	577	188.0	Richland	3,928	107.9
Dorchester	919	72.3	Saluda	65	34.9
Edgefield	111	43.5	Spartanburg	3,025	107.8
Fairfield	191	81.5	Sumter	1,139	109.4
Florence	1,422	107.1	Union	252	91.1
Georgetown	669	110.2	Williamsburg	392	111.7
Greenville	4,018	91.7	York	1,724	79.3

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 BREAKING & ENTERING RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Orangeburg	1,752	193.9
Dillon	577	188.0
Marion	614	181.4
Darlington	1,162	173.4
Chester	483	148.1
Horry	3,586	139.3
Anderson	2,516	137.6
Barnwell	307	134.2
Marlboro	381	132.7
Colleton	474	121.5
Lancaster	922	121.5
Cherokee	652	119.9
Jasper	265	118.7
Allendale	122	116.8
Bamberg	174	113.7
Williamsburg	392	111.7
Laurens	770	110.5
Georgetown	669	110.2
Greenwood	754	110.0
Sumter	1,139	109.4
Lee	216	108.6
Richland	3,928	107.9
Spartanburg	3,025	107.8
Clarendon	355	107.1
Florence	1,422	107.1
Beaufort	1,515	100.7
Aiken	1,545	100.3
Hampton	208	98.7
Greenville	4,018	91.7
Union	252	91.1
Kershaw	527	89.5
Charleston	3,112	89.4
Berkeley	1,437	84.9
Oconee	596	83.6
Fairfield	191	81.5
Calhoun	118	80.9
Chesterfield	343	80.0
York	1,724	79.3
Dorchester	919	72.3
Pickens	765	65.4
Lexington	1,553	62.5
Abbeville	113	44.5
Edgefield	111	43.5
Newberry	161	42.6
McCormick	37	36.7
Saluda	65	34.9

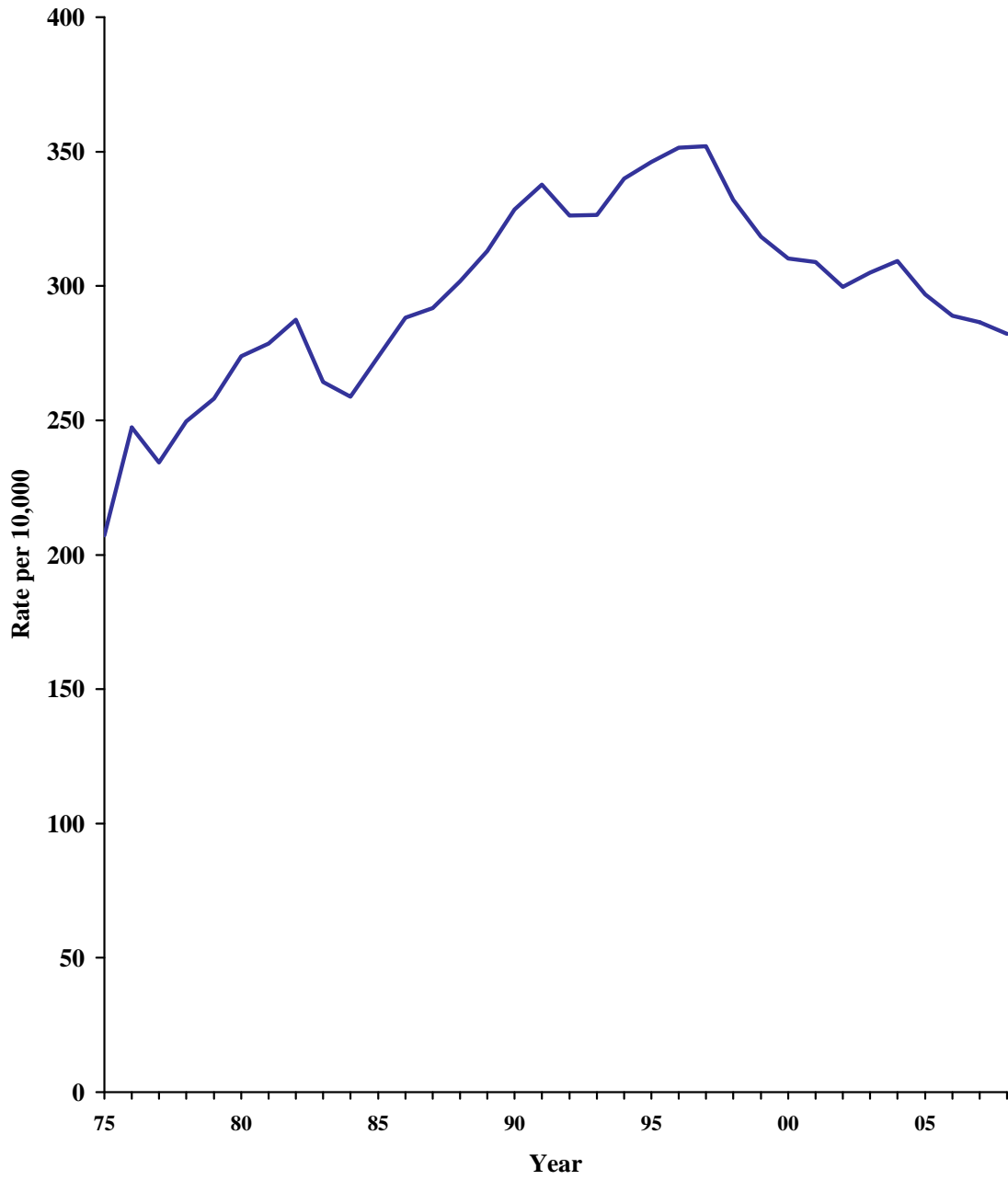
South Carolina's larceny rate decreased 1.5% from 2007 to 2008, but has increased 36.1% since 1975.

LARCENY: Larceny is the unlawful taking of property from the possession of another. It includes shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts, and accessories without force, violence or fraud. It does not include embezzlement, con games, forgery, bad checks or motor vehicle theft.

LARCENY

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	126,281	286.48
2008	126,395	282.14
% Change	+0.1%	-1.5%
10 Year		
1999	123,723	318.38
2008	126,395	282.14
% Change	+2.2%	-11.4%
20 Year		
1989	107,802	313.01
2008	126,395	282.14
% Change	+17.2%	-9.9%
Overall		
1975	58,422	207.30
2008	126,395	282.14
% Change	+116.3%	+36.1%

South Carolina Larceny Rate

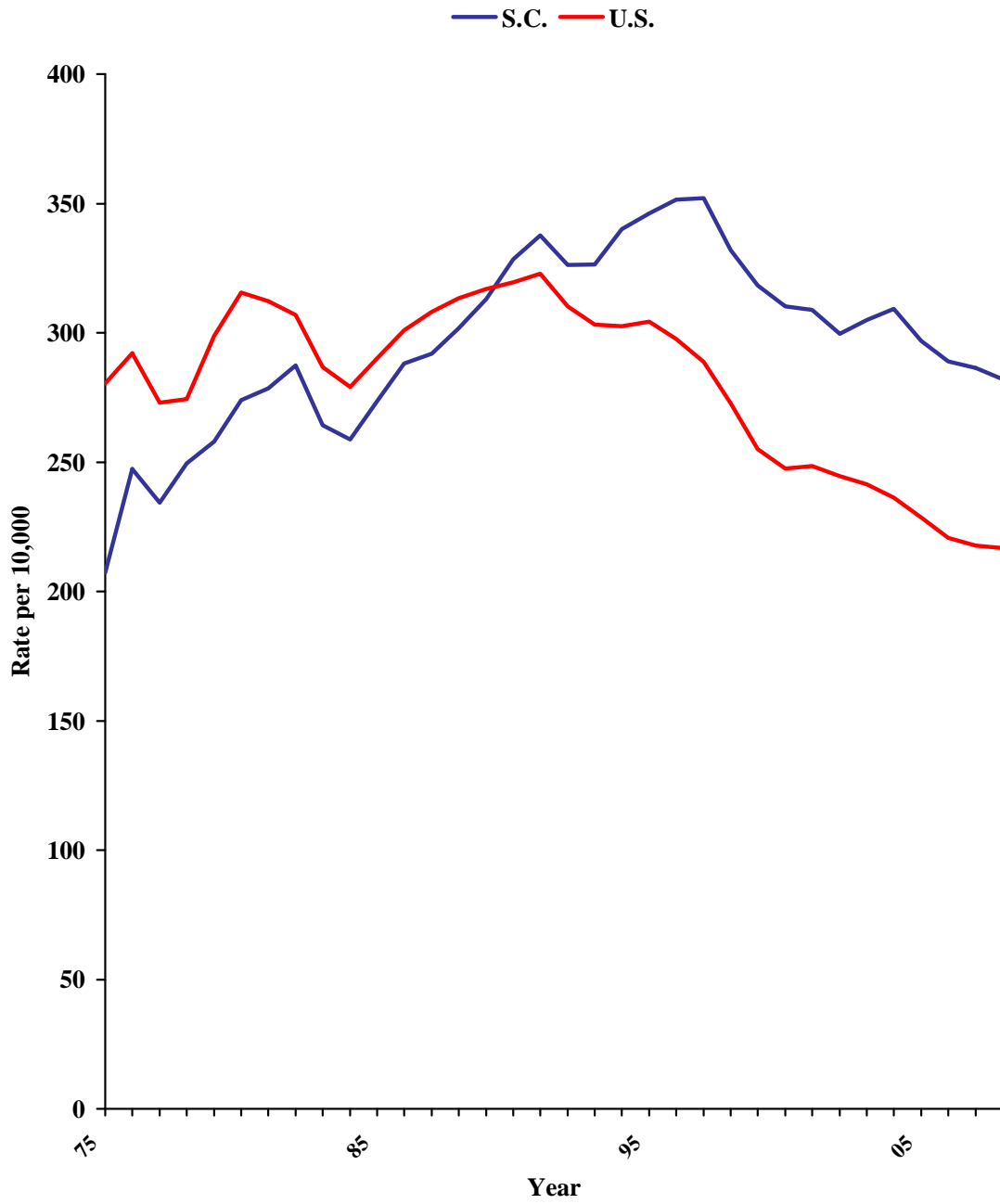


South Carolina's larceny rate has exceeded the national larceny rate since 1990.

STATE & U.S. LARCENY RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	207.3	280.5
1976	247.3	292.1
1977	234.4	273.0
1978	249.6	274.4
1979	258.0	298.8
1980	273.9	315.6
1981	278.5	312.2
1982	287.4	307.0
1983	264.3	286.7
1984	258.8	279.1
1985	273.6	290.1
1986	288.1	301.0
1987	291.9	308.1
1988	301.8	313.5
1989	313.0	317.0
1990	328.5	319.5
1991	337.8	322.9
1992	326.2	310.3
1993	326.4	303.2
1994	340.0	302.5
1995	346.1	304.4
1996	351.5	297.6
1997	352.1	288.7
1998	332.0	272.8
1999	318.4	255.1
2000	310.3	247.5
2001	308.8	248.6
2002	299.6	244.6
2003	304.9	241.5
2004	309.3	236.2
2005	296.8	228.6
2006	287.6	220.7
2007	286.5	217.8
2008	282.1	216.7

State and National Larceny Rates



**LARCENY BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	430	169.3	Greenwood	2,663	388.5
Aiken	3,975	258.0	Hampton	363	172.2
Allendale	162	155.1	Horry	11,576	449.8
Anderson	5,788	316.6	Jasper	813	364.1
Bamberg	347	226.7	Kershaw	1,172	199.0
Barnwell	685	299.5	Lancaster	1,623	213.8
Beaufort	3,928	261.1	Laurens	1,651	236.9
Berkeley	3,431	202.6	Lee	506	254.4
Calhoun	260	178.3	Lexington	5,629	226.5
Charleston	11,544	331.7	McCormick	114	112.9
Cherokee	1,528	280.9	Marion	1,275	376.7
Chester	944	289.4	Marlboro	946	329.6
Chesterfield	1,138	265.4	Newberry	823	217.6
Clarendon	947	285.7	Oconee	1,390	195.0
Colleton	1,383	354.4	Orangeburg	2,898	320.8
Darlington	2,409	359.4	Pickens	2,679	229.1
Dillon	1,275	415.3	Richland	11,921	327.5
Dorchester	2,642	207.8	Saluda	226	121.3
Edgefield	429	167.9	Spartanburg	7,665	273.0
Fairfield	569	242.8	Sumter	2,198	211.0
Florence	4,937	371.8	Union	596	215.4
Georgetown	1,889	311.0	Williamsburg	768	218.9
Greenville	11,318	258.3	York	4,942	227.3

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 LARCENY RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Horry	11,576	449.8
Dillon	1,275	415.3
Greenwood	2,663	388.5
Marion	1,275	376.7
Florence	4,937	371.8
Jasper	813	364.1
Darlington	2,409	359.4
Colleton	1,383	354.4
Charleston	11,544	331.7
Marlboro	946	329.6
Richland	11,921	327.5
Orangeburg	2,898	320.8
Anderson	5,788	316.6
Georgetown	1,889	311.0
Barnwell	685	299.5
Chester	944	289.4
Clarendon	947	285.7
Cherokee	1,528	280.9
Spartanburg	7,665	273.0
Chesterfield	1,138	265.4
Beaufort	3,928	261.1
Greenville	11,318	258.3
Aiken	3,975	258.0
Lee	506	254.4
Fairfield	569	242.8
Laurens	1,651	236.9
Pickens	2,679	229.1
York	4,942	227.3
Bamberg	347	226.7
Lexington	5,629	226.5
Williamsburg	768	218.9
Newberry	823	217.6
Union	596	215.4
Lancaster	1,623	213.8
Sumter	2,198	211.0
Dorchester	2,642	207.8
Berkeley	3,431	202.6
Kershaw	1,172	199.0
Oconee	1,390	195.0
Calhoun	260	178.3
Hampton	363	172.2
Abbeville	430	169.3
Edgefield	429	167.9
Allendale	162	155.1
Saluda	226	121.3
McCormick	114	112.9

