Annual Accountability Report
Fiscal Year 2003-04

The Honorable Mark Sanford, Governor
Adrienne R. Youmans, Director
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I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

INTRODUCTION

In 1994 the South Carolina Legislature created the South Carolina Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation (LLR) by combining 40 separate state agencies including the Department of Labor, the State Fire Academy, the Office of the State Fire Marshal and 38 professional and occupational licensing boards. Legislators envisioned an organization that would promote efficiency and build accountability while delivering the highest level of customer service. In January 2003 Governor Mark Sanford appointed Adrienne Youmans, the Agency Director. Director Youmans and her senior staff, revised the agency’s strategic plan this year. The new agency mission, values and strategic goals follow.

MISSION, VALUES AND STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Mission

The mission of the Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation is to promote and protect the health, safety and economic well-being of the public through regulation, licensing, enforcement, training and education.

Our mission goes hand-in-hand with the Governor’s effort to raise personal incomes of South Carolinians by creating a better environment for economic growth, delivering government services more openly and efficiently, improving quality of life, and improving our state’s education.

LLR accomplishes its mission by:

- Promoting an environment of growth and innovation which allows regulated businesses and professionals to operate successfully and free of overly restrictive and unwarranted regulation.
- Providing cost efficient administration and periodic review of licensing and certification programs to assure the appropriate protection of the public.
- Conducting required inspections, complaint investigations, and enforcement activities in a manner that is fair, accountable and cost effective.
- Providing businesses and industry, the fire service, our licensees and the public relevant training and education programs.

Values

Integrity – It is our most fundamental value. Acting honestly, objectively and ethically is the right way to do business and provide services. It is how we build long-term trusting relationships.
Excellence – We strive for exceptional performance and service, take pride in our work and continually seek to improve.

Accountability – As individuals and as a department, we are accountable to the public and to each other for all of our actions.

Agency Goals

Goal # 1: Improve the effectiveness of agency programs.
Goal # 2: Improve the efficiency of agency processes and systems.
Goal # 3: Provide the necessary resources to improve the agency’s ability to provide efficient and effective services.

OPPORTUNITIES AND BARRIERS

The biggest barriers to accomplishing our Agency’s mission continues to be the budget reductions LLR has incurred and addressing the budgetary inequities that come from having state appropriated and revenue generating programs in the same agency. To date, the agency has taken cuts totaling $7,493,087 of which $3,938,223 is state appropriation. This represents a 56% reduction of our state funds. The Division of Labor is most affected by these cuts because 60% of the agency’s state appropriation is in the Labor Division. Because of their regulatory nature, the division does not keep revenue generated from penalties or fees. All revenues generated are remitted to the general fund. Our other divisions, for the most part, are other funded and support themselves through licensing and other fees and the insurance premium tax and are not effected by the budget reductions.

Because of the agency’s inability to provide the state match required to fund OSHA programs, LLR returned to the federal government or deobligated over $500,000 this past fiscal year.

Currently, permanent reductions to our base have had the following impact to our programs:

• Three trainer positions in the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) Voluntary Program have been eliminated. These trainers teach South Carolina’s workforce how to make safety a priority in all kinds of job situations, from driving a forklift to handling hazardous chemicals to wearing personal protective gear.

• One inspector, one supervisor and one clerical position were eliminated in the Elevators and Amusement Ride program. The loss of the inspector, along with an increase in elevators state-wide, has caused the amount of time it takes to schedule an inspection to increase.

• One Program Manager, one Program Coordinator and four clerical positions in the Occupational Safety and Health Program (OSHA) were eliminated. LLR continued to leave vacant several safety and health inspector positions which has caused the number of inspections of South Carolina workplaces decreased by 10% in FY04 and the potential for noncompliance with OSHA standards to increase. This could lead to higher injury and illness rates in the State.
• Two positions in our Labor Services - Mediation Program have been eliminated. Investigation services for industrial disputes, strikes and lockouts are only provided in critical situations involving threat of violence and/or a critical work stoppage.
• Five positions in our Wage Claim and Child Labor Program have been eliminated. This has caused an increase in the lapse time between when a complaint is received and when investigations of violations of the payment of wages and child labor laws can begin.
• Vacant positions in Administration were not filled in the following areas: Legislative Liaison, Public Information, Human Resources, Finance and Information Services. Additional restrictions have also been placed on travel, equipment, telephones, leased cars, beepers and computer software upgrades.

Combining forty cultures into one was and continues to be a challenge. When these entities were combined into one "umbrella" organization in 1993 for greater accountability, legislation also required services to be performed which had not been offered earlier. While statutes require these additional services for accountability, no additional dollars were given to the agency for these services or for administering the boards. To add to the problem, legislation requires each Board to be self-sustaining. This requirement is extremely difficult for boards with a small number of licensees; therefore, the ultimate outcome for the agency is to have a number of "rich" boards and a number of "poor" boards which can barely meet budget requirements. This funding inequity has also had implications involving inequity in pay and resources. While the agency continues to implement strategies to address this problem, creating a climate of unity is a difficult feat.

The agency is still required to remit 10% of all Professional and Occupational Licensing Programs (POL) expenditures and all excess funds in the Contractor’s Licensing Board to the general fund. This practice was instituted prior to restructuring, when central state government agencies such as the Budget and Control Board, Attorney General’s Office, Comptroller General’s Office and State Treasurer’s Office devoted significant time to assisting the boards in administrative matters. Since the administrative burden now belongs to the agency, we believe this revenue should remain with the agency. This requirement makes it more difficult for some of our boards to become self-sufficient. Currently about 10% of our boards are not self-sufficient. A major court cases in California concluded that the practice of using licensing fees from the various professions for general fund purposes is illegal.

LLR has identified several opportunities for improvement that we will be pursuing in the upcoming year. These improvements will:
• Reduce inefficiencies
• Eliminate unnecessary regulations or restrictions
• Transfer power to appropriate authorities
• Move programs that charge fees off of state appropriation and make them revenue-funded programs.
TENTATIVE LEGISLATION:

- Requesting several changes in statutes and regulations that would eliminate unnecessary professional and occupational licensing boards, consolidate similar boards or adjust programs to eliminate duplication of services and unreasonable restrictions to practice. This includes major revisions to Title 40 – Professions and Occupations. These changes would also create uniformity across the POL division in board member selection, disciplinary processes and fees.
- Requesting statute and appropriation changes that would move all licensure and permitting programs that are state appropriated to revenue-based operations. This includes the Elevator and Amusement Ride program in the Division of Labor and the Building Codes and Manufactured Housing programs in the POL division.
- Requesting changes to the State Fire Marshal statute that would move inspection responsibilities to local government where appropriate and improve service delivery by the Office of the State Fire Marshal.

MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS

1) The Firefighter Mobilization Committee, which the State Fire Marshal chairs, worked with the Homeland Security Grant Program of SLED to secure over 5.9M in grants that will provide Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) equipment and training, Mobile Mass Decontamination equipment and Homeland Security Awareness training to Fire Departments and Emergency Responders state-wide.

2) A Fire Marshal Task Force was appointed by the Director last fall to overhaul South Carolina’s fire laws, some of which date back to 1917. The task force includes fire professionals, building codes officials, architects and contractors. Currently, there is little uniformity in inspections across South Carolina. Some fire marshals have enforcement authority, others do not. Different communities have different inspection schedules or differences in who is inspected. The task force was also asked to review and clearly define the role of the State Fire Marshal’s Office. The legislation proposed by the task force will allow the State Fire Marshal to set and keep current statewide requirements for fire safety and for the qualifications of those who do the enforcement of these regulations. The legislation will also greatly improve the ability of the local fire codes official to enforce fire safety standards. It will require more training and statewide certification for fire safety inspectors. The proposed legislation is nearing completion and should result in the significant streamlining of the total regulatory process for safe building construction and maintenance.

3) The Division of Fire and Life Safety initiated an aggressive marketing plan to increase fire department participation in South Carolina’s Fire Incident Reporting System (SCFIRS). A computer-training program on the Fire Incident Reporting System was developed and offered to local fire departments five times last year. As a result of these efforts, participation by fire departments in SCFIRS has increased by 42%. Data collected by SCFIRS has allowed the identification of several high-risks groups and new education programs were developed.
targeting these groups. The new programs focus on 1) Fire Safety for Older Americans: Mobility Impairment, Visual Impairment and Hearing Impairment; 2) Heating and Cooking Safety; 3) The Fire Problem with Alcohol, Drugs and Smoking; and 4) Student Housing Safety. These training programs will be provided to fire and life safety representatives for delivery beginning in August.

4) The Safetyworks! campaign launched in 1999 as part of an effort to educate businesses about free services available through the Office of OSHA Voluntary Programs (OVP) continues to succeed. The Safetyworks! campaign has resulted in 49,436 hazards being corrected in South Carolina workplaces and saved over $24 million in fines for South Carolina employers since its inception. **South Carolina continues to lead the nation in OSHA state plan states with 44 Palmetto Star sites**, despite having the strictest requirements in the nation. This program, which is voluntary, provides recognition to qualified employers who exceed the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 in providing their workers a safe and healthy worksite. Palmetto Star sites’ injury and illness rates and total lost workday incident rates are 84% below the South Carolina Bureau of Labor Statistics rates.

5) The US Department of Labor announced in December that South Carolina’s injury and illness rate for private industry is 4.5 out of every 100 workers for 2002, down from 5.7 in 1999. This is the lowest rate in the 31-year history of the state OSHA program. The total case rate dropped from 5.5 in 2000 to 4.9 in 2002, an 11% decrease. In the past ten years this rate has decreased by 32%. In 2002, SC rates remained below the Federal Government in both Manufacturing (SC – 4.5, Federal Government – 7.2) and in Construction (SC – 4.5, Federal Government – 7.1). Total case rates for all industries decreased by 16%, while the Private Sector case rate dropped 21%, Manufacturing saw a 16% decrease and Construction saw a 35% decrease. The decrease in the construction case rate is significant, since the construction industry has the highest fatality rate of any industry in South Carolina.

6) ReLAES, the agency’s consolidated licensing system provides a common database of all POL licensees, the ability to renew on-line and a common licensing system. In addition to having a system written in one programming language as opposed to the piecemeal approach of using five different languages, greater accountability has been achieved in the agency’s financial processes. The implementation of ReLAES has reduced the number of temporary employees required for licensing. Currently, 64% of approximately 265,000 POL licensees are on the ReLAES system.

7) The Licensee Lookup System provides POL customers with immediate access to licensure information. In FY04, over 11 million licensee verifications were done online. This system relieves staff from a tremendous workload of responding to license verification requests and provides customers with the information they need immediately.
8) Agency supervisors completed 100% of their performance evaluations in a timely manner. Agency supervisors continue to get annual EPMS training and assistance from Human Resources in the setting of appropriate and meaningful success criteria.

9) LLR received a $1.6M grant through the Safe Drinking Water Act to reimburse operators of small water systems for their application, renewal and training fees. Small water systems consist of mobile home parks, small towns, daycare centers, retirement homes and small subdivisions, which in the past were not required to have licensed operators, but now do because of federal mandates. The reimbursements will allow small water systems to meet federal and state requirements without placing a financial burden on them. Through the grant, DHEC will provide trainers to conduct regional training to operators for licensure and continuing education requirements for free.

10) Eliminated office space at 3600 Forest Drive resulting in new savings of $500,000 over the next five years. Other savings include reducing the cost of printing for the “Freddie Fire Safety” curriculum and agency newsletters ($160,000), negotiating a new cellular phone contract ($35,000) and reducing travel ($188,764).

KEY BUSINESS DRIVERS

LLR’s key business drivers include:

- Percentage of businesses in voluntary compliance with OSHA: 99.8%
- South Carolina injury and illness rate (private sector): 4.5
- Fire deaths: 94
- Firefighter deaths: 0
- Elevator and amusement ride fatalities: 0
- Number of POL licenses verified by Internet: 11,000,000
- Number of POL license applications processed: 271,609
- EPMS’s completed on time: 100%
- Website hits: 23M
- Fire Academy students: 18,277
- Fire Code violations corrected: 7,037
- Wages collected for employees: $650,000

USE OF REPORTS

The Accountability Report is used to report the accomplishments of the agency to external entities such as the Governor, Ways & Means Committee and the general public. To monitor our agency’s progress in accomplishing our strategic plan goals and improving our organizational performance, the senior staff uses a quarterly report system.
II. BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Effective February 1, 1994, Act 181 created the South Carolina Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation (LLR) which merged the Department of Labor, the State Fire Marshal’s Office, the South Carolina Fire Academy and 38 professional and occupational licensing boards into the new agency.

The legislation empowered the Governor to appoint a director of the agency with the advice and consent of the Senate.