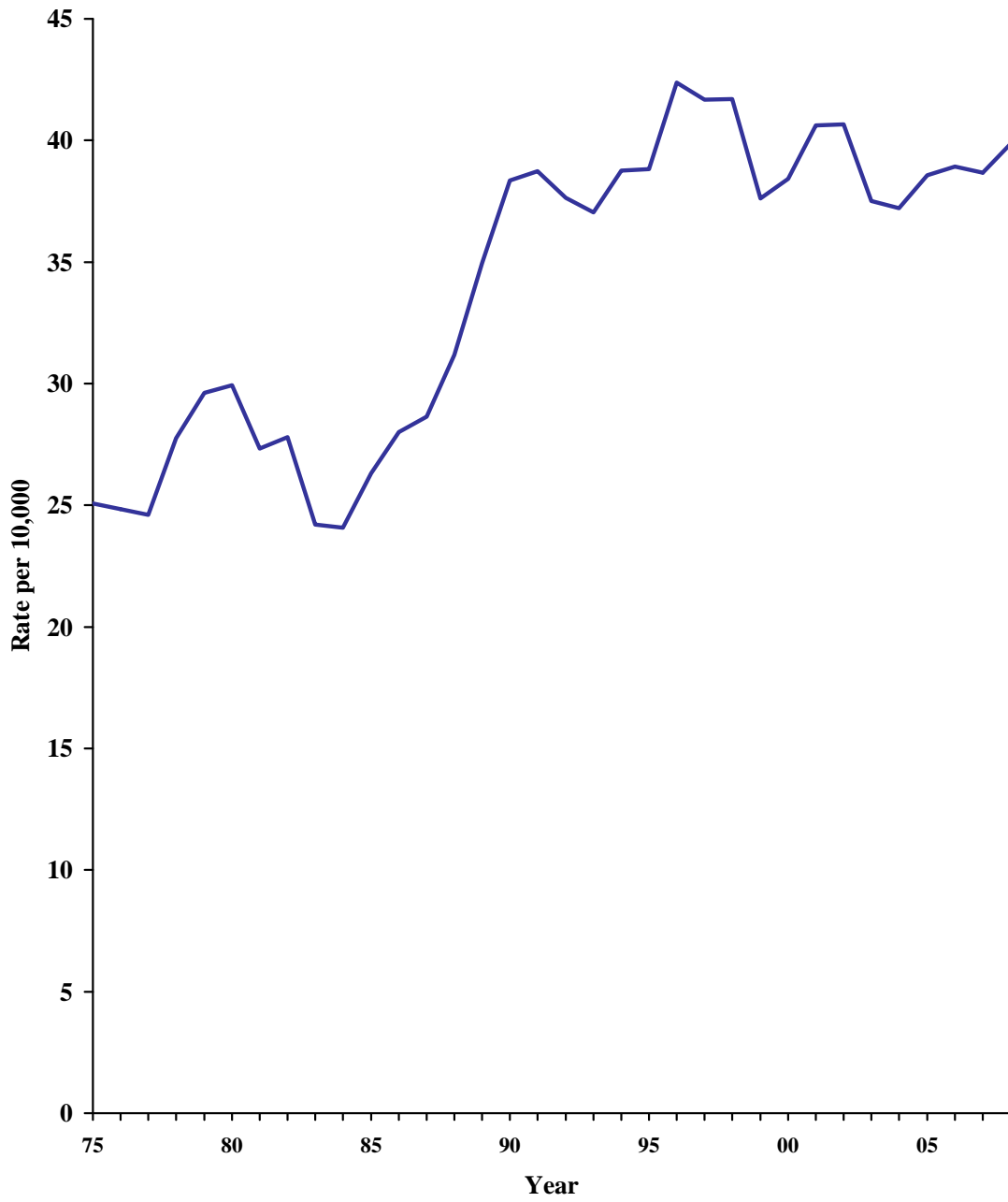
South Carolina's motor vehicle theft rate increased 3.1% from 2007 to 2008, and has increased 59% since 1975.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: Motor vehicle theft is the stealing or attempted stealing of a motor vehicle; e.g., cars, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor-scooters, etc. This excludes the unauthorized temporary taking of motor vehicles by those having lawful access.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	17,050	38.68
2008	17,858	39.86
% Change	+4.7%	+3.1%
10 Year		
1999	14,617	37.61
2008	17,858	39.86
% Change	+22.2%	+6.0%
20 Year		
1989	12,036	34.95
2008	17,858	39.86
% Change	+48.4%	+14.0%
Overall		
1975	7,065	25.07
2008	17,858	39.86
% Change	+152.8%	+59.0%

South Carolina Motor Vehicle Theft Rate

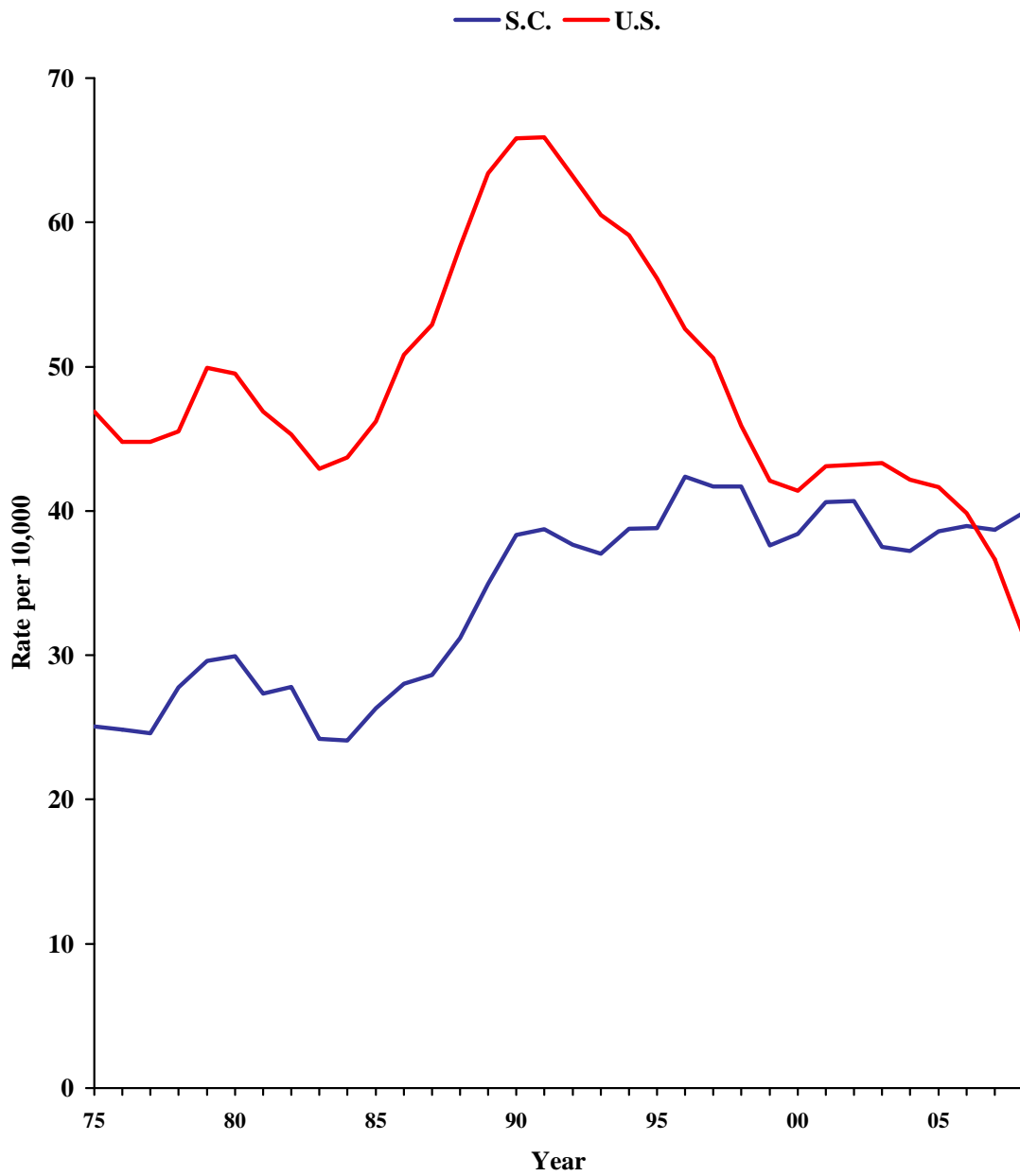


South Carolina's motor vehicle theft rate exceeded the national rate each of the last two years.

STATE & U.S. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	25.1	46.9
1976	24.8	44.8
1977	24.6	44.8
1978	27.8	45.5
1979	29.6	49.9
1980	29.9	49.5
1981	27.3	46.9
1982	27.8	45.3
1983	24.2	42.9
1984	24.1	43.7
1985	26.3	46.2
1986	28.0	50.8
1987	28.6	52.9
1988	31.2	58.3
1989	34.9	63.4
1990	38.4	65.8
1991	38.7	65.9
1992	37.6	63.2
1993	37.0	60.5
1994	38.8	59.1
1995	38.8	56.1
1996	42.4	52.6
1997	41.7	50.6
1998	41.7	45.9
1999	37.6	42.1
2000	38.4	41.4
2001	40.6	43.1
2002	40.7	43.2
2003	37.5	43.3
2004	37.2	42.2
2005	38.6	41.7
2006	38.1	38.1
2007	38.7	36.3
2008	39.9	31.5

State and National Motor Vehicle Theft Rates



**MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT BY COUNTY
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	50	19.7	Greenwood	163	23.8
Aiken	605	39.3	Hampton	35	16.6
Allendale	19	18.2	Horry	1,658	64.4
Anderson	1,011	55.3	Jasper	127	56.9
Bamberg	54	35.3	Kershaw	195	33.1
Barnwell	58	25.4	Lancaster	184	24.2
Beaufort	332	22.1	Laurens	303	43.5
Berkeley	609	36.0	Lee	95	47.8
Calhoun	81	55.5	Lexington	714	28.7
Charleston	1,748	50.2	McCormick	17	16.8
Cherokee	194	35.7	Marion	146	43.1
Chester	89	27.3	Marlboro	82	28.6
Chesterfield	87	20.3	Newberry	38	10.0
Clarendon	168	50.7	Oconee	133	18.7
Colleton	242	62.0	Orangeburg	651	72.1
Darlington	296	44.2	Pickens	310	26.5
Dillon	149	48.5	Richland	2,030	55.8
Dorchester	387	30.4	Saluda	21	11.3
Edgefield	56	21.9	Spartanburg	1,036	36.9
Fairfield	117	49.9	Sumter	351	33.7
Florence	560	42.2	Union	48	17.3
Georgetown	172	28.3	Williamsburg	141	40.2
Greenville	1,791	40.9	York	505	23.2

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 MOTOR VEHICLE RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Orangeburg	651	72.1
Horry	1,658	64.4
Colleton	242	62.0
Jasper	127	56.9
Richland	2,030	55.8
Calhoun	81	55.5
Anderson	1,011	55.3
Clarendon	168	50.7
Charleston	1,748	50.2
Fairfield	117	49.9
Dillon	149	48.5
Lee	95	47.8
Darlington	296	44.2
Laurens	303	43.5
Marion	146	43.1
Florence	560	42.2
Greenville	1,791	40.9
Williamsburg	141	40.2
Aiken	605	39.3
Spartanburg	1,036	36.9
Berkeley	609	36.0
Cherokee	194	35.7
Bamberg	54	35.3
Sumter	351	33.7
Kershaw	195	33.1
Dorchester	387	30.4
Lexington	714	28.7
Marlboro	82	28.6
Georgetown	172	28.3
Chester	89	27.3
Pickens	310	26.5
Barnwell	58	25.4
Lancaster	184	24.2
Greenwood	163	23.8
York	505	23.2
Beaufort	332	22.1
Edgefield	56	21.9
Chesterfield	87	20.3
Abbeville	50	19.7
Oconee	133	18.7
Allendale	19	18.2
Union	48	17.3
McCormick	17	16.8
Hampton	35	16.6
Saluda	21	11.3
Newberry	38	10.0

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX OFFENSE COUNTS

Year	Murder	Rape	Aggravated				MVT
			Robbery	Assault	B&E	Larceny	
1975	421	741	3,087	10,123	46,476	58,422	7,065
1976	327	888	2,938	12,471	43,246	69,639	6,995
1977	336	942	3,021	13,818	45,941	66,572	6,986
1978	337	1,026	2,934	14,179	43,356	71,829	7,991
1979	368	1,002	3,134	15,273	43,893	75,298	8,643
1980	346	1,143	3,608	15,501	50,963	85,510	9,347
1981	331	1,144	3,788	14,892	50,232	88,319	8,670
1982	348	1,244	3,922	17,547	46,675	91,929	8,890
1983	321	1,143	3,414	15,203	42,166	85,251	7,808
1984	305	1,328	3,398	15,538	40,528	84,412	7,853
1985	306	1,383	3,143	16,274	41,925	90,103	8,665
1986	291	1,395	3,357	17,731	45,218	96,004	9,331
1987	319	1,506	3,465	18,041	46,651	98,325	9,651
1988	325	1,492	4,333	19,636	49,278	102,622	10,601
1989	325	1,649	4,608	22,176	48,922	107,802	12,036
1990	388	1,866	5,303	26,750	48,017	114,925	13,420
1991	408	2,115	6,097	26,116	51,887	120,139	13,781
1992	402	2,251	6,399	26,807	49,895	117,280	13,532
1993	400	1,997	7,017	28,905	47,143	118,426	13,444
1994	366	2,084	6,954	29,664	46,846	124,567	14,201
1995	292	1,820	6,573	28,287	46,452	127,131	14,256
1996	348	1,897	6,327	28,527	46,983	130,642	15,754
1997	321	1,905	6,514	28,647	45,934	132,378	15,673
1998	305	1,793	5,921	26,951	44,319	127,486	16,013
1999	285	1,720	6,049	25,865	40,475	123,723	14,617
2000	297	1,688	6,134	24,991	39,406	124,832	15,455
2001	320	1,764	5,961	24,855	41,453	125,443	16,497
2002	306	1,986	5,898	26,079	42,489	123,052	16,701
2003	302	1,921	5,800	25,373	42,710	126,446	15,552
2004	291	1,775	5,470	25,664	42,456	129,827	15,626
2005	315	1,875	5,639	24,750	41,733	126,300	16,415
2006	360	1,842	5,936	25,271	43,163	124,875	16,825
2007	356	1,715	6,294	26,096	45,340	126,281	17,050
2008	314	1,651	6,549	24,155	45,967	126,395	17,858

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX OFFENSE RATES

Year	Murder	Aggravated			B&E	Larceny	MVT
		Rape	Robbery	Assault			
1975	1.49	2.63	10.95	35.92	164.91	207.30	25.07
1976	1.16	3.15	10.43	44.29	153.57	247.30	24.84
1977	1.18	3.32	10.64	48.65	161.76	234.41	24.60
1978	1.17	3.56	10.19	49.27	150.65	249.58	27.77
1979	1.26	3.43	10.74	52.34	150.42	258.05	29.62
1980	1.11	3.66	11.56	48.21	163.24	273.89	29.94
1981	1.04	3.61	11.95	46.96	158.41	278.52	27.34
1982	1.09	3.89	12.26	54.85	145.90	287.37	27.79
1983	1.00	3.54	10.59	47.14	130.75	264.34	24.21
1984	0.94	4.07	10.42	47.63	124.24	258.77	24.07
1985	0.93	4.20	9.54	49.42	127.32	273.62	26.31
1986	0.87	4.19	10.08	53.21	135.71	288.13	28.00
1987	0.95	4.47	10.28	53.55	138.47	291.85	28.65
1988	0.96	4.39	12.74	57.75	144.94	301.83	31.18
1989	0.94	4.79	13.38	64.39	142.05	313.01	34.95
1990	1.11	5.33	15.16	76.45	137.23	328.45	38.35
1991	1.15	5.95	17.14	73.42	145.87	337.75	38.74
1992	1.12	6.26	17.80	74.57	138.79	326.23	37.64
1993	1.10	5.50	19.33	79.63	129.87	326.41	37.04
1994	1.00	5.69	18.98	80.96	127.85	339.98	38.76
1995	0.79	4.96	17.90	77.01	126.47	346.12	38.81
1996	0.94	5.10	17.02	76.75	126.40	351.47	42.38
1997	0.85	5.07	17.32	76.19	122.16	352.07	41.68
1998	0.79	4.67	15.42	70.18	115.41	331.99	41.70
1999	0.73	4.43	15.57	66.56	104.16	318.38	37.61
2000	0.74	4.20	15.25	62.12	97.95	310.30	38.42
2001	0.79	4.34	14.68	61.19	102.05	308.82	40.61
2002	0.75	4.84	14.36	63.50	103.46	299.62	40.66
2003	0.73	4.63	13.99	61.18	102.99	304.91	37.50
2004	0.69	4.23	13.03	61.13	101.13	309.26	37.22
2005	0.74	4.41	13.25	58.17	98.08	296.83	38.58
2006	0.83	4.26	13.74	58.48	99.89	289.00	38.94
2007	0.81	3.89	14.28	59.20	102.86	286.48	38.68
2008	0.70	3.69	14.62	53.92	102.61	282.14	39.86

ARRESTS

Arrest counts provide a measure of law enforcement's response to crime. Arrest rates also provide estimates of criminal offenses such as illegal drug use or driving under the influence for which there are no victims who are likely to report the behavior. Arrest practices, policies, and enforcement emphases vary from place to place and even within a community over time. The arrest practices for certain unlawful conduct such as drunkenness, disorderly conduct, vagrancy, and related violations may differ among agencies. But the practices for robbery, burglary, and other serious crime arrests are more likely to be uniform and consistent throughout all jurisdictions. Uniform Crime Reporting procedures require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. Annual arrest figures do not measure the number of individuals arrested, since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses. In this report, arrests are presented either as the actual number of arrests or as arrest rates per 10,000 unit of population. Arrest rates are calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Arrest Rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Arrests}}{\text{Population}} \times 10,000$$

State and county population estimates used to calculate arrest rates were provided by the South Carolina Budget and Control Board, Office of Research and Statistics. Arrest data for 2001 are not available, and are not included in any of the data tables or charts that follow. Arrest data for 2005 had not been previously published.

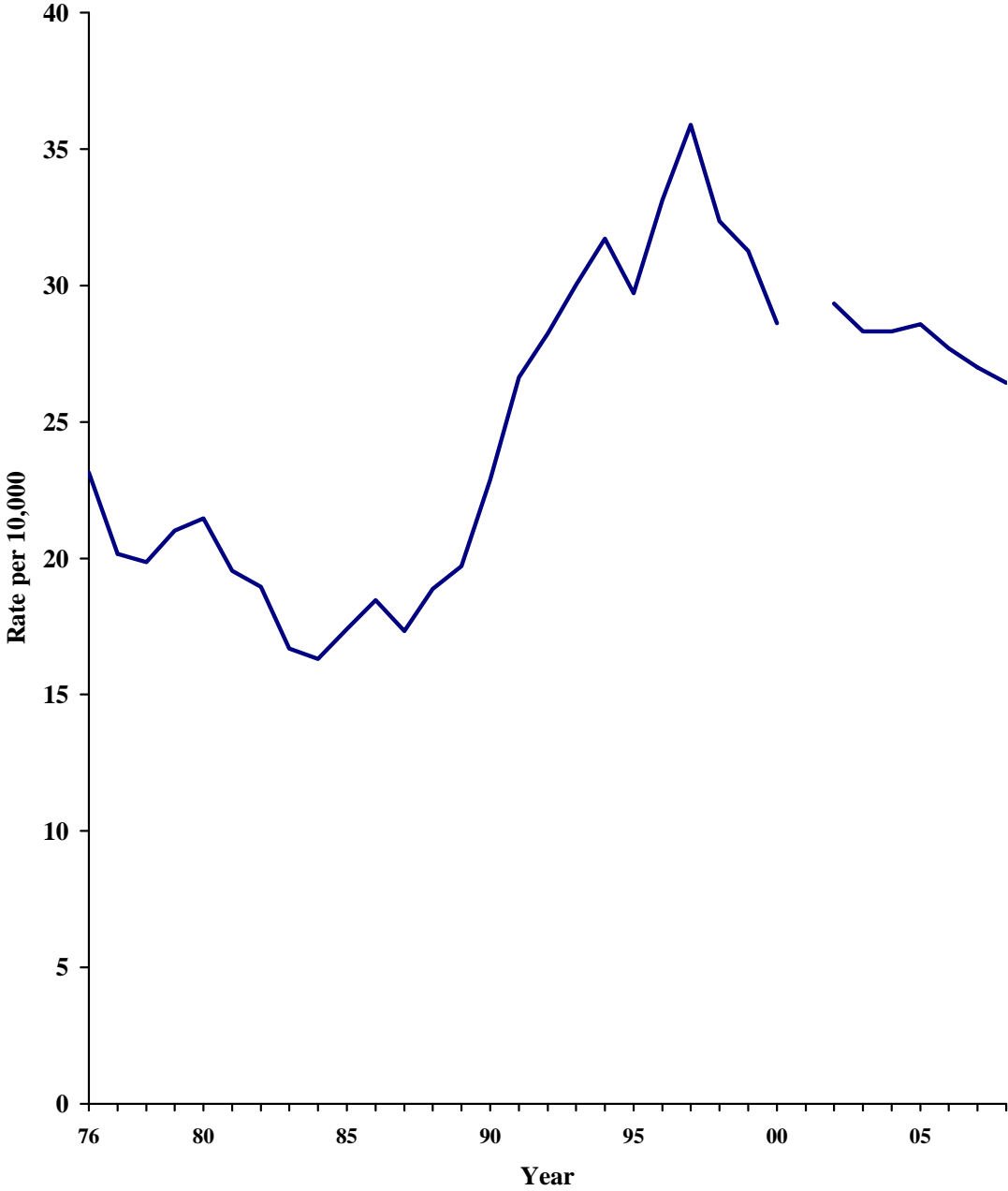
South Carolina's violent crime arrest rate decreased 2.1% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the violent crime arrest rate has increased 14.1%.

VIOLENT CRIME: Violent crime consists of murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault, and involves the element of personal confrontation between the victim and offender.

VIOLENT CRIME ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	11,898	26.99
2008	11,836	26.42
% Change	-0.5%	-2.1%
10 Year		
1999	12,147	31.26
2008	11,836	26.42
% Change	-2.6%	-15.5%
20 Year		
1989	6,787	19.71
2008	11,836	26.42
% Change	+74.4%	+34.0%
Overall		
1976	6,519	23.15
2008	11,836	26.42
% Change	+81.6%	+14.1%

South Carolina Violent Crime Arrest Rate



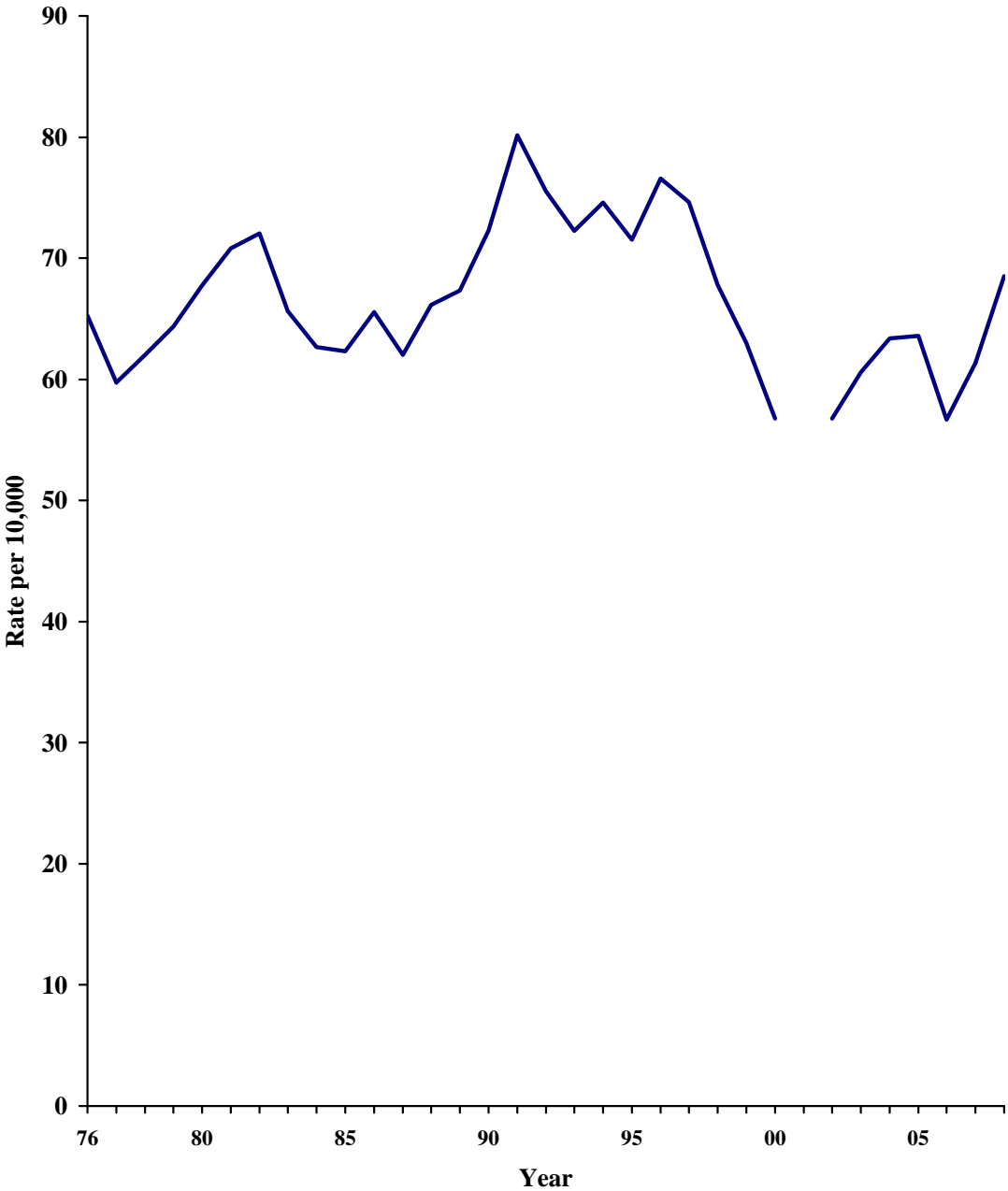
South Carolina's property crime arrest rate increased 11.7% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the property crime arrest rate increased 5%.

PROPERTY CRIME: Property crime consists of the offenses of breaking or entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft.

PROPERTY CRIME ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	27,043	61.35
2008	30,697	68.52
% Change	+13.5%	+11.7%
10 Year		
1999	24,474	62.98
2008	30,697	68.52
% Change	+25.4%	+8.8%
20 Year		
1989	23,186	67.32
2008	30,697	68.52
% Change	+32.4%	+1.8%
Overall		
1976	18,375	65.25
2008	30,697	68.52
% Change	+67.1%	+5.0%

South Carolina Property Crime Arrest Rate



SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX ARREST COUNT

Year	Murder	Aggravated					MVT
		Rape	Robbery	Assault	B&E	Larceny	
1976	347	433	1,019	4,720	5,979	11,393	1,003
1977	346	434	902	4,044	5,333	10,832	797
1978	356	457	900	4,000	5,635	11,325	890
1979	403	497	950	4,281	5,806	12,037	940
1980	378	452	1,035	4,836	6,734	13,516	904
1981	307	462	1,115	4,314	6,957	14,679	824
1982	361	532	1,048	4,124	6,556	15,725	771
1983	334	526	1,041	3,483	5,810	14,680	679
1984	283	570	945	3,520	5,523	14,206	716
1985	323	632	818	3,961	5,353	14,353	823
1986	289	653	934	4,274	5,664	15,218	964
1987	288	685	883	3,985	5,356	14,688	852
1988	336	651	1,011	4,420	5,783	15,661	1,050
1989	310	699	1,052	4,726	5,758	16,221	1,207
1990	397	721	1,180	5,695	5,862	18,021	1,361
1991	463	884	1,661	6,465	6,967	19,959	1,578
1992	467	967	1,651	7,069	6,864	18,636	1,644
1993	476	804	1,828	7,736	6,325	18,536	1,368
1994	447	801	1,854	8,518	6,188	19,818	1,319
1995	351	665	1,808	8,697	5,887	20,361	1,101
1996	355	665	1,808	9,488	6,011	21,275	1,173
1997	358	727	2,146	10,265	6,272	20,753	1,038
1998	355	702	1,763	9,625	5,439	19,644	949
1999	306	682	1,767	9,392	5,016	18,529	929
2000	310	592	1,802	8,903	4,691	17,527	890
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	290	767	1,636	9,357	4,690	17,646	981
2003	309	593	1,677	9,130	4,950	18,978	1,123
2004	283	596	1,741	9,265	5,221	20,179	1,199
2005	305	650	1,842	9,360	5,690	20,044	1,318
2006	349	533	1,995	9,138	5,588	17,713	1,290
2007	350	504	2,009	9,035	5,854	19,982	1,207
2008	297	456	2,118	8,965	5,677	23,784	1,236

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX ARREST RATES

Year	Aggravated						
	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	1.23	1.54	3.62	16.76	21.23	40.46	3.56
1977	1.22	1.53	3.18	14.24	18.78	38.14	2.81
1978	1.24	1.59	3.13	13.90	19.58	39.35	3.09
1979	1.38	1.70	3.26	14.67	19.90	41.25	3.22
1980	1.21	1.45	3.32	15.49	21.57	43.29	2.90
1981	0.97	1.46	3.52	13.60	21.94	46.29	2.60
1982	1.13	1.66	3.28	12.89	20.49	49.16	2.41
1983	1.04	1.63	3.23	10.80	18.02	45.52	2.11
1984	0.87	1.75	2.90	10.79	16.93	43.55	2.19
1985	0.98	1.92	2.48	12.03	16.26	43.59	2.50
1986	0.87	1.96	2.80	12.83	17.00	45.67	2.89
1987	0.85	2.03	2.62	11.83	15.90	43.60	2.53
1988	0.99	1.91	2.97	13.00	17.01	46.06	3.09
1989	0.90	2.03	3.05	13.72	16.72	47.10	3.50
1990	1.13	2.06	3.37	16.28	16.75	51.50	3.89
1991	1.30	2.49	4.67	18.18	19.59	56.11	4.44
1992	1.30	2.69	4.59	19.66	19.09	51.84	4.57
1993	1.31	2.21	5.04	21.31	17.42	51.06	3.77
1994	1.22	2.19	5.06	23.25	16.89	54.09	3.60
1995	0.95	1.81	4.92	23.68	16.03	55.43	3.00
1996	0.96	1.79	4.86	25.53	16.17	57.24	3.16
1997	0.95	1.93	5.71	27.30	16.68	55.19	2.76
1998	0.87	1.83	4.67	25.07	14.16	51.16	2.47
1999	0.79	1.76	4.55	24.17	12.91	47.68	2.39
2000	0.75	1.45	4.41	22.01	11.46	43.12	2.20
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	0.71	1.87	3.98	22.78	11.42	42.97	2.39
2003	0.75	1.43	4.04	22.02	11.94	45.76	2.71
2004	0.67	1.42	4.15	22.07	12.44	48.07	2.86
2005	0.72	1.53	4.33	22.00	13.37	47.11	3.10
2006	0.81	1.23	4.62	21.15	12.93	40.99	2.99
2007	0.79	1.14	4.56	20.50	13.28	45.33	2.74
2008	0.66	1.02	4.73	20.01	12.67	53.09	2.76

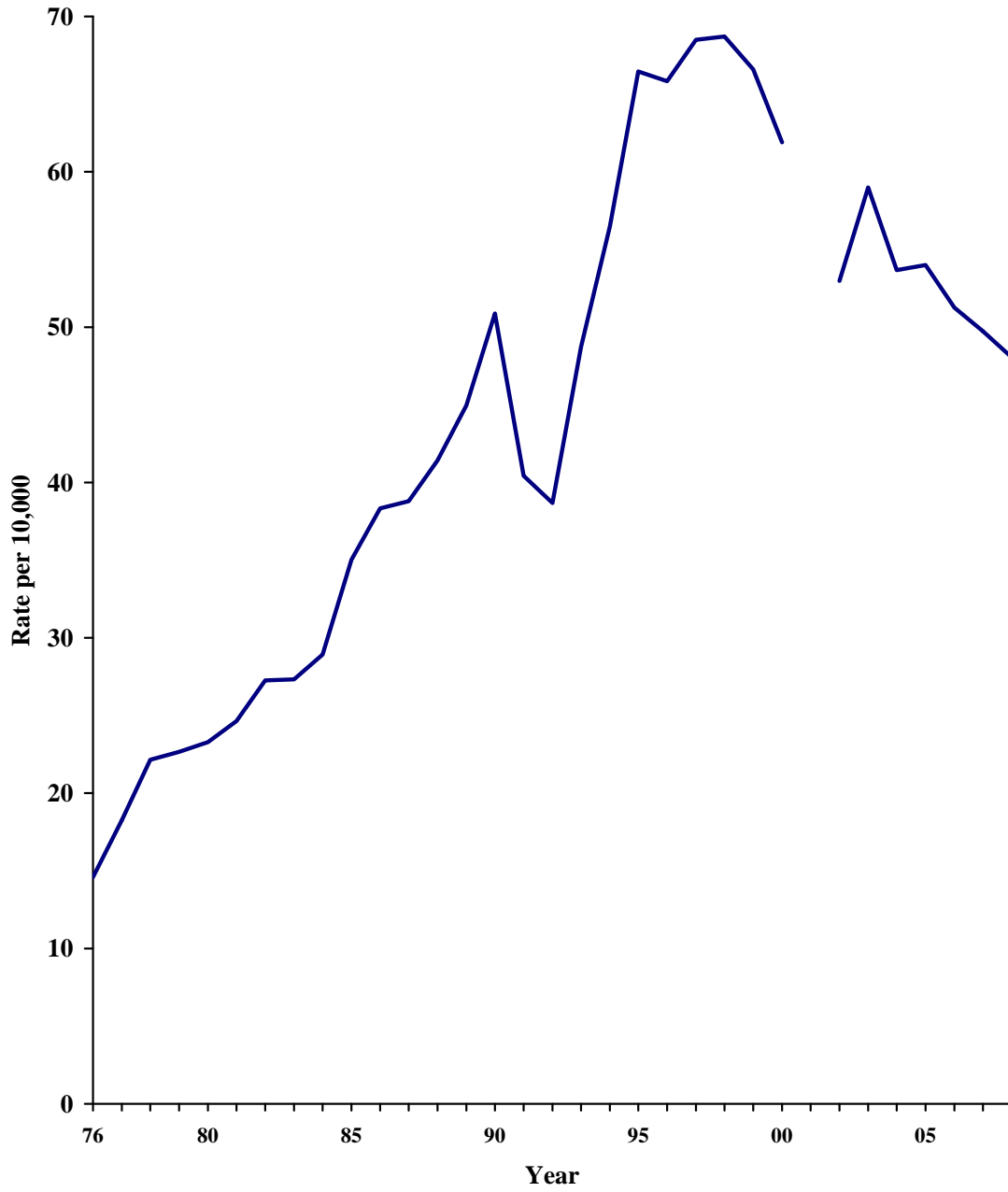
South Carolina's simple assault arrest rate decreased 3.4% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the simple assault arrest rate has increased 229.4%.