LLR is organized into four divisions: Fire and Life Safety; Labor; Professional and Occupational Licensing (POL); and Administration. The Fire and Life Safety Division is located in Columbia on Monticello Trail at the State Fire Academy. The Division of Labor is housed at 3600 Forest Drive in Columbia. The Divisions of Administration and Professional and Occupational Licensing are located at 110 Centerview Drive in the Kingstree Building, also in Columbia.

LLR has 456.93 FTEs, but a significant number of these, 73, remain vacant because of the recent budget cuts.

Our customers include the 2,000,000 employees of the State, the 100,000 employers, 255,000 licensed professionals, 18,000 firefighters, 750 fire departments, 300 board members of the Professional and Occupational Licensing Division and everyone who is regulated by our statutes. LLR’s customers are also the citizens of South Carolina and visitors to our State who use the services of those we license and/or regulate. Other customers include the Governor, the State Legislature and other State agencies.

Major products and services of our agency include:

- Administering laws that pertain to employer/employee relationships such as occupational safety and health, payment of wages, child labor, migrant labor and mediation of disputes between unions and businesses.
- Inspection and permitting of elevator and amusement rides in South Carolina.
- Providing courtesy inspections, technical assistance and training to aid the business community in voluntary compliance with all areas of the Occupational Safety and Health Act.
- Licensing and discipline of numerous occupations and professionals such as accountants, doctors, nurses, massage therapists, barbers, residential builders, etc.
- Training the state’s fire service personnel – paid, volunteer and industrial and other emergency service employees.
- Ensuring compliance with national and state-adopted fire safety codes and standards.

Our budget is currently $29.5 million of which $3.77 million are state funds.
## Accountability Report Appropriations/Expenditures Chart

### SC Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation

### Base Budget Expenditures and Appropriations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major Budget Categories</th>
<th>02-03 Actual Expenditures</th>
<th>03-04 Actual Expenditures</th>
<th>04-05 Appropriations Act</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total Funds</td>
<td>General Funds</td>
<td>Total Funds</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other Operating</td>
<td>$8,046,916</td>
<td>$666,487</td>
<td>$7,987,292</td>
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<td>Special Items</td>
<td>$8,808</td>
<td>$3,479</td>
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<td>Permanent Improvements</td>
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<td>$62,250</td>
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<td>Case Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Distributions to Subdivisions</td>
<td>$1,193,824</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
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<td>Fringe Benefits</td>
<td>$4,346,984</td>
<td>$1,103,013</td>
<td>$4,195,531</td>
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<td>Non-recurring</td>
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<td>Total</td>
<td>$28,638,287</td>
<td>$5,193,267</td>
<td>$28,281,677</td>
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### Other Expenditures

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<tr>
<th>Sources of Funds</th>
<th>02-03 Actual Expenditures</th>
<th>03-04 Actual Expenditures</th>
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<tr>
<td>Supplemental Bills</td>
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<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Funds</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bonds</td>
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### Interim Budget Reductions

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<tr>
<th>Total 02-03 Interim Budget Reduction</th>
<th>Total 03-04 Interim Budget Reduction</th>
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<tr>
<td>$697,491</td>
<td>$651,819</td>
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<tr>
<td>Program and Title</td>
<td>Supported Agency</td>
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<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>II.B. OSHA</td>
<td>Goal 2. Improve the efficiency of agency programs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II.A. OVP</td>
<td>Goal 2. Improve the efficiency of agency programs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II.C. Fire Academy</td>
<td>Goal 1. Improve the effectiveness of agency programs</td>
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<tr>
<td>II.D. Office of the State Fire Marshal</td>
<td>Goal 3. Provide the necessary resources to improve the agency's ability to provide efficient and effective services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II.E. Prof. &amp; Occ. Licensing</td>
<td>Goal 2. Improve the efficiency of agency programs.</td>
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## Major Program Areas

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Number</th>
<th>Major Program Area</th>
<th>FY 02-03 Purpose and Title (Brief)</th>
<th>Budget Expenditures</th>
<th>FY 03-04 Purpose and Title (Brief)</th>
<th>Budget Expenditures</th>
<th>Key Cross References for Financial Results*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01000000 Admin</td>
<td>Provides support services to agency programs in Human Resource Management, Legal Services, Information Technology, Public Information, Finance and Procurement</td>
<td>State: 1,099,985</td>
<td>State: 419,566</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>10050000 OSHA Voluntary Programs</td>
<td>Assists workplaces in voluntarily complying with Occupational Safety &amp; Health Standards.</td>
<td>State: 214,624</td>
<td>State: 221,896</td>
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<tr>
<td>10100000 Occ. Safety &amp; Health</td>
<td>Ensures workplace safety by enforcing Occupational Safety &amp; Health Standards.</td>
<td>State: 927,675</td>
<td>State: 955,905</td>
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<tr>
<td>10250000 Elevators &amp; Am. Rides</td>
<td>Inspects and permits elevators &amp; amusements rides</td>
<td>State: 710,838</td>
<td>State: 681,399</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Program</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>State:</td>
<td>State:</td>
<td>% of Total Budget:</td>
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<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>10150000 Fire Academy</td>
<td>Trains firemen, paid and volunteer, private and public sector</td>
<td>Federal: 74,503</td>
<td>Federal: 56,813</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Other: 4,400,444</td>
<td>Other: 3,705,992</td>
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<td>% of Total Budget: 13</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Other: 1,686,460</td>
<td>Other: 2,511,185</td>
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<td>Total: 3,133,028</td>
<td>Total: 3,133,028</td>
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<td>% of Total Budget: 6</td>
<td>% of Total Budget: 11</td>
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<td>10300100 Prof. &amp; Occ. Licensing</td>
<td>Licenses and regulates qualified applicants in professions and occupations.</td>
<td>Federal: 3,637</td>
<td>Federal: 3,637</td>
<td>6.1</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Other: 10,030,649</td>
<td>Other: 9,694,131</td>
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<td>Total: 10,030,649</td>
<td>Total: 9,694,131</td>
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<td>% of Total Budget: 34</td>
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</table>

Below: List any programs not included above and show the remainder of expenditures by source of funds.