SIMPLE ASSAULT: An unlawful attack upon a person where the offender does not display a weapon, and where the victim does not suffer severe or aggravated bodily injury.

SIMPLE ASSAULT ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	21,927	49.74
2008	21,530	48.06
% Change	-1.8%	-3.4%
10 Year		
1999	25,880	66.60
2008	21,530	48.06
% Change	-16.8%	-27.8%
20 Year		
1989	15,486	44.97
2008	21,530	48.06
% Change	+39.0%	+6.9%
Overall		
1976	4,108	14.59
2008	21,530	48.06
% Change	+424.1%	+229.4%

South Carolina Simple Assault Arrest Rate



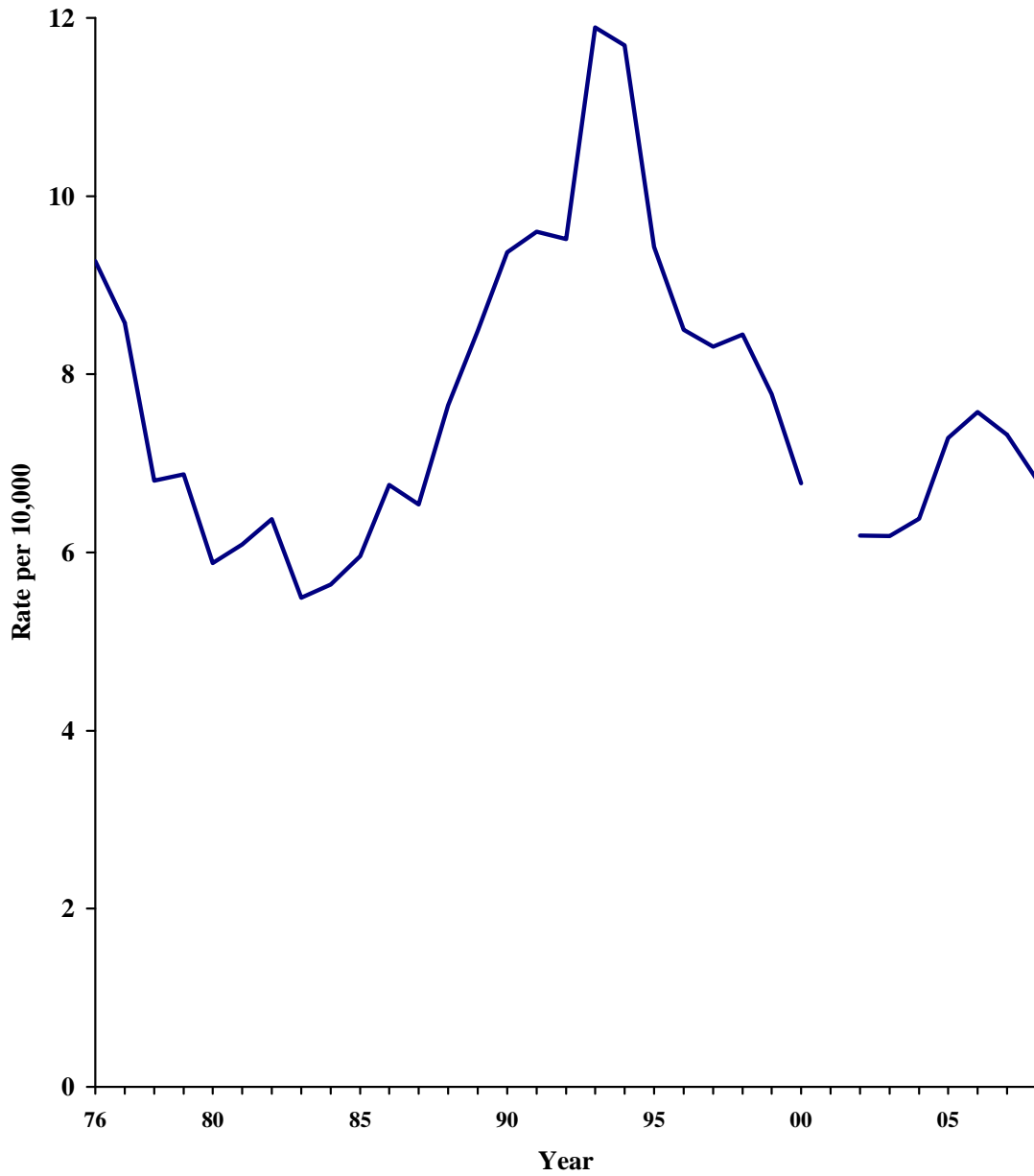
South Carolina's arrest rate for weapons law violations decreased 6.8% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the arrest rate decreased 26.4%.

WEAPONS LAW VIOLATIONS: The violation of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, or other deadly weapons.

WEAPONS LAW VIOLATION ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	3,227	7.32
2008	3,056	6.82
% Change	-5.3%	-6.8%
10 Year		
1999	3,022	7.78
2008	3,056	6.82
% Change	+1.1%	-12.3%
20 Year		
1989	2,923	8.49
2008	3,056	6.82
% Change	+4.6%	-19.7%
Overall		
1976	2,611	9.27
2008	3,056	6.82
% Change	+17.0%	-26.4%

South Carolina Weapons Law Violation Arrest Rate



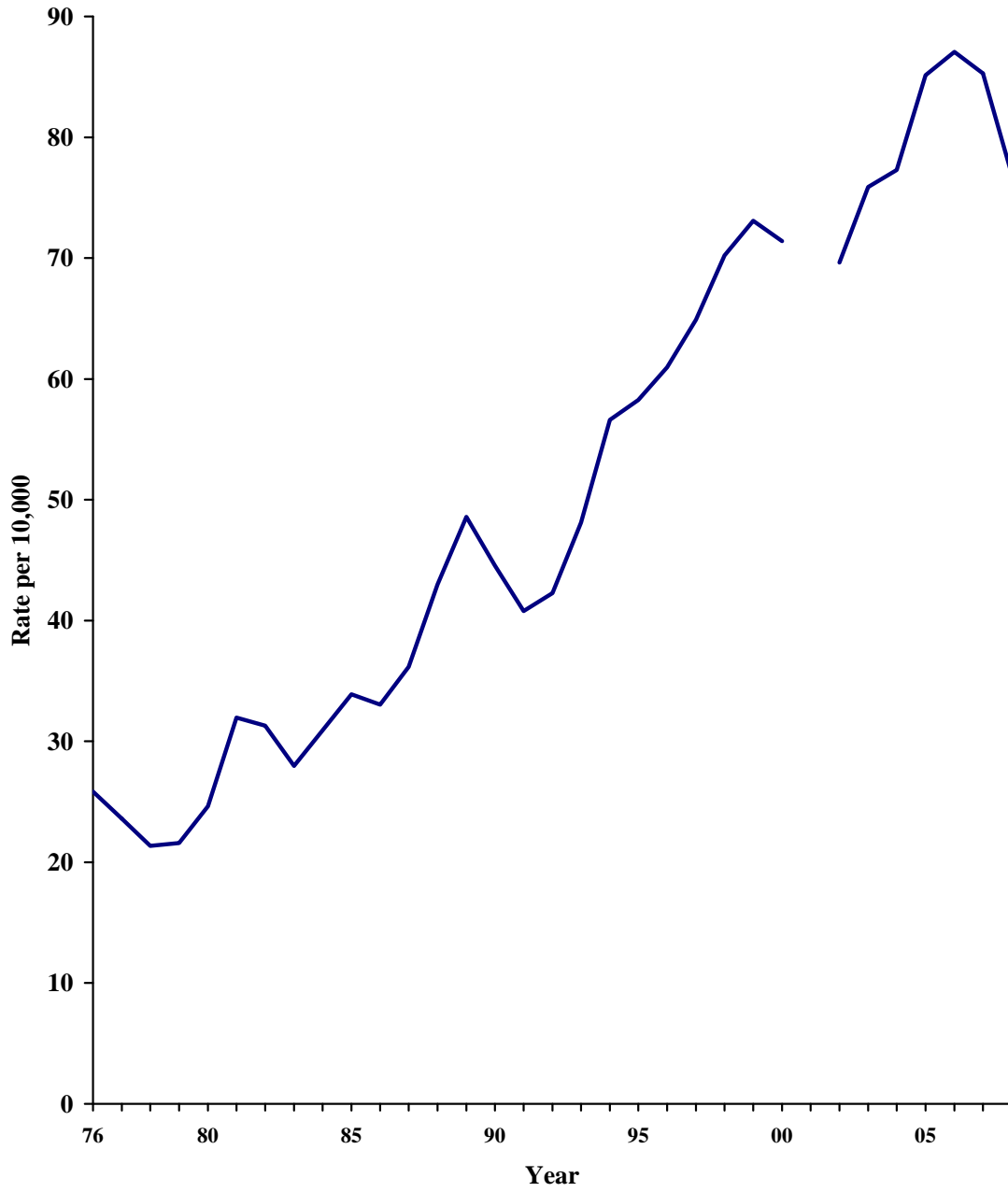
South Carolina's drug law arrest rate decreased 9.8% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the arrest rate increased 197.7%.

DRUG LAWS: The drug law arrest rate includes arrests for crimes related to the possession, distribution or manufacture of illegal narcotic substances.

DRUG LAW ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	37,594	85.29
2008	34,474	76.95
% Change	-8.3%	-9.8%
10 Year		
1999	28,397	73.08
2008	34,474	76.95
% Change	+21.4%	+5.3%
20 Year		
1989	16,734	48.59
2008	34,474	76.95
% Change	+106.0%	+58.4%
Overall		
1976	7,280	25.85
2008	34,474	76.95
% Change	+373.5%	+197.7%

South Carolina Drug Law Arrest Rate



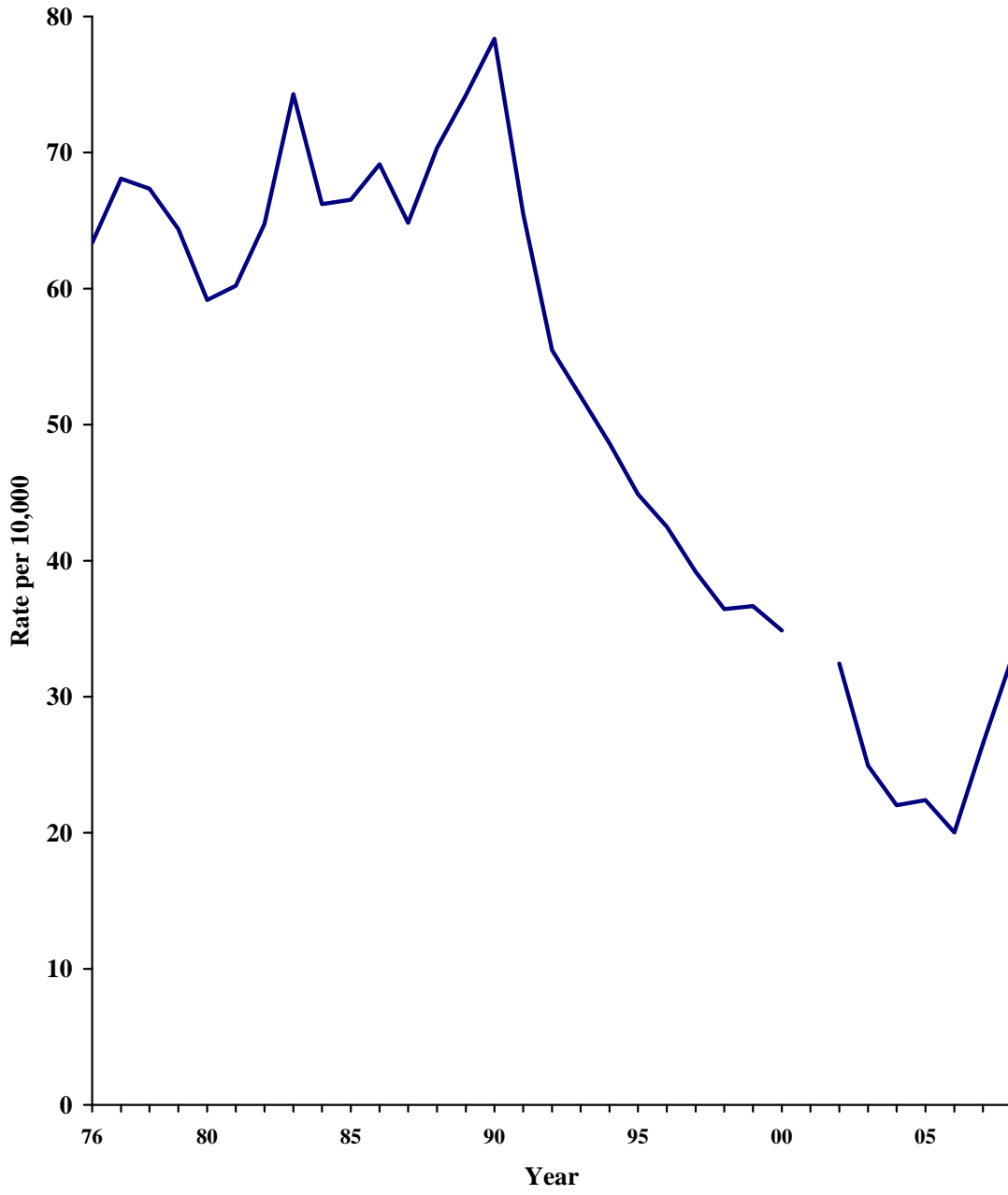
South Carolina's DUI arrest rate increased 23.5% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the DUI arrest rate decreased 48.3%.

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE: DUI consists of driving or operating a motor vehicle while mentally or physically impaired as the result of using alcohol, legal drugs, illegal drugs or narcotics.

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	11,701	26.54
2008	14,682	32.77
% Change	+25.5%	+23.5%
10 Year		
1999	14,246	36.66
2008	14,682	32.77
% Change	+3.1%	-10.6%
20 Year		
1989	25,561	74.22
2008	14,682	32.77
% Change	-42.6%	-55.8%
Overall		
1976	17,839	63.35
2008	14,682	32.77
% Change	-17.7%	-48.3%

South Carolina DUI Arrest Rate



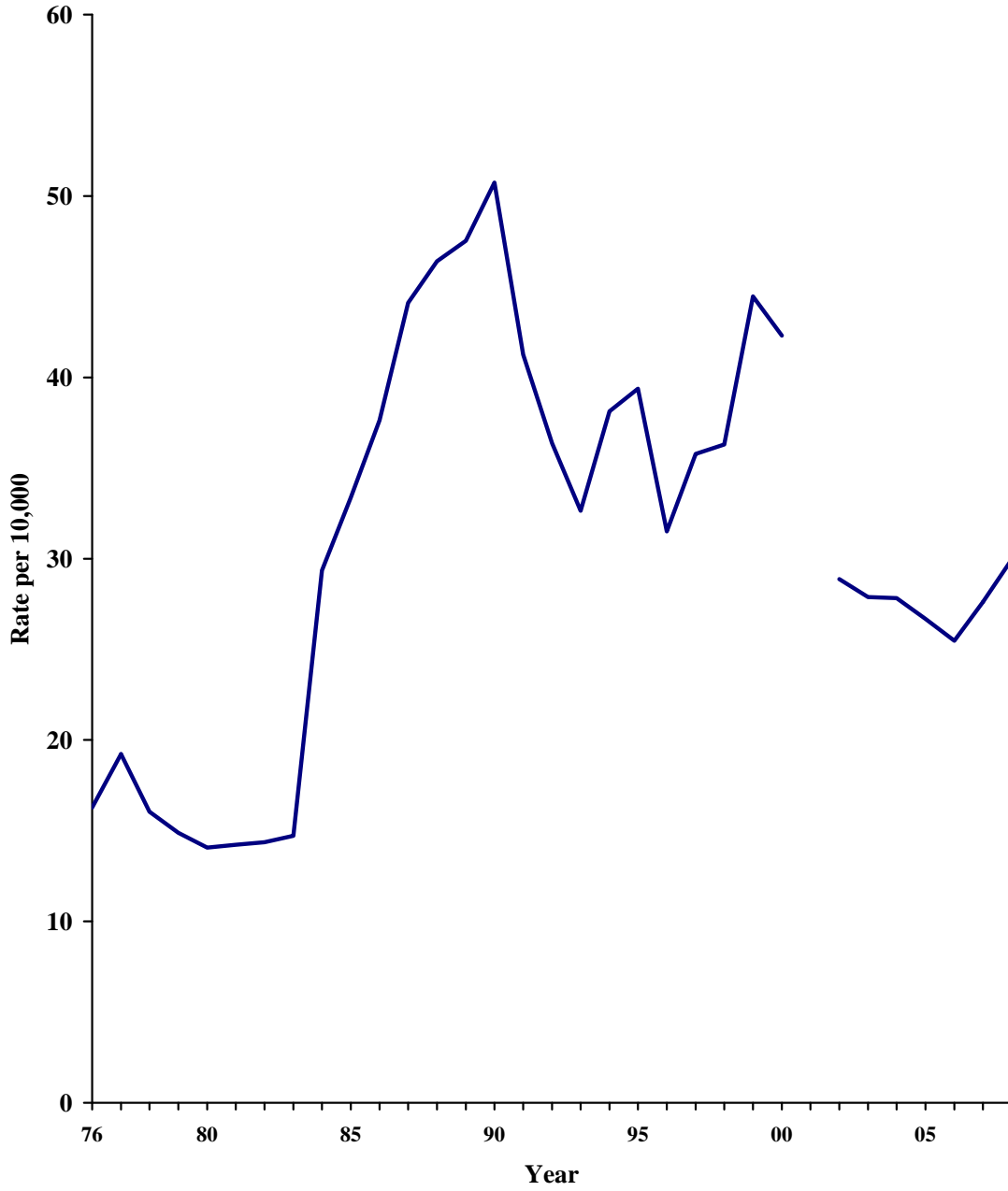
South Carolina's liquor law arrest rate increased 8.4% from 2007 to 2008. From 1976 through 2008, the liquor law arrest rate has increased 83.9%.

LIQUOR LAWS: Violation of laws pertaining to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of alcoholic beverages.

LIQUOR LAW ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	12,174	27.62
2008	13,417	29.95
% Change	+10.2%	+8.4%
10 Year		
1999	17,277	44.46
2008	13,417	29.95
% Change	-22.3%	-32.6%
20 Year		
1989	16,369	47.53
2008	13,417	29.95
% Change	-18.0%	-37.0%
Overall		
1976	4,586	16.29
2008	13,417	29.95
% Change	+192.6%	+83.9%

South Carolina Liquor Law Arrest Rate



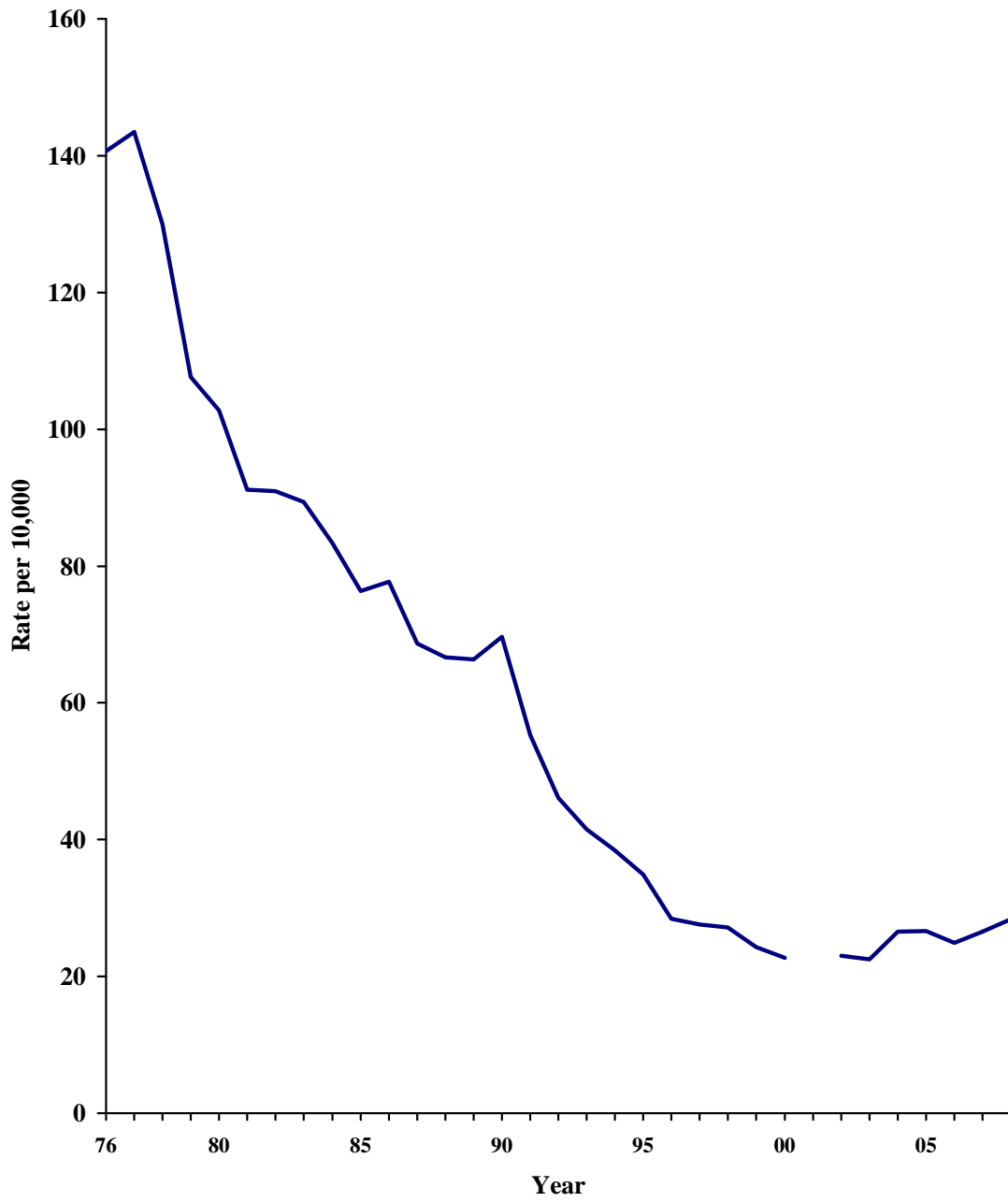
South Carolina's drunkenness arrest rate increased 6.8% from 2007 to 2008. The drunkenness arrest rate has decreased 79.8% since 1976.

DRUNKENNESS: To drink alcoholic beverages to the extent that one's mental faculties and physical coordination are substantially impaired. This offense includes the offenses of drunk and disorderly, common drunkard, habitual drunkard, and intoxication.

DRUNKENNESS ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2007	11,701	26.54
2008	12,701	28.35
% Change	+8.5%	+6.8%
10 Year		
1999	9,456	24.33
2008	12,701	28.35
% Change	+34.3%	+16.5%
20 Year		
1989	22,856	66.36
2008	12,701	28.35
% Change	-44.4%	-57.3%
Overall		
1976	39,617	140.69
2008	12,701	28.35
% Change	-67.9%	-79.8%

South Carolina Drunkenness Arrest Rate



SOUTH CAROLINA SELECTED OFFENSE ARREST COUNT

Year	Simple Assault	Weapons	Drug Laws	DUI	Liquor Laws	Drunken
1976	4,108	2,611	7,280	17,839	4,586	39,617
1977	5,189	2,435	6,707	19,334	5,460	40,741
1978	6,373	1,959	6,145	19,383	4,621	37,409
1979	6,612	2,006	6,299	18,785	4,346	31,407
1980	7,269	1,837	7,687	18,473	4,392	32,085
1981	7,814	1,930	10,135	19,089	4,512	28,912
1982	8,721	2,039	10,016	20,718	4,595	29,101
1983	8,813	1,770	9,020	23,959	4,747	28,829
1984	9,435	1,839	10,083	21,600	9,576	27,190
1985	11,532	1,962	11,165	21,908	10,990	25,153
1986	12,769	2,252	11,014	23,039	12,539	25,883
1987	13,069	2,203	12,187	21,843	14,858	23,143
1988	14,086	2,602	14,616	23,914	15,775	22,666
1989	15,486	2,923	16,734	25,561	16,369	22,856
1990	17,801	3,278	15,585	27,415	17,751	24,378
1991	14,379	3,416	14,506	23,302	14,676	19,666
1992	13,907	3,422	15,199	19,945	13,074	16,582
1993	17,687	4,318	17,464	18,905	11,851	15,072
1994	20,694	4,283	20,742	17,813	13,970	14,080
1995	24,409	3,463	21,399	16,488	14,463	12,818
1996	24,469	3,160	22,660	15,799	11,712	10,569
1997	25,753	3,124	24,405	14,732	13,453	10,393
1998	26,385	3,243	26,961	13,991	13,938	10,440
1999	25,880	3,022	28,397	14,246	17,277	9,456
2000	24,901	2,752	28,729	14,025	17,017	9,126
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	21,755	2,541	28,600	13,318	11,860	9,464
2003	24,462	2,565	31,474	10,343	11,563	9,326
2004	22,533	2,678	32,445	9,245	11,681	11,143
2005	22,979	3,101	36,222	9,533	11,353	11,323
2006	22,147	3,274	37,618	8,651	11,009	10,758
2007	21,927	3,227	37,594	11,701	12,174	11,701
2008	21,530	3,056	34,474	14,682	13,417	12,701

SOUTH CAROLINA SELECTED OFFENSE ARREST RATES

Year	Simple Assault	Weapons	Drug Laws	DUI	Liquor Laws	Drunken
1976	14.59	9.27	25.85	63.35	16.29	140.69
1977	18.27	8.57	23.62	68.08	19.23	143.45
1978	22.14	6.81	21.35	67.35	16.06	129.98
1979	22.66	6.87	21.59	64.38	14.89	107.63
1980	23.28	5.88	24.62	59.17	14.07	102.77
1981	24.64	6.09	31.96	60.20	14.23	91.18
1982	27.26	6.37	31.31	64.76	14.36	90.97
1983	27.33	5.49	27.97	74.29	14.72	89.39
1984	28.92	5.64	30.91	66.22	29.36	83.35
1985	35.02	5.96	33.91	66.53	33.37	76.38
1986	38.32	6.76	33.06	69.14	37.63	77.68
1987	38.79	6.54	36.17	64.84	44.10	68.69
1988	41.43	7.65	42.99	70.34	46.40	66.66
1989	44.97	8.49	48.59	74.22	47.53	66.36
1990	50.87	9.37	44.54	78.35	50.73	69.67
1991	40.42	9.60	40.78	65.51	41.26	55.29
1992	38.68	9.52	42.28	55.48	36.37	46.13
1993	48.72	11.90	48.11	52.08	32.65	41.52
1994	56.48	11.69	56.61	48.62	38.13	38.43
1995	66.46	9.43	58.26	44.89	39.38	34.90
1996	65.83	8.50	60.96	42.50	31.51	28.43
1997	68.49	8.31	64.91	39.18	35.78	27.64
1998	68.71	8.45	70.21	36.43	36.30	27.19
1999	66.60	7.78	73.08	36.66	44.46	24.33
2000	61.90	6.77	71.41	34.86	42.30	22.68
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	52.97	6.19	69.64	32.43	28.88	23.04
2003	59.14	6.20	76.10	25.01	27.96	22.55
2004	53.68	6.38	77.29	22.02	27.83	26.54
2005	54.00	7.29	85.13	22.40	26.68	26.61
2006	51.25	7.58	87.06	20.02	25.48	24.90
2007	49.74	7.32	85.29	26.54	27.62	26.54
2008	48.06	6.82	76.95	32.77	29.95	28.35

JUVENILE ARRESTS

Besides being a gauge of law enforcement's response to crime, arrests provide reliable information concerning the age of apprehended offenders. Consequently, arrest rates by age provide one of the best readily available measures of juvenile delinquency. Uniform Crime Reporting procedures require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. As a result, annual arrest figures do not measure the number of individual juveniles arrested, since one juvenile might be arrested several times during a year. State law sets the age of adult responsibility in most criminal matters at seventeen years of age, so juvenile arrest rates were calculated on the basis of the juvenile (age 0 through 16) population for each year in question.

$$\text{Juvenile Arrest Rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Juveniles Arrested}}{\text{Juvenile Population}} \times 10,000$$

State and county population estimates used to identify the 0 through 16 age population group and calculate arrest rates were provided by the South Carolina Budget and Control Board, Office of Research and Statistics. Arrest data for 2001 are not available, and are not included in any of the data tables or charts that follow. Arrest data for 2005 had not been previously published.