Building Codes; Labor Services; Employer Contributions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remainder of Expenditures:</th>
<th>State: 2,240,145</th>
<th>State: 2,076,478</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Federal: 416,598</td>
<td>Federal: 401,888</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Other: 3,069,749</td>
<td>Other: 2,804,859</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Total: 5,726,492</td>
<td>Total: 5,283,225</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% of Total Budget: 20%</td>
<td>% of Total Budget: 19%</td>
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* Key Cross-References are a link to the Category 7 - Business Results. These References provide a Chart number that is included in the 7th section of this document.
III. ELEMENTS OF MALCOLM BALDRIGE AWARD CRITERIA

LEADERSHIP

Senior staff in the agency communicates short and long term direction through the agency’s strategic plan. The Agency Director continually communicates her vision to the agency and ensures progress by establishing objectives and action plans that involve nearly all of the employees of the agency. The strategic plan is tied to every employee’s performance evaluation so that there is a clear understanding of expectations.

The organizational values of the agency represent its guiding principles. The intent of the senior staff is to demonstrate the values in all communications and interactions with customers and employees.

The senior staff promotes a focus on customers by establishing customer satisfaction as the one of our key performance measures. The agency’s internal newsletter highlights superior service providers. The characteristics they display reiterate the agency’s commitment to providing excellent customer service. Each division monitors customer satisfaction. In the POL Division customer surveys are included on each board’s web page, attached to online renewals and requested from every walk-in customer. The Division of Administration conducts formal and informal surveys each year of its internal customers. The Division of Fire and Life Safety conducts on-going course and facility evaluations of the State Fire Academy along with surveys of Fire Marshal inspection clients. The Division of Labor surveys those who receive the services of OSHA Voluntary Programs.

The agency’s senior staff monitors performance measures on a regular basis, usually quarterly. Some of the more key measures focused on include:

- Processing times for invoices, travel, personnel actions
- Customer Satisfaction Levels
- Processing times for permitting, licensing and investigations functions
- Injury and illness rates for South Carolina’s top 5 most hazardous SIC codes
- Fire deaths and their root causes
- Effectiveness of the “Freddie” fire safety education and prevention program
- Turn-around time on investigations and inspections
- Hazards corrected
- % of applications that do not meet criteria for licensure
- Complaints against licensees
- Lapse time between complaint and investigation

This information is used to monitor the impact of our services, enforcement techniques and educational programs. The information is also used as a guide to developing or revising programs or processes that will effectively accomplish our mission. For example, in the OSHA program, the injury and illness rates are monitored quarterly by specific Standard Industry Codes (SIC) and the industries with the highest rates are the focus of consultation and inspection services in an effort to lower the number of injuries and illnesses for that SIC code.
Every effort is made to use performance review findings and employee feedback to improve both the senior staff’s and agency’s effectiveness. Management receives feedback from employees during scheduled meetings with their staff. The Director has an open door policy. Employees are invited to eat lunch with her to discuss issues they are facing. The Director interviews every employee who leaves LLR. The feedback received is discussed at monthly senior staff meetings. Director Youmans and her senior staff meet regularly with agency boards and their members and associations and advisory committees of the fire service, elevator and amusement ride program and professional and occupational licensees. The feedback received allows us to evaluate our progress and react accordingly.

Our senior managers encourage participation in associations related to their profession. Active participation in national associations such as the Council on Licensure, Enforcement and Regulation (CLEAR), National Association of Governmental Labor Officials (NAGLO), Occupational Safety and Health State Plan Association (OSHSPA) and National Association of Nursing Board Administrators as well as governmental associations like the SC Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and International Personnel Management Association (IPMA) is encouraged. Several of our employees have served as officers in these organizations.

Senior managers also encourage our agency’s active involvement with the local community. Our employees through the HOPE Committee have adopted the first graders at E. E. Taylor Elementary School. This year we sponsored field trips to Edventure Museum and a trip to Riverbanks Zoo. The committee in charge of these activities raises monies to support their efforts through employee hot dog, book and bake sales. Other activities at the school included a school supply drive, Halloween and Valentine’s Day parties and an Angel Tree at Christmas. Monetary support is also provided to LLR employees and their families during crisis situations. Other community groups supported include the United Way, American Red Cross, First Ladies’ Walk for Cancer and American Cancer Society’s Relay for Life. LLR employees, POL board members and POL licensees participated in the Groundhog Job Shadow Day sponsored by the Department of Education, LLR and the Employment Security Commission in February 2004.

United Way Committee Team Members Glinda Legette, Terri Hammond, Libby Hardwick, and Wanda Brasington prepare for the lunch rush at the Chili/Chicken Bog Fundraiser.
STRATEGIC PLANNING

The Director and her senior staff met earlier this summer to review the strategic plan, update it to reflect accomplishments and revise it to meet the direction she and the senior staff have set for the agency. The strategic plan was being communicated to all employees through staff meetings. Our agency goals and short term strategies for FY04 and FY05 are listed below.

Agency Goals and Short Term Strategies

Goal # 1: Improve the effectiveness of agency programs.

Short Term Strategy # 1A: Reduce by 3% the injuries and illnesses (total case rate) in the top ten industries as defined by USDOL.
Deadline – September 30, 2004 – Completed

Short Term Strategy # 1B: Improve services of the Office of the State Fire Marshal making it more responsive, flexible and customer friendly.
Deadline – June 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 1C: Review and evaluate professional and occupational licensing programs, statutes, and regulations to identify opportunities to eliminate, consolidate or adjusting programs. Eliminate duplication of services and unreasonable restrictions to practice.
Deadline – June 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 1D: Increase by 5% the number of students registering for the Fire Academy IFSAC Certification testing.
Deadline – June 2004 - Completed

Short Term Strategy # 1E: Create a mechanism for obtaining input from front-line employees to identify best practices and communicate these practices with other program areas in agency.
Deadline – June 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 1F: Increase business services available to the public on-line for Elevator and Amusement Ride Program.
Deadline – December, 2003 - Completed

Short Term Strategy # 1G: Increase by 25% the educational opportunities available to employers on Child Labor Laws
Deadline – June, 2004 - Completed
Short Term Strategy # 1H: Improve or implement elements of a safety and health program in 50% of the businesses receiving an OVP consultation.
Deadline – September 30, 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 1I: Develop and hire a consultant position in the Office of the State Fire Marshal to meet with customers, contractors, and design professionals and guide them through the design process.

Short Term Strategy # 1J: Revamp Fire Safety Public Education programs using Fire Incident Reporting Information to increase the effectiveness of the programs.
Deadline – June 30, 2004 – Completed

Short Term Strategy #1K: Reduce injuries and illnesses in the top 13 High Hazard Industries by 10%
Deadline – September 2008 – New

Deadline – June 2005 – New

Goal # 2: Improve the efficiency of agency processes and systems.

Short Term Strategy # 2A: Improve by 10% the customer satisfaction rating of the agency.
Deadline – July 2005 – Continued

Short Term Strategy # 2B: Make on-line renewal available to 100% of licensees.
Deadline – June 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 2C: Improve the efficiency and public’s understanding of the complaint and disciplinary process for licensees.
Deadline – June 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 2D: Make the administrative processes for licensing entities consistent and uniform.
Deadline – December 2005 - Continued

Short Term Strategy # 2E: Decrease by 50% the processing times for building and sprinkler plans review by the Office of the State Fire Marshal.
Deadline – November 2004 - Completed
Short Term Strategy # 2F:  Initiate inspection of OSHA related fatalities and catastrophes within one day of notification for 97% of occurrences.
Deadline – September 2004 – Completed

Short Term Strategy # 2G:  Reduce OSHA citation lapse time by 15% to ensure that workplace hazards are abated promptly.
Deadline – September 2008 – New

Short Term Strategy # 2H:  Allow customers make payment of wage complaints on-line.
Deadline – January 2005 – New

Short Term Strategy # 2I:  Allow on-line credit card payment of elevator inspection fees.
Deadline – June 2005 – New

Short Term Strategy # 2K:  Improve Application Process for POL Licensees that will include online credit card payment and tracking system.
Deadline – June 2006 – New

Short Term Strategy # 2L:  Transfer financial administration coordinator to Fire Academy to improve processes and automate Fire Academy billing.
Deadline – June 2005 - New

Goal # 3: Provide the necessary resources to improve the agency’s ability to provide efficient and effective services.

Short Term Strategy # 3A:  Consolidate all programs and employees (except Fire and Life Safety) into one location.
Deadline – June 2004 - Completed

Short Term Strategy # 3B:  Reduce by 50% the number of cases and outside funds referred to outside attorneys for routine legal matters.
Deadline – June 2004 - Completed

Short Term Strategy # 3C:  Merge the public information, legislative and ombudsman functions into one office.
Deadline – December 2004 - Completed

Short Term Strategy # 3D:  Develop a plan that addresses the capital needs and maintenance issues facing the SC Fire Academy site.
Deadline – September 2004 - Completed

Short Term Strategy # 3E:  Reduce by 10% the amount of funds expended on telephones, printing and postage agency-wide.
Deadline – June 2004 - Completed
**Short Term Strategy # 3F:** Develop a workforce planning strategy.  
Deadline – June 2004 - **Completed**

**Short Term Strategy # 3G:** Develop a unified agency training plan as a resource for employees and managers in all divisions.  
Deadline – June 2004 – **Completed**

**Short Term Strategy # 3H:** Complete Capital Improvement Projects at State Fire Academy.  
Deadline – March 2005 – **New**

**Short Term Strategy # 3I:** Consolidate all investigators into the Division of Legal Services – Office of Investigations.  
Deadline – December 2004 - **New**

The strategic planning process has created a forum for continuous improvement processes throughout the agency. The senior staff submits quarterly reports that highlight the work done in the past quarter toward the action plans developed by each division. Budgeting decisions are guided by the priorities of the strategic plan and are allocated appropriately.
CUSTOMER FOCUS

The Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation continues to emphasize the importance of customer satisfaction to all of our employees. Maximizing customer service is a key strategy in our agency’s strategic plan.

During the strategic planning process our customers were identified as the following:

- 2,000,000 Employees in South Carolina
- 100,000 Employers in South Carolina
- 265,000 Licensed Professionals
- 18,000 Firefighters
- 300 Board Members of the Professional and Occupational Licensing Division
- 750 Fire Departments

LLR’s customers also include the citizens of South Carolina and visitors to our State who use the services of those we license and/or regulate. Other customers include the Governor, the State Legislature and other State agencies.

Senior staff, using tools learned through Malcolm Baldrige training, identified our customers and their key requirements. Below is an example. This list was developed for the Professional and Occupational Licensing Division.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major Customers</th>
<th>Key Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applicants</td>
<td>Information on licensing requirements; organized, accurate, simple and timely licensing process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licensees</td>
<td>Organized, accurate, simple and timely renewal process; fair and timely complaint handling; reasonable/valid continuing education requirements; timely communications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services Consumers</td>
<td>Thorough and accurate licensing process to ensure public protection; fair and timely complaint handling; reasonably available licensee information; timely communications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Public</td>
<td>Thorough and accurate licensing process to ensure public protection; fair and timely complaint handling; reasonably available licensing and licensee information; timely communications; prudent use of licensure-generated revenue- cost efficiency and effectiveness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board Members</td>
<td>Necessary administrative support and oversight; fair and equitable treatment in distribution of available resources</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Other state licensing entities  Thorough and accurate licensing process to ensure public protection; fair and timely complaint handling; reasonably available licensee information; timely communications

Students  Information on licensing requirements

A considerable amount of time is spent meeting with our customers to determine their level of satisfaction, ideas for improvement and expectations of our services. Senior staff meets regularly with agency boards, and associations, and advisory committees of the fire service, elevator and amusement ride program and professional and occupational licensees.

Surveys are done in all areas of the agency to gauge performance and customer satisfaction. The agency has a short term strategy of improving customer satisfaction rating of the agency by 10%. The deadline for accomplishing this goal is July 31, 2005.

INFORMATION AND ANALYSIS

The key business drivers shown in this report were selected to show our effectiveness on improving the safety and well-being of South Carolina citizens and visitors. These performance measures were chosen because they correlate with our agency’s mission and goals and also with our customers’ needs. The agency’s three strategic objectives of maximizing customer satisfaction, employee satisfaction and the efficient use of resources when identifying key measures were also considered.

Our key business drivers include:

- Percentage of businesses in voluntary compliance with OSHA
- $$$ saved in OSHA penalties by businesses using OSHA Voluntary Program Services
- South Carolina injury and illness rate
- Customer satisfaction levels
- Processing times for permitting, licensing and investigations functions
- Fire deaths in adults
- Fire deaths in children
- Firefighter deaths
- Students receiving Freddie-in-Schools fire prevention curriculum
- Elevator and amusement ride fatalities
- Number of POL licenses verified by Internet
- Number of POL license applications processed
- Employee turnover rate
- EPMSs completed on time
- Website Hits
- Fire Academy students
- Fire Code violations corrected
- Wages collected for employees
One of the objectives of our strategic plan is to make sure we are measuring the right things. Do the measures we use correlate to our agency’s mission and the needs and desires of our customers? Great emphasis has been placed on developing performance measures that accurately measure the effectiveness of our programs, the satisfaction of our customers and the progress we have made in achieving our three strategic objectives.