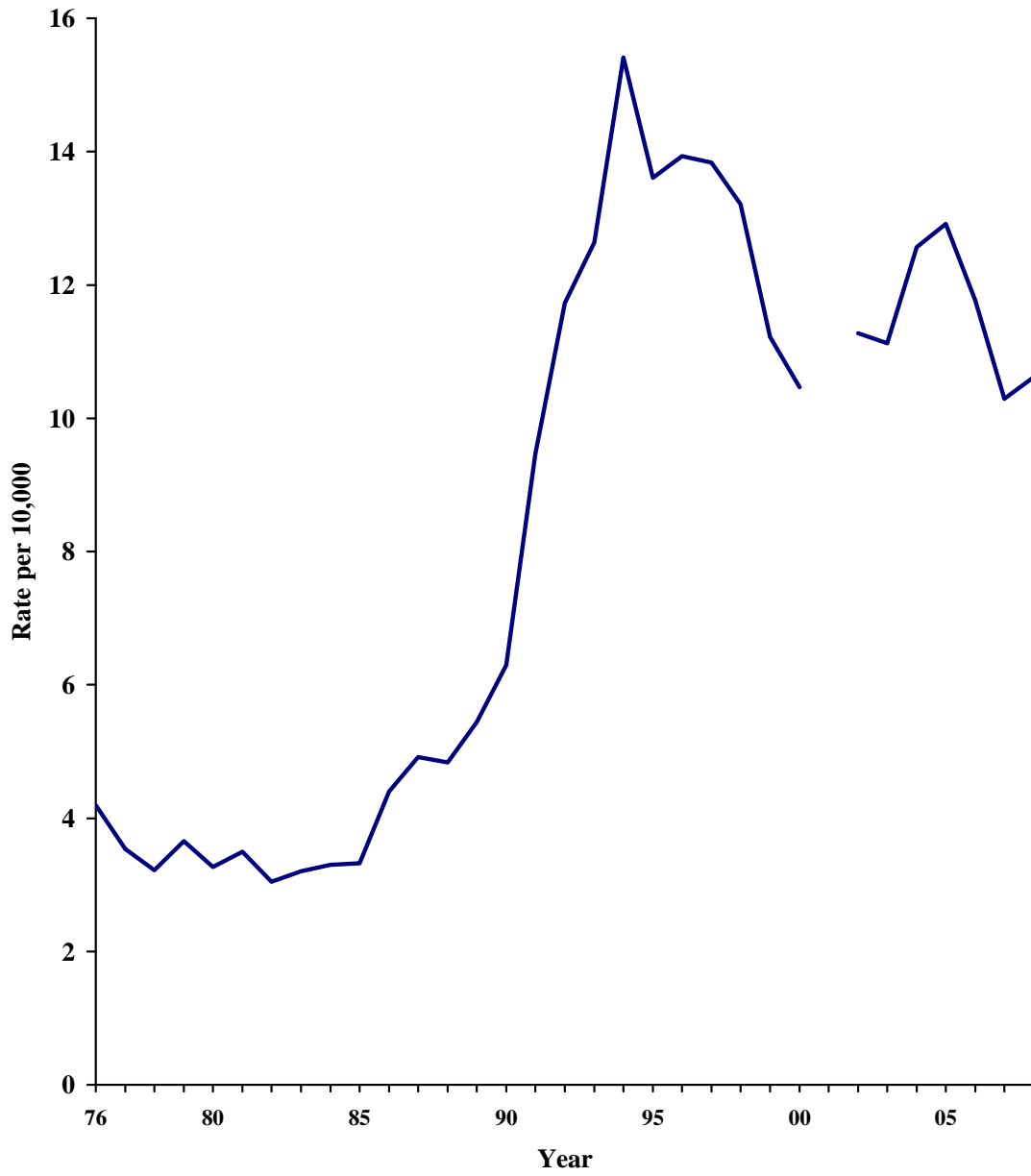
South Carolina's juvenile arrest rate for violent crimes increased 3.2% from 2007 to 2008. The juvenile arrest rate for violent crimes has increased 152.9% since 1976.

VIOLENT CRIME: Violent crime consists of murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault, and involves the element of personal confrontation between the victim and offender.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	1,024	10.29
2008	1,064	10.62
% Change	+3.9%	+3.2%
10 Year		
1999	1,018	11.22
2008	1,064	10.62
% Change	+4.5%	-5.3%
20 Year		
1989	475	5.44
2008	1,064	10.62
% Change	+124.0%	+95.2%
Overall		
1976	379	4.20
2008	1,064	10.62
% Change	+180.7%	+152.9%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Violent Crime



**JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY FOR VIOLENT CRIMES
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	3	5.7	Greenwood	14	9.1
Aiken	22	6.5	Hampton	0	0.0
Allendale	1	4.3	Horry	102	19.6
Anderson	22	5.4	Jasper	4	7.4
Bamberg	2	6.5	Kershaw	4	3.0
Barnwell	13	24.2	Lancaster	11	6.6
Beaufort	33	9.7	Laurens	26	17.6
Berkeley	42	10.2	Lee	6	14.5
Calhoun	3	10.2	Lexington	114	19.8
Charleston	127	16.8	McCormick	0	0.0
Cherokee	3	2.4	Marion	10	12.9
Chester	5	6.9	Marlboro	4	6.8
Chesterfield	13	13.3	Newberry	18	21.7
Clarendon	3	4.4	Oconee	6	4.2
Colleton	1	1.1	Orangeburg	20	9.9
Darlington	22	14.6	Pickens	16	7.0
Dillon	9	11.6	Richland	35	4.3
Dorchester	23	7.5	Saluda	1	2.5
Edgefield	1	2.0	Spartanburg	37	5.9
Fairfield	7	13.6	Sumter	19	7.3
Florence	43	13.9	Union	3	5.2
Georgetown	27	21.2	Williamsburg	6	8.1
Greenville	105	10.4	York	78	15.3

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 JUVENILE VIOLENT CRIME ARREST RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Barnwell	13	24.2
Newberry	18	21.7
Georgetown	27	21.2
Lexington	114	19.8
Horry	102	19.6
Laurens	26	17.6
Charleston	127	16.8
York	78	15.3
Darlington	22	14.6
Lee	6	14.5
Florence	43	13.9
Fairfield	7	13.6
Chesterfield	13	13.3
Marion	10	12.9
Dillon	9	11.6
Greenville	105	10.4
Calhoun	3	10.2
Berkeley	42	10.2
Orangeburg	20	9.9
Beaufort	33	9.7
Greenwood	14	9.1
Williamsburg	6	8.1
Dorchester	23	7.5
Jasper	4	7.4
Sumter	19	7.3
Pickens	16	7.0
Chester	5	6.9
Marlboro	4	6.8
Lancaster	11	6.6
Aiken	22	6.5
Bamberg	2	6.5
Spartanburg	37	5.9
Abbeville	3	5.7
Anderson	22	5.4
Union	3	5.2
Clarendon	3	4.4
Allendale	1	4.3
Richland	35	4.3
Oconee	6	4.2
Kershaw	4	3.0
Saluda	1	2.5
Cherokee	3	2.4
Edgefield	1	2.0
Colleton	1	1.1
McCormick	0	0.0
Hampton	0	0.0

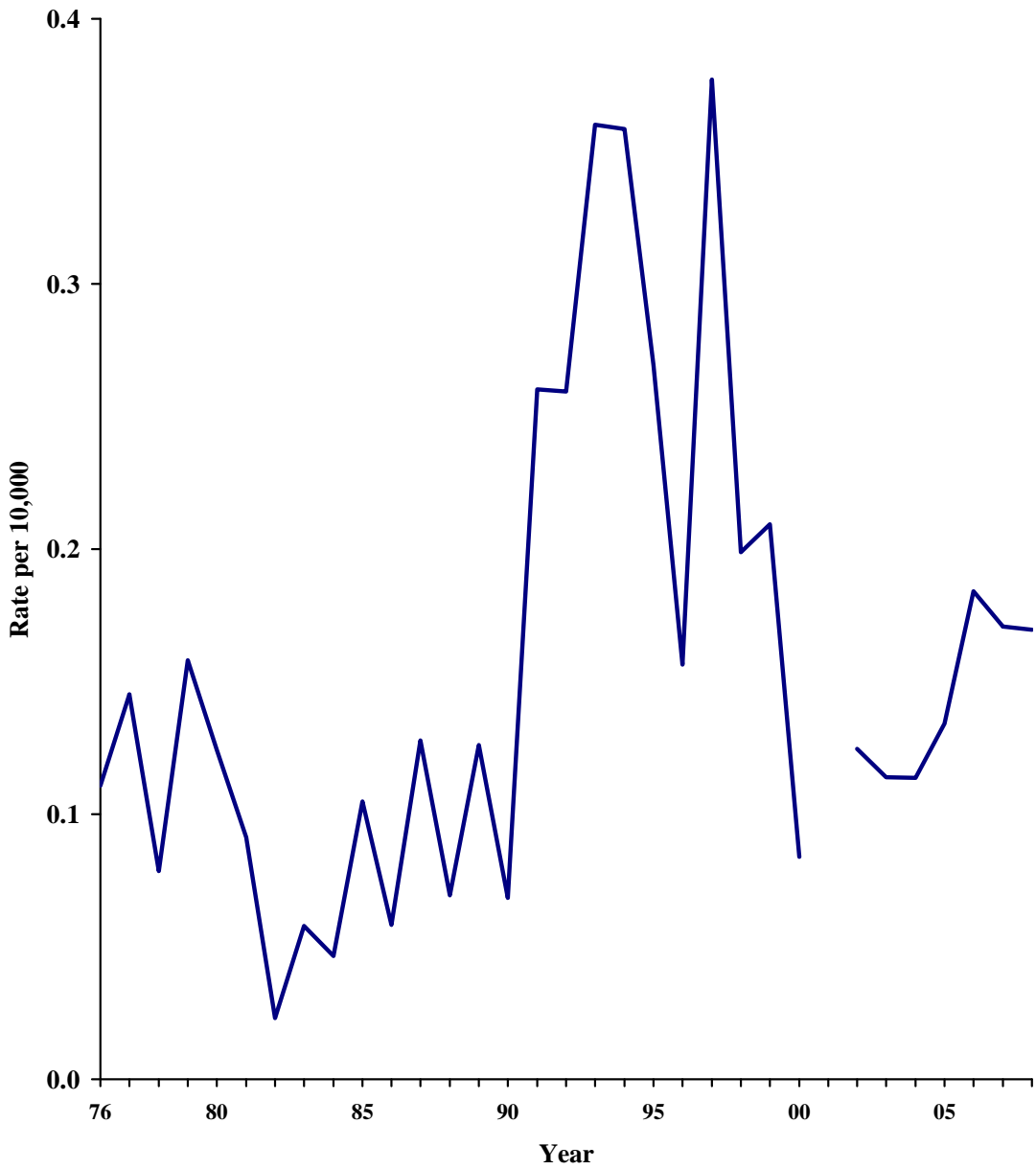
Seventeen juveniles were arrested for murder in 2008.

MURDER: Murder is the willful killing of one person by another. The classification of this offense is based on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body. Deaths caused by negligence, suicide, accident or justifiable homicides are not included.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR MURDER

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	17	0.17
2008	17	0.17
% Change	0.0%	0.0%
10 Year		
1999	19	0.21
2008	17	0.17
% Change	-10.5%	-19.0%
20 Year		
1989	11	0.13
2008	17	0.17
% Change	+54.5%	+30.8%
Overall		
1976	10	0.11
2008	17	0.17
% Change	+70.0%	+54.5%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Murder



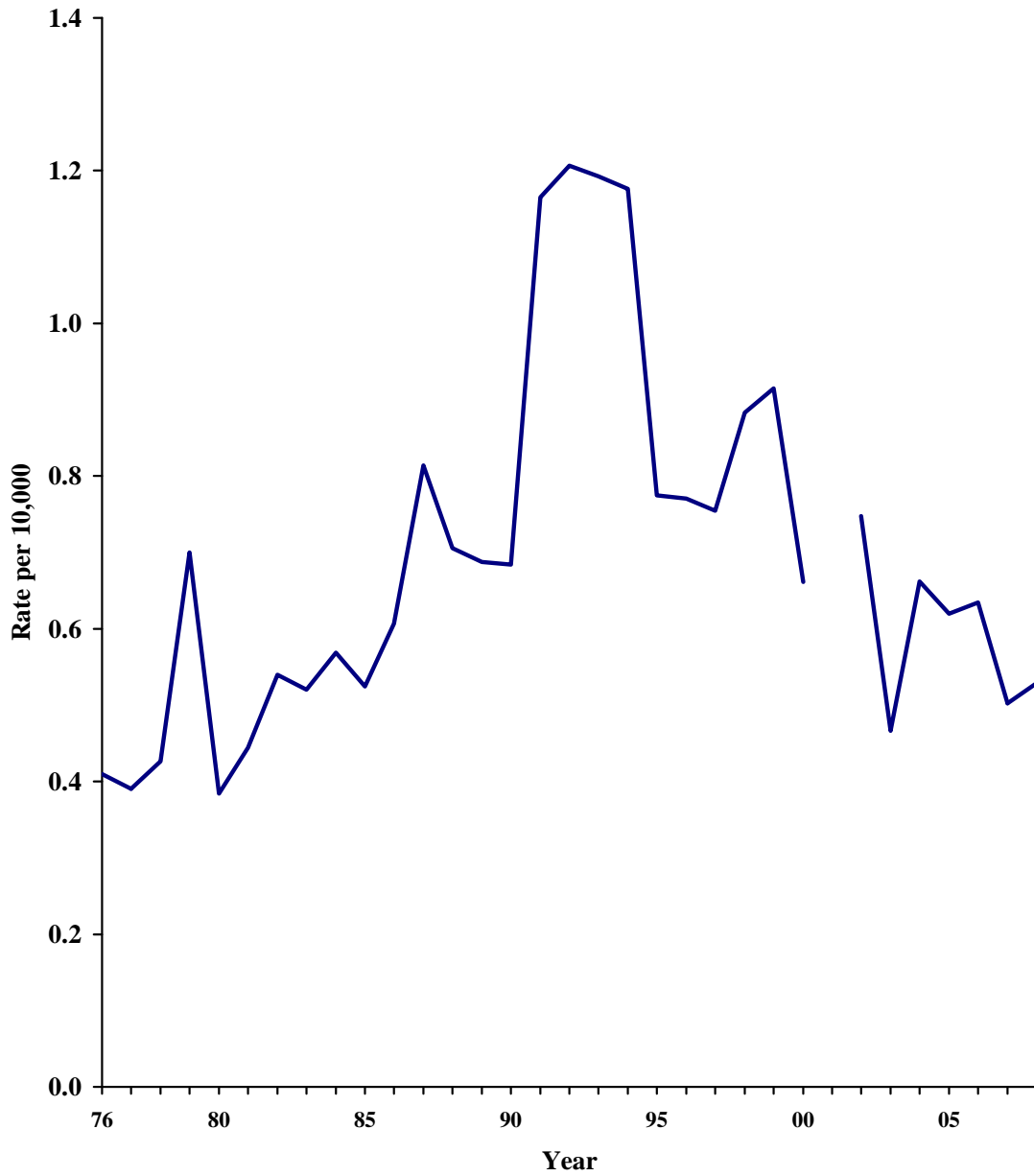
South Carolina's juvenile arrest rate for rape increased 6% from 2007 to 2008. Since 1976, the juvenile arrest rate for rape has increased 29.3%.

RAPE: Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and against their will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are also included; however statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are excluded.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR RAPE

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	50	0.50
2008	53	0.53
% Change	+6.0%	+6.0%
10 Year		
1999	83	0.91
2008	53	0.53
% Change	-36.1%	-41.8%
20 Year		
1989	60	0.69
2008	53	0.53
% Change	-11.7%	-23.2%
Overall		
1976	37	0.41
2008	53	0.53
% Change	+43.2%	+29.3%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Rape



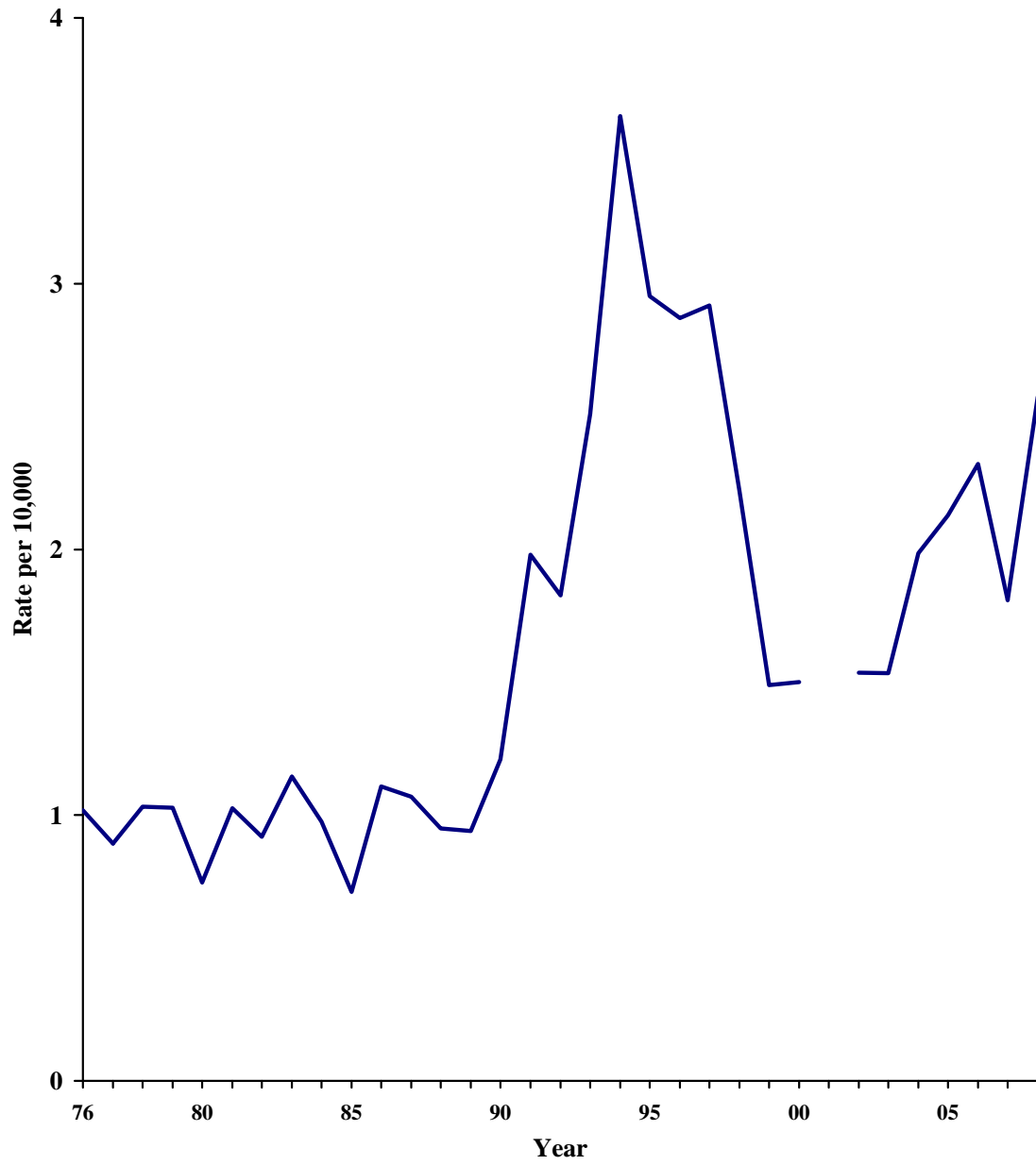
South Carolina's juvenile arrest rate for robbery increased 42% from 2007 to 2008. Since 1976, the juvenile arrest rate for robbery has increased 152%.

ROBBERY: Robbery is the taking or attempted taking of anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or the threat of force, by violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR ROBBERY

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	180	1.81
2008	258	2.57
% Change	+43.3%	+42.0%
10 Year		
1999	135	1.49
2008	258	2.57
% Change	+91.1%	+72.5%
20 Year		
1989	82	0.94
2008	258	2.57
% Change	+214.6%	+173.4%
Overall		
1976	92	1.02
2008	258	2.57
% Change	+180.4%	+152.0%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Robbery



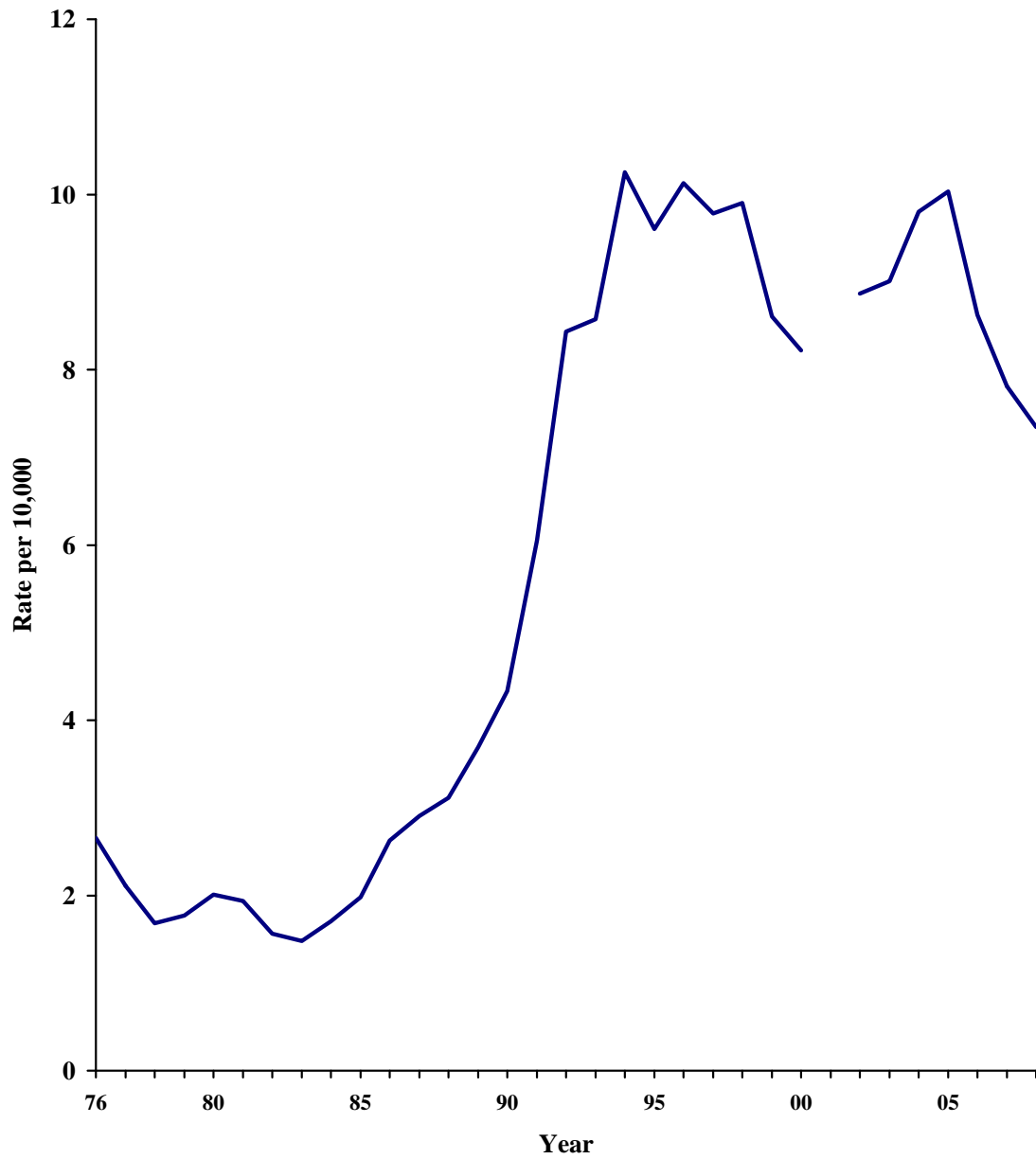
South Carolina's juvenile aggravated assault arrest rate decreased 6% from 2007 to 2008, but has increased 175.9% since 1976.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury and is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Attempted offenses are also included.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	777	7.81
2008	736	7.34
% Change	-5.3%	-6.0%
10 Year		
1999	781	8.61
2008	736	7.34
% Change	-5.8%	-14.8%
20 Year		
1989	322	3.69
2008	736	7.34
% Change	+128.6%	+98.9%
Overall		
1976	240	2.66
2008	736	7.34
% Change	+206.7%	+175.9%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Aggravated Assault



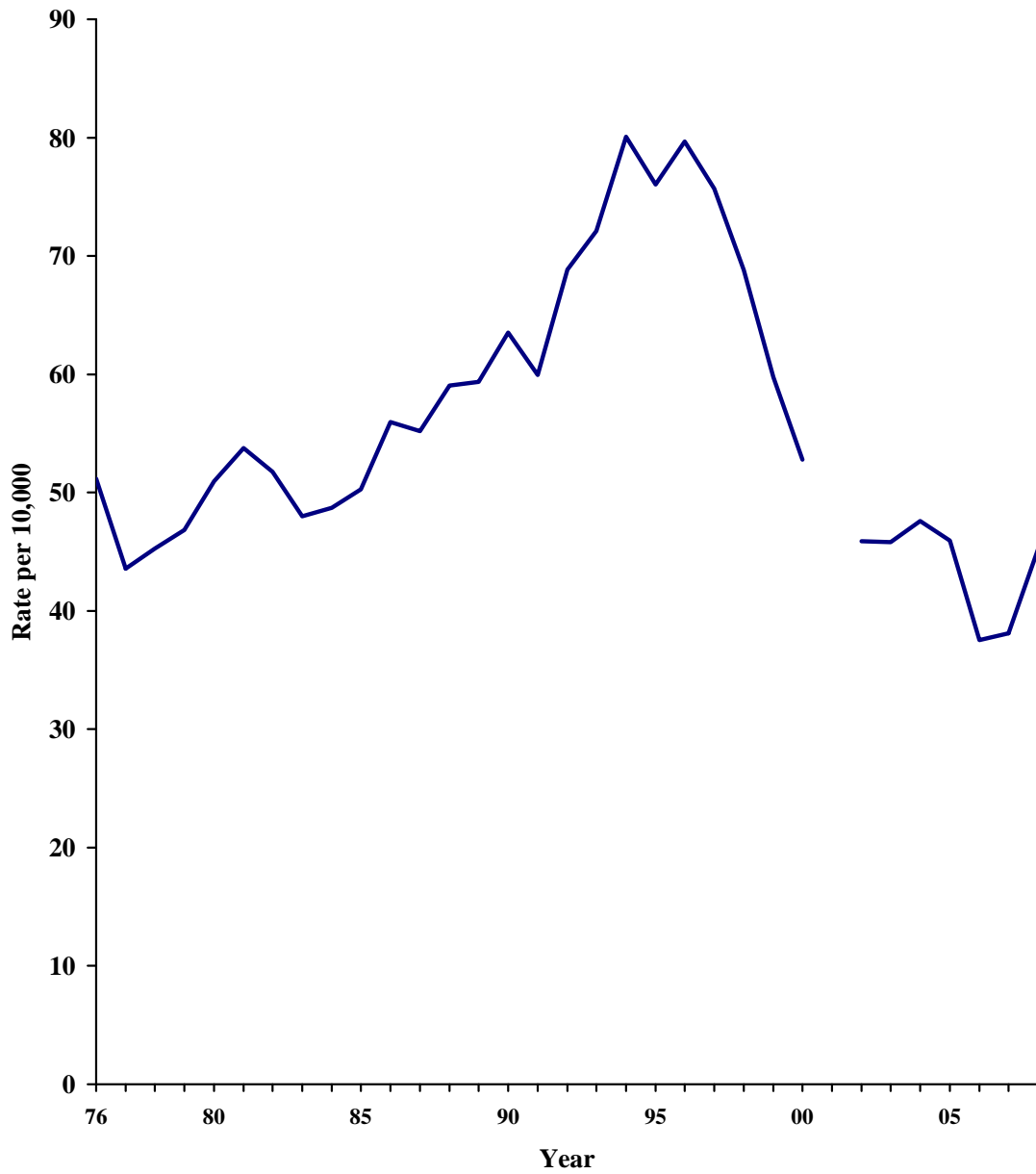
The juvenile arrest rate for property crimes increased 18.7% from 2007 to 2008, but has decreased 11.6% since 1976.

PROPERTY CRIME: Property crimes include the offenses of breaking or entering, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR PROPERTY CRIMES

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	3,793	38.12
2008	4,533	45.23
% Change	+19.5%	+18.7%
10 Year		
1999	5,422	59.77
2008	4,533	45.23
% Change	-16.4%	-24.3%
20 Year		
1989	5,181	59.36
2008	4,533	45.23
% Change	-12.5%	-23.8%
Overall		
1976	4,620	51.17
2008	4,533	45.23
% Change	-1.9%	-11.6%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Property Crimes



**JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY FOR PROPERTY CRIMES
2008**

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	6	11.3	Greenwood	104	67.5
Aiken	146	43.3	Hampton	6	12.6
Allendale	7	30.3	Horry	471	90.4
Anderson	146	35.8	Jasper	10	18.5
Bamberg	5	16.2	Kershaw	25	18.5
Barnwell	43	80.0	Lancaster	46	27.5
Beaufort	201	58.8	Laurens	58	39.2
Berkeley	123	29.7	Lee	7	16.9
Calhoun	0	0.0	Lexington	383	66.5
Charleston	499	65.8	McCormick	1	6.7
Cherokee	13	10.4	Marion	32	41.4
Chester	14	19.2	Marlboro	4	6.8
Chesterfield	27	27.7	Newberry	61	73.7
Clarendon	24	35.2	Oconee	22	15.3
Colleton	23	25.2	Orangeburg	40	19.8
Darlington	68	45.0	Pickens	96	41.7
Dillon	42	53.9	Richland	111	13.7
Dorchester	146	47.6	Saluda	4	10.1
Edgefield	1	2.0	Spartanburg	197	31.3
Fairfield	20	38.8	Sumter	96	37.1
Florence	235	75.8	Union	9	15.6
Georgetown	73	57.4	Williamsburg	35	47.4
Greenville	561	55.5	York	292	57.4

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2008 JUVENILE PROPERTY CRIME ARREST RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Horry	471	90.4
Barnwell	43	80.0
Florence	235	75.8
Newberry	61	73.7
Greenwood	104	67.5
Lexington	383	66.5
Charleston	499	65.8
Beaufort	201	58.8
York	292	57.4
Georgetown	73	57.4
Greenville	561	55.5
Dillon	42	53.9
Dorchester	146	47.6
Williamsburg	35	47.4
Darlington	68	45.0
Aiken	146	43.3
Pickens	96	41.7
Marion	32	41.4
Laurens	58	39.2
Fairfield	20	38.8
Sumter	96	37.1
Anderson	146	35.8
Clarendon	24	35.2
Spartanburg	197	31.3
Allendale	7	30.3
Berkeley	123	29.7
Chesterfield	27	27.7
Lancaster	46	27.5
Colleton	23	25.2
Orangeburg	40	19.8
Chester	14	19.2
Kershaw	25	18.5
Jasper	10	18.5
Lee	7	16.9
Bamberg	5	16.2
Union	9	15.6
Oconee	22	15.3
Richland	111	13.7
Hampton	6	12.6
Abbeville	6	11.3
Cherokee	13	10.4
Saluda	4	10.1
Marlboro	4	6.8
McCormick	1	6.7
Edgefield	1	2.0
Calhoun	0	0.0

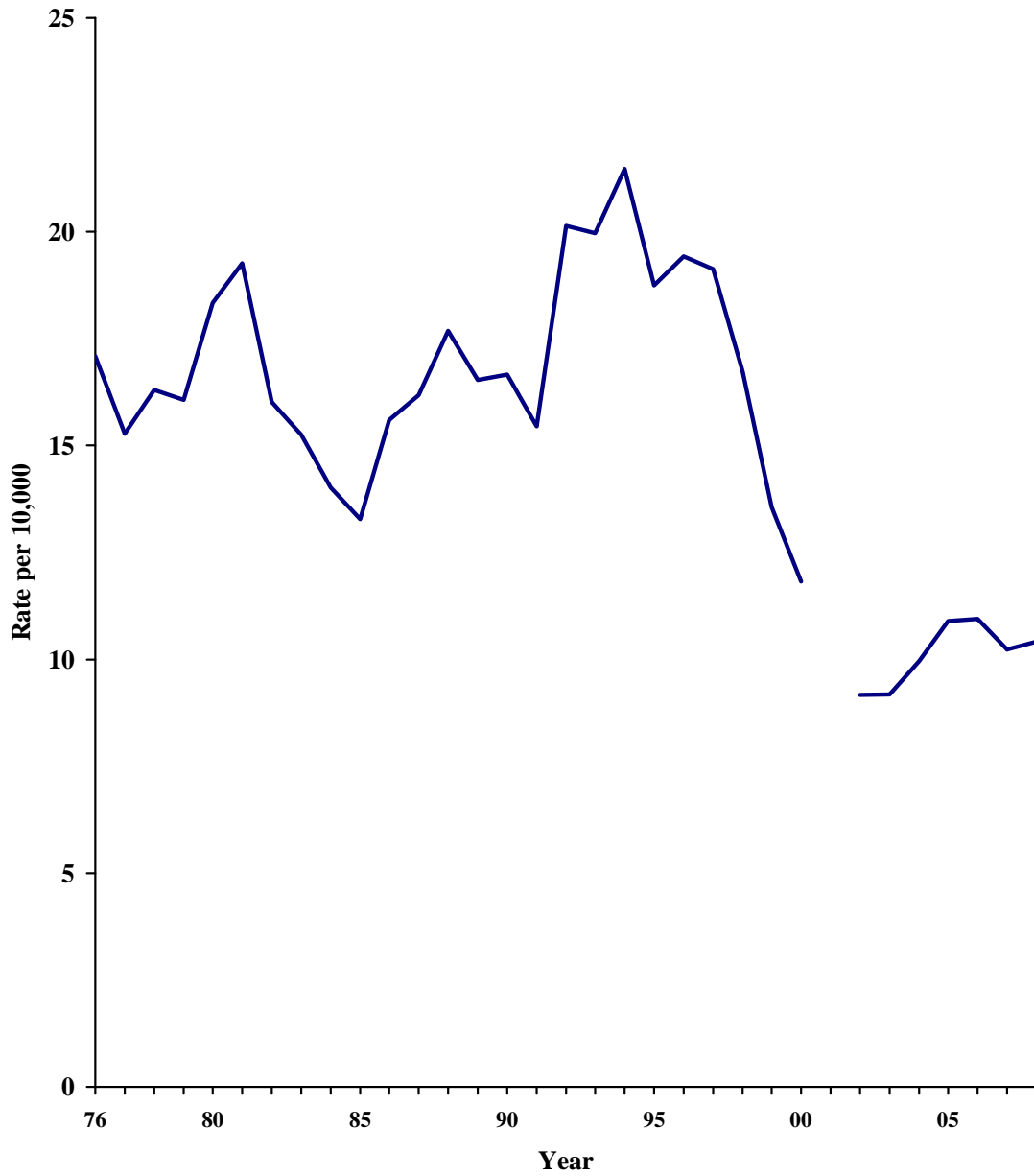
South Carolina's breaking or entering arrest rate for juveniles increased 1.9% from 2007 to 2008. The breaking or entering rate has decreased 39% since 1976.