To ensure that key requirements are met, data is collected on day-to-day operations agency-wide. There is also direct feedback received via contacts with customers and stakeholders. This information is used to change or recommend changes to services or the method(s) in which services are provided.

Several of the short-term strategies listed above in our strategic plan are examples of initiatives we are undertaking based on the information gathered. They include establishing a Fire Marshal Task Force that will look at the operations of the Office of the State Fire Marshal (OSFM) and make recommendations for improvement. Changes made recently to the plans review process at the OFSM has resulted in a 50% decrease in the time it takes to get a plan reviewed and approved by the office.

**HUMAN RESOURCE FOCUS**

LLR considers our employees our most valuable asset. During the past year our managers have focused on LLR’s human resources and the employee satisfaction extensively. The human resources system must address needs including effective recruitment; equitable compensation; results-oriented performance management; retention and developmental efforts; and workforce planning. All of these needs are covered by action plans in our strategic planning process.

One of the most important methods of encouraging and motivating employees is through the Employee Performance Management System (EPMS). The agency has maintained its goal of 100% participation in the EPMS process for the September 16, 2003 Universal Review Date period. The agency continues to audit EPMS evaluations as they are submitted to the Human Resources office for linkage of employee performance to the strategic plan.

During the EPMS on-going communication stage, supervisors were encouraged to meet informally with employees each quarter or at least a minimum of once during the EPMS appraisal period to discuss their positive performance, listen to any concerns and provide constructive feedback. For supervisors’ convenience, an electronic form was created to document the informal coaching sessions.

The Human Resources office also met with supervisors to discuss the total EPMS process and to develop elements and standards that measure employee accomplishments and that set performance expectations and goals for all employees.
Another way to encourage and motivate our employees is through recognition. LLR does this through several means. The LLR TIMES highlights an LLR “Superior Service Provider” employee in our agency newsletter. As part of “Public Service Recognition Week,” LLR’s senior staff sponsored an agency-wide picnic in May to recognize LLR employees and the outstanding job they do. A talent show, featuring performances by both employees and managers, was the highlight of the picnic.

LLR continues to offer programs that improve the well-being and satisfaction of our employees. These include:
- Weight Watchers Program
- Flex Time
- Yoga Classes
- Line-Dancing Classes
- Benefits Fair and Pre-Retirement Seminar
- Lunch n’ Learn Programs

LLR has developed a workforce planning strategy, emphasizing the agency’s desired outcome of having the right people with the right skills in the right place at the right time. We realize this is a comprehensive process that should provide agency managers with a framework for making staffing decisions based on the agency’s mission and strategic plan.

The dynamics of the workforce at LLR and in state government are changing due to budget cuts, downsizing, retirement incentives and a significant workforce reduction expected within the next five years due to potential retirements and the exit of many employees who are now in the TERI program. The agency currently has 386 employees with 43 employees participating in the TERI program and approximately 75 retirement eligible within the next 5 years. This is approximately 30% of the agency’s workforce and many of those departing will be agency management who possesses a wealth of institutional knowledge. This “brain drain” could have a profound impact on the agency’s customer service and overall performance.

The agency is working with the State Office of Human Resources to accomplish the agency’s workforce planning initiatives. In July 2004, Karen Kuehner, State Office of Human Resources consultant, presented a workforce planning session to LLR’s Senior Staff. This planning session provided an overview of the workforce planning process. The agency’s Human Resources Office conducted a workforce analysis to document the present workforce focusing on those employees retirement eligible within the next 5 years and those employees currently in the TERI program. The results of the workforce analysis is documented on the agency’s organizational chart and is distributed to management semi-annually to assist in human resources forecasting and in assessing staffing needs prior to posting vacancies.

The Human Resources Office is in the preliminary stages of developing a three-track training plan for the agency. Track I is focused on basic employee training to include orientation, telecommunication, health/wellness training, program specific training and computer/technology training. Track II is focused on supervisory/managerial training. Track III is focused on the
agency’s new leadership development program and will be implemented in the upcoming fiscal year in conjunction with the agency’s workforce planning initiatives.

The following entities were utilized for training resources: the State Agency Training Consortium (SATC), the State Office of Human Resources Training and Development, New Horizon, Midlands Technical College, the Institute for Public Service & Policy Research, the Institute for Paralegal Education and the South Carolina Bar Association as well as utilize in-house training. During FY 2003-2004, 175 employees attended training classes. Of those, 107 employees received training at no cost to the agency through SATC or in-house training programs.

Participants are expected to complete an evaluation instrument for each course. This information is captured quarterly and provided to the Senior Staff for participant feedback and to evaluate program effectiveness.

Recognizing employee contributions and accomplishments are an important part of creating the quality culture desired at LLR. When employees know that their efforts are appreciated, their self-esteem and satisfaction with their job increases; and an improved attitude toward their job increases productivity. The LLR Recognition Committee, with help from B&C Board staff, created a program titled TRIBUTE, which is the acronym for Timely Recognition Inspired By Uniquely Talented Employees. The TRIBUTE program consists of three recognition components to recognize employees: employee-to-employee, supervisor-to-employee, and management-to-employee. The program has minimal costs and is simple to implement and operate.
PROCESS MANAGEMENT

To reach our goal of efficient use of resources and to improve the delivery of our services, a unified agency Information Technology (IT) strategy and platform has been implemented. This plan supports the business needs of our employees and managers in all divisions, as well as enhancing the level of service received by our customers.

The most significant component of this strategy is the consolidated licensing system, *Regulatory, Licensing and Enforcement System* (ReLAES), which provides a common database of all POL licensees, the ability to renew on-line and a common licensing system. Currently, over one half of all POL licensees are on the ReLAES system and have the ability to renew their licenses on-line.

With the implementation of ReLAES, we have been able to reduce the need for temporary employees to open mail and process paperwork. Agency-wide, the cost of temporary employees was reduced by 3% last year and over 80% since 1999.

Numerous work forms have been converted to word processing templates. Along with the work forms, agency newsletters, brochures, codes of laws, etc. have also been added to the website. By allowing our customers to view, download and print these documents on an as-needed basis we save staff, printing and postage costs. It has also allowed the documents to be submitted electronically. Agency-wide, the cost for printing and postage has decreased 28% from FY02 expenditures.