BREAKING OR ENTERING: Breaking or entering is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as breaking or entering.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR BREAKING OR ENTERING

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	1,018	10.23
2008	1,044	10.42
% Change	+2.6%	+1.9%
10 Year		
1999	1,230	13.56
2008	1,044	10.42
% Change	-15.1%	-23.2%
20 Year		
1989	1,443	16.53
2008	1,044	10.42
% Change	-27.7%	-37.0%
Overall		
1976	1,543	17.09
2008	1,044	10.42
% Change	-32.3%	-39.0%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Breaking or Entering



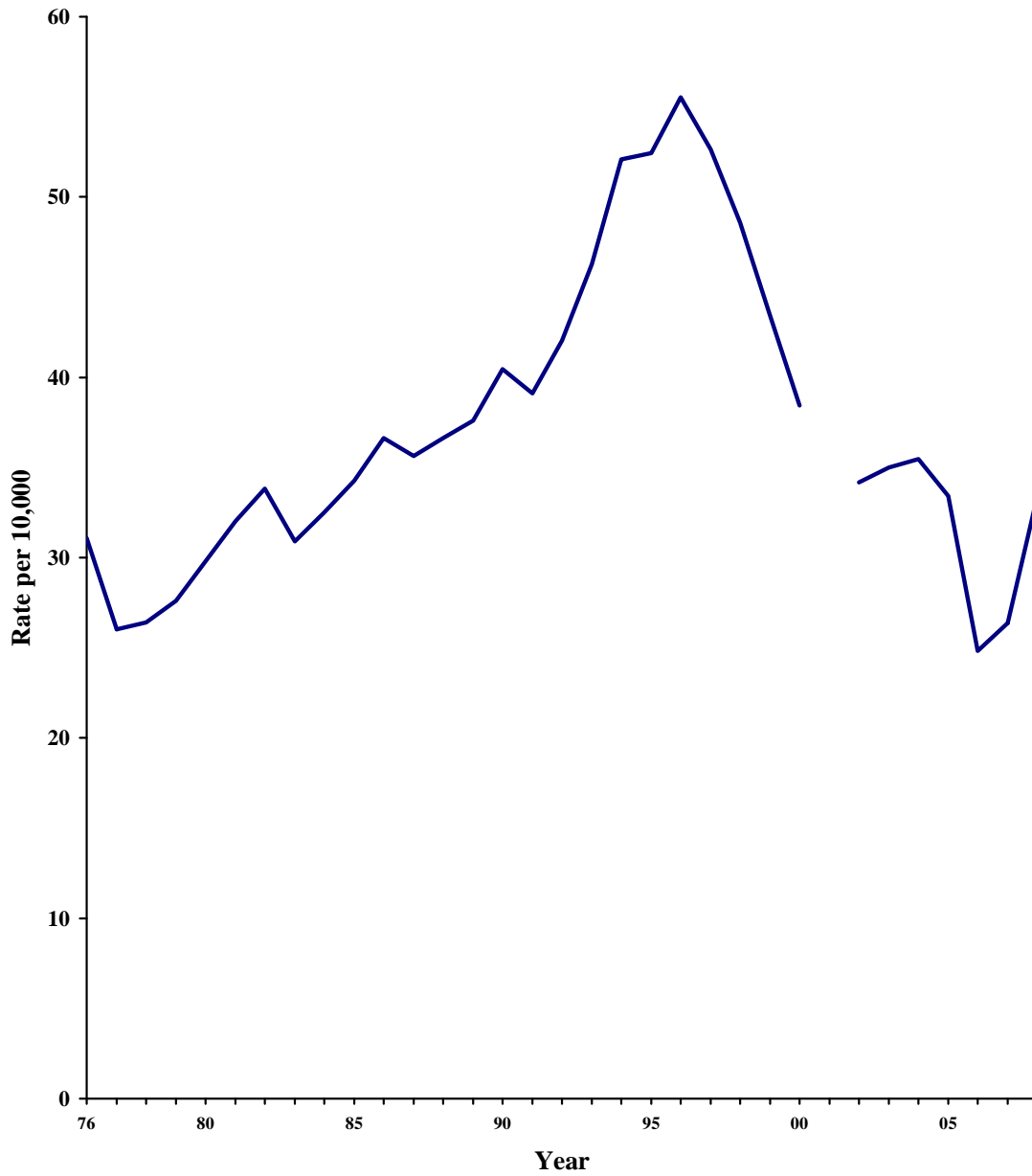
South Carolina's juvenile larceny arrest rate increased 26.5% from 2007 to 2008, and has increased 7.3% since 1976.

LARCENY: Larceny is the unlawful taking of property from the possession of another. It includes shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts, and accessories without force, violence or fraud. It does not include embezzlement, con games, forgery, bad checks or MVT.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR LARCENY

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	2,624	26.37
2008	3,344	33.37
% Change	+27.4%	+26.5%
10 Year		
1999	3,939	43.42
2008	3,344	33.37
% Change	-15.1%	-23.1%
20 Year		
1989	3,282	37.60
2008	3,344	33.37
% Change	+1.9%	-11.3%
Overall		
1976	2,807	31.09
2008	3,344	33.37
% Change	+19.1%	+7.3%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Larceny



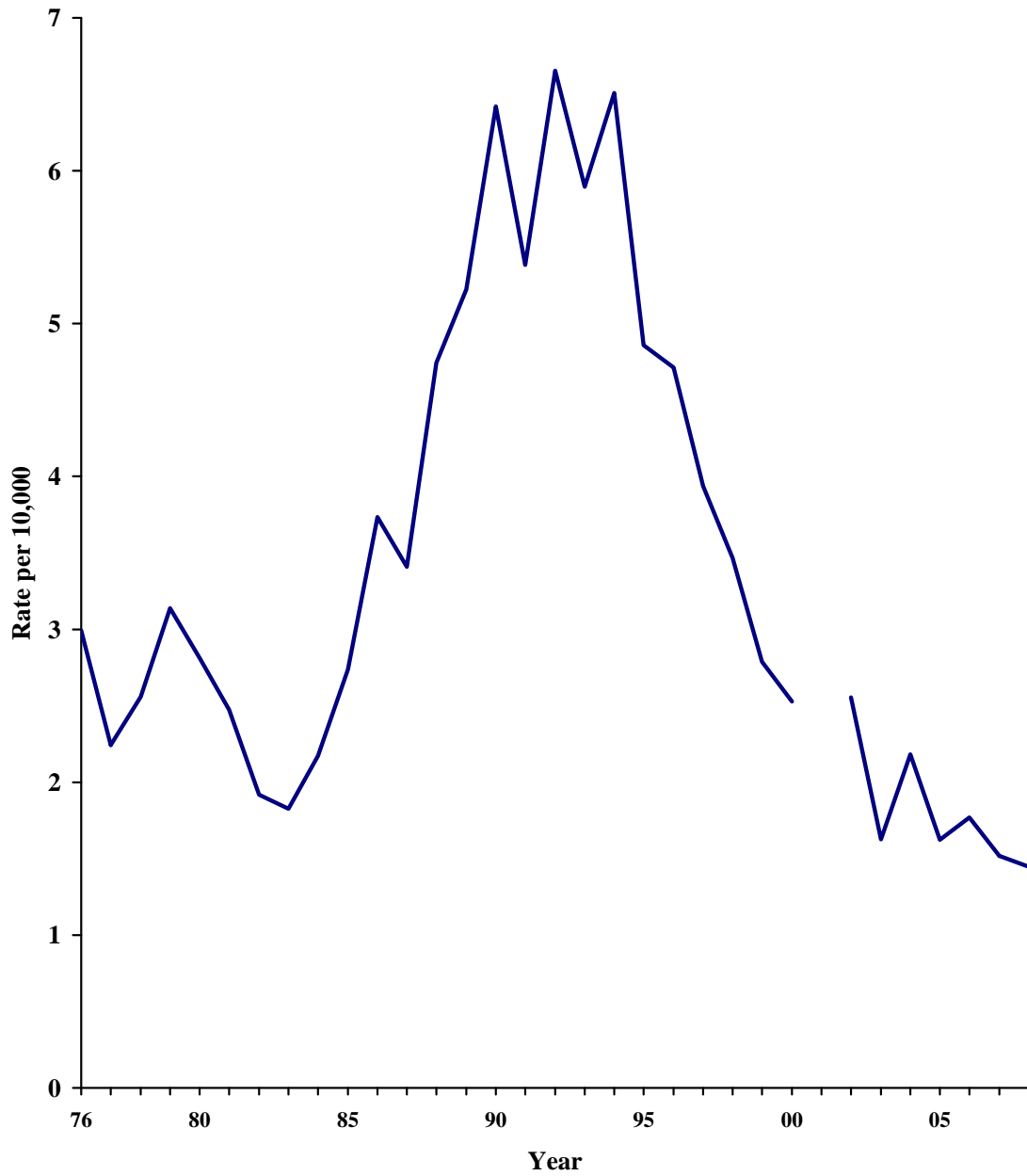
The juvenile motor vehicle theft arrest rate decreased 4.6% from 2007 to 2008 and has decreased 51.5% since 1976.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: Motor vehicle theft is the stealing or attempted stealing of a motor vehicle; e.g., cars, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor-scooters, etc. This excludes the unauthorized temporary taking of motor vehicles by those having lawful access.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2007	151	1.52
2008	145	1.45
% Change	-4.0%	-4.6%
10 Year		
1999	253	2.79
2008	145	1.45
% Change	-42.7%	-48.0%
20 Year		
1989	456	5.22
2008	145	1.45
% Change	-68.2%	-72.2%
Overall		
1976	270	2.99
2008	145	1.45
% Change	-46.3%	-51.5%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Motor Vehicle Theft



SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX JUVENILE ARREST COUNT

Year	Aggravated						
	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	10	37	92	240	1,543	2,807	270
1977	13	35	80	189	1,369	2,331	201
1978	7	38	92	150	1,453	2,354	228
1979	14	62	91	157	1,423	2,447	278
1980	11	34	66	178	1,623	2,638	249
1981	8	39	90	170	1,690	2,808	217
1982	2	47	80	136	1,394	2,945	167
1983	5	45	99	128	1,319	2,673	158
1984	4	49	84	147	1,208	2,800	187
1985	9	45	61	170	1,140	2,942	235
1986	5	52	95	225	1,337	3,140	320
1987	11	70	92	250	1,391	3,064	293
1988	6	61	82	269	1,528	3,166	410
1989	11	60	82	322	1,443	3,282	456
1990	6	60	106	380	1,460	3,546	563
1991	23	103	175	535	1,366	3,456	476
1992	23	107	162	748	1,785	3,727	590
1993	32	106	223	762	1,774	4,111	524
1994	32	105	324	915	1,917	4,649	581
1995	24	69	263	856	1,670	4,673	433
1996	14	69	257	907	1,739	4,972	422
1997	34	68	263	882	1,724	4,744	355
1998	18	80	201	897	1,516	4,399	314
1999	19	83	135	781	1,230	3,939	253
2000	8	63	143	783	1,126	3,663	241
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	12	72	148	854	883	3,292	246
2003	11	45	148	870	886	3,379	157
2004	11	64	192	948	963	3,429	211
2005	13	60	206	971	1,055	3,235	157
2006	18	62	227	903	1,070	2,426	173
2007	17	50	180	777	1,018	2,624	151
2008	17	53	258	736	1,044	3,344	145

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX JUVENILE ARREST RATES

Year	Aggravated						
	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	0.11	0.41	1.02	2.66	17.09	31.09	2.99
1977	0.15	0.39	0.89	2.11	15.28	26.02	2.24
1978	0.08	0.43	1.03	1.68	16.30	26.40	2.56
1979	0.16	0.70	1.03	1.77	16.06	27.62	3.14
1980	0.12	0.38	0.75	2.01	18.33	29.80	2.81
1981	0.09	0.44	1.03	1.94	19.27	32.01	2.47
1982	0.02	0.54	0.92	1.56	16.01	33.83	1.92
1983	0.06	0.52	1.15	1.48	15.26	30.92	1.83
1984	0.05	0.57	0.98	1.71	14.02	32.51	2.17
1985	0.10	0.52	0.71	1.98	13.28	34.27	2.74
1986	0.06	0.61	1.11	2.62	15.60	36.63	3.73
1987	0.13	0.81	1.07	2.91	16.17	35.63	3.41
1988	0.07	0.71	0.95	3.11	17.68	36.64	4.74
1989	0.13	0.69	0.94	3.69	16.53	37.60	5.22
1990	0.07	0.68	1.21	4.33	16.65	40.45	6.42
1991	0.26	1.17	1.98	6.05	15.45	39.10	5.39
1992	0.26	1.21	1.83	8.44	20.13	43.15	6.65
1993	0.36	1.19	2.51	8.57	19.96	46.26	5.90
1994	0.36	1.18	3.63	10.25	21.48	52.08	6.51
1995	0.27	0.77	2.95	9.61	18.74	52.45	4.86
1996	0.16	0.77	2.87	10.13	19.42	55.53	4.71
1997	0.38	0.75	2.92	9.79	19.13	52.64	3.94
1998	0.20	0.88	2.22	9.90	16.74	48.57	3.47
1999	0.21	0.91	1.49	8.61	13.56	43.42	2.79
2000	0.08	0.66	1.50	8.22	11.82	38.44	2.53
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	0.12	0.75	1.54	8.87	9.17	34.18	2.55
2003	0.11	0.47	1.53	9.01	9.18	35.00	1.63
2004	0.11	0.66	1.99	9.80	9.96	35.46	2.18
2005	0.13	0.62	2.13	10.03	10.90	33.42	1.62
2006	0.18	0.63	2.32	8.62	10.95	24.82	1.77
2007	0.17	0.50	1.81	7.81	10.23	26.37	1.52
2008	0.17	0.53	2.57	7.34	10.42	33.37	1.45