Another initiative, Licensee Lookup, continues to save the agency thousands of dollars in staff and associated printing and postage costs. It allows licensee verifications to be done electronically without the intervention of LLR staff. While saving thousands of dollars in personnel and operating costs, it has also brought an essential public service directly to the desktops of customers and constituents. This year there have been over 4 million verifications done electronically on our licensees.

A link has been established on our Intranet site where employees could make suggestions on ways to save money agency-wide. All suggestions are analyzed and implemented where appropriate. The agency’s funding sources are complicated and for the most part funds cannot legally be moved from one program area of the agency to another. While the cost-savings suggested for POL and Fire and Life Safety may not directly be used to offset general fund budget reductions, these savings are still extremely important to LLR as guardians of the citizen’s tax dollars.

LLR remains committed to improving our processes. The strategic plan developed this year charges each division with systematically conducting periodic process reviews in units across the agency to identify “model processes” and processes that need improvement. This will provide divisions with factual information and comparison statistics for use in managing continuous improvement.
BUSINESS RESULTS

Customer Satisfaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY01</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$$$ Saved in OSHA fines by businesses achieving compliance</td>
<td>5.0M</td>
<td>4.4M</td>
<td>3.0M</td>
<td>3.1M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Palmetto Star sites</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiate workplace fatality investigation within one day</td>
<td>98%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHART 1.1
### “Freddie” Program Testing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>FY01</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kindergarten</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Grade</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Grade</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Grade</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Grade</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>59%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th Grade</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>51%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# CHART 1.3

**IFSAC Testing Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Discipline</th>
<th>FY 03 Tested</th>
<th>Passed</th>
<th>Pass Rate</th>
<th>FY 04 Tested</th>
<th>Passed</th>
<th>Pass Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fire Fighter I</td>
<td>708</td>
<td>548</td>
<td>77.4%</td>
<td>1147</td>
<td>887</td>
<td>77%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Fighter II</td>
<td>471</td>
<td>363</td>
<td>77%</td>
<td>526</td>
<td>398</td>
<td>76%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driver/pump operator</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airport Fire Fighter</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instructor I</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>82.5%</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Officer I</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>87.8%</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haz Mat Ops*</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>47%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire &amp; Life Safety Ed.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1636</td>
<td>1319</td>
<td>80.6%</td>
<td>2239</td>
<td>1730</td>
<td>77.24%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fire Academy</th>
<th>FY01</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Programs Delivered</td>
<td>1,437</td>
<td>1,633</td>
<td>1,421</td>
<td>1,661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Students Trained</td>
<td>18,078</td>
<td>20,988</td>
<td>18,813</td>
<td>18,277</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Mission Accomplishment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calendar Year</th>
<th>1999</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2001</th>
<th>2002</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SC injury and illness rate</td>
<td>5.7</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(National average was 5.3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY</th>
<th>FY</th>
<th>FY</th>
<th>FY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>02</td>
<td>03</td>
<td>04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total hazards corrected - OVP</td>
<td>5,715</td>
<td>8,619</td>
<td>8,188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Code Violations Corrected</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>4,295</td>
<td>8,126</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| % of employers implementing safety & health systems | 40% | 59.3% | 61% | 65% |

**Workplaces in Voluntary Compliance with OSHA Standards**

- FY99: 99.20%
- FY00: 99.40%
- FY01: 99.60%
- FY02: 99.80%
- FY03: 100.00%
- FY04: 100.00%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY01</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elevator fatalities</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amusement ride fatalities</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bungee jump fatalities</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workers involved in strikes</td>
<td>625</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reported strikes</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work hours lost due to strikes</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violations cited – wage related</td>
<td>7,347</td>
<td>6,509</td>
<td>5,404</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Violations cited – child labor | FY01 | FY02 | FY03 | FY04
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
274 | 145 | 98 | 45

Number of POL licenses processed | 217,852 | 238,614 | 263,524 | 271,609

OSHA inspections | 2,175 | 1,837 | 1,725 | 1,665

OSHA fatality inspections | 38 | 37 | 37 | 37

Employees covered by OSHA | 134,321 | 117,556 | 108,417 | 106,987

CHART 2.1

![Freddie Curriculum Costs Graph]

![Fire Deaths- Children 10 & under Graph]
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>FY01</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wage claim complaints investigated</td>
<td>2,483</td>
<td>2,044</td>
<td>1,562</td>
<td>1,645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Labor complaints investigated</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wage and Child Labor penalties assessed</td>
<td>$350,100</td>
<td>$402,800</td>
<td>$150,929</td>
<td>$109,574</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collective bargaining agreements negotiated</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elevators inspected</td>
<td>7,843</td>
<td>7,026</td>
<td>6,322</td>
<td>6,374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elevators registered</td>
<td>7,995</td>
<td>8,393</td>
<td>8,642</td>
<td>8,436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amusement rides inspected</td>
<td>899</td>
<td>874</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>757</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amusement ride permits issued</td>
<td>703</td>
<td>874</td>
<td>750</td>
<td>757</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bungee jumps inspected</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bungee jumps permitted</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspections per Deputy State Fire Marshal</td>
<td>1,237</td>
<td>1,328</td>
<td>1,348</td>
<td>1,321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inspections completed by Deputy State Fire Marshals</td>
<td>15,955</td>
<td>18,605</td>
<td>20,228</td>
<td>19,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students receiving Fire Marshal Certification</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Building plans reviewed by Office of State Fire Marshal</td>
<td>539</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>1,674</td>
<td>2,216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Academy training programs</td>
<td>1,437</td>
<td>1,633</td>
<td>1,421</td>
<td>1,661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Firefighters trained</td>
<td>18,078</td>
<td>20,988</td>
<td>18,813</td>
<td>18,277</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CHART 2.2**
### Initial Complaint Disposition by Type - FY03

- **74%** Investigated
- **2%** Referred to Other Entities
- **24%** Administrative Dismissals

#### No. of POL Licenses Issued

- FY98: 0
- FY00: 100,000
- FY02: 200,000
- FY04: 300,000
Employee Satisfaction

![Employee Satisfaction Chart]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY99</th>
<th>FY00</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Employee Turnover Rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FY01</th>
<th>FY02</th>
<th>FY03</th>
<th>FY04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.67%</td>
<td>5.52%</td>
<td>8.48%</td>
<td>5.38%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Accomplishments/Initiatives:

- Workforce Planning Needs assessed, plan developed and under implementation.
- Job classifications have been identified for career path development.
- Every employee’s EPMS is tied to the agency’s strategic plan.
- Reward and Recognition Plan (TRIBUTE) implemented.
- Leadership team sponsored and paid for an employee appreciation luncheon.
Supplier/Contractor/Partner

- OVP/Office of Migrant Labor partnered with SC Technical College Systems to translate the “It’s Your Life” video into Spanish. The video highlights the four major causes of death in the construction industry.
- OSHA communicates and assists family members of employees whose death was the result of an OSHA-related accident through their “next of kin” program.
- The Office of Wages and Child Labor conducts press conferences and provides press releases to media outlets throughout the state on child labor issues.
- The Board of Nursing continues to partner with the USC School of Nursing, the Nursing Association and the SC Colleagues in Caring (SCCIC), a professional organization for nurses, to study the current nursing shortage, causes and possible cures. Provided statistics and funding.
- Elevator and Amusement Rides Advisory Boards were set up to enable industry to comment and advise on procedures with the Office of Elevators and Amusement Rides. Continued partnership with elevator companies to increase technical training resources for staff.
- LLR, along with the SC Firemen’s Association, celebrated the official opening of Dalmatian Station in Edventure Children’s Museum this past fall. The exhibit, funded in part by LLR through insurance money the agency receives for fire safety education, includes a real fire truck, fire coats, boots and hats. A lab/classroom near the exhibit gives children a chance to learn fire safety lessons.
- The Design Professionals Group, now in its fifth year of quarterly meetings, celebrated the passage of legislation it initiated that requires state agencies to adopt the most recent Codes (building, fire, etc.) and provides an abbreviated method of adoption. The Fire Marshal’s Office has already used this adoption method to great advantage. The Design Professionals Group is comprised of the State Engineer, State Fire Marshal, Director of School Facilities Construction for the Department of Education, Director of Health Facilities Construction for DHEC, representatives from the Board of Engineers and Land Surveyors, Architecture Board, Contractors Board, Building Codes Council and Residential Builders. The quarterly meetings serve as a forum for current issues dealing with design and construction statewide. One recent result is a jointly issued policy memorandum on critical fire suppression and fire sprinkler system monitoring issues. The group has initiated plans to sponsor educational seminars on life safety topics for design professionals in three South Carolina cities this fall.
- The Design Professionals Group is also working with the Building Codes Council and the Board of Architectural Examiners are leading an effort to get architects to voluntarily include a “Code Footprint” on all design drawings. A Code Footprint consolidates in a consistent format all the Code and Life Safety information about a building on the first page of the drawing. This effort, when fully implemented, will greatly contribute to the safety of the building and its inhabitants.
- Working with the South Carolina Employment Security Commission and other state agencies to produce a weekly 30 minute program on ETV’s “South Carolina Channel” to begin airing in July 2004. “Carolina Works” will provide citizens key information about agency programs. Initial segments about LLR will focus on the Office of OSHA Voluntary Programs’ Palmetto Star recognition program and Milliken and Company. Milliken holds more “OSHA Palmetto Star” sites as designated by LLR than any other company in the state.
"Palmetto Star" work sites have exemplary safety programs that exceed OSHA's requirements for employee safety and health. Another segment will look at architects, an occupation licensed by LLR. A local architect will share information with viewers on educational requirements for becoming an architect, salary expectations and what a typical day is like for him or her. Another segment will follow a recruit class at LLR’s State Fire Academy as they go through training. Those interested in a career in fire-fighting will learn all about training requirements, salary requirements and employment opportunities.

- Writing stories on workplace safety and health for newsletters published by the South Carolina Manufacturers’ Alliance and the South Carolina Chamber of Commerce. In addition, LLR provided speakers for safety programs sponsored by the organizations.
- Working with the South Carolina Fire Chiefs’ Association to create greater public awareness and support of the Firefighter Memorial on the grounds of the South Carolina Fire Academy. Staff developed a brochure for distribution to the public and is assisting the organization in developing ideas for fund raising activities to retire the Memorial’s debt and to pay annual maintenance costs.
- Working with a crew from ABC news in New York was in Columbia in April 2004 to produce a segment on fireworks safety for Court TV’s "Safety Challenge". ABC requested the assistance of LLR's Office of State Fire Marshal and State Board of Pyrotechnic Safety in putting the report together. LLR’s Office of CGA and ABC enlisted the help of the City of Columbia Fire Department, the State Fireworks Association and students from Columbia's Dreher High School to help with the educational project. The program, which regularly draws more than one million viewers, will air on Court TV on June 22, 2004.
- Issuing a statewide media alert in November 2003, at the request of the State Dental Board and the South Carolina Dental Association, to warn about possible health risks associated with the use of oral jewelry, including tongue, lip and cheek rings, and ornamental tooth coverings that are being constructed and placed on teeth by unlicensed persons.
- Serving on the South Carolina Chamber of Commerce’s Safety Health and Security Committee and Workplace Security Committee to promote employee safety and health on the job.
- Recognizing 90 South Carolina employers in April in a Safety Awards program. LLR’s 2003 Safety Awards program honored companies that reduced and/or eliminated OSHA recordable injuries and illnesses between 2002 and 2003.
Regulatory and Legal Compliance and Citizenship

- Audits have been conducted by both state and federal entities for compliance with state and federal laws, mandates and regulations. No major audit findings or defects have been reported.

- Our employees have adopted the first graders at E. E. Taylor Elementary School. This year we sponsored a visit to the Edventure Museum and a trip to Riverbanks Zoo. The committee in charge of these activities raises monies to support their efforts though employee hot dog, book and bake sales. Monetary support is also provided to LLR employees and their families during crisis situations. Other community groups supported include the United Way, American Red Cross, First Ladies’ Walk for Cancer and American Cancer Society’s Relay for Life.

Financial Performance

- LLR eliminated use of the OSHANET federal email system resulting in future savings of up to $300,000.

- Combined all cellular phone plans resulting in annual savings of nearly $35,000.

- Reduced the cost of the “Freddie in Schools” Public Fire Education Course to zero by placing the course and its materials on the internet for use by all schools at no charge.

- Eliminated office space at 3600 Forest Drive resulting in savings totaling $500,000 over the next five years.

- Putting Board newsletters on the internet which will save the agency approximately $100,000 annually